Appendix A: Federal Register Notices

Federal Register Notice for the Air Quality Designations for the 2008 NAAQS

Federal Register Notice for the redesignation of the Metrolina Region to attainment

Federal Register Notice for the the Air Plan Approval: Revision to Approved Motor Vehicle Emissions Budgets



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Part III

Environmental Protection Agency

40 CFR Parts 50, 51 and 81 Air Quality Designations for the 2008 Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards; Implementation of the 2008 National Ambient Air Quality Standards for Ozone: Nonattainment Area Classifications Approach, Attainment Deadlines and Revocation of the 1997 Ozone Standards for Transportation Conformity Purposes; Final Rules

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 81

[EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0476; FRL-9668-2]

RIN 2060-AP37

Air Quality Designations for the 2008 Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule establishes initial air quality designations for most areas in the United States, including areas of Indian country, for the 2008 primary and secondary national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) for ozone. The designations for several counties in Illinois, Indiana, and Wisconsin that the EPA is considering for inclusion in the Chicago nonattainment area will be designated in a subsequent action, no later than May 31, 2012. Areas designated as nonattainment are also being classified by operation of law according to the severity of their air quality problems. The classification categories are Marginal, Moderate, Serious, Severe, and Extreme. The EPA is establishing the air quality thresholds that define the classifications in a separate rule that the EPA is signing and publishing in the Federal Register on

the same schedule as these designations. In accordance with that separate rule, six nonattainment areas in California are being reclassified to a higher classification.

DATES: The effective date of this rule is July 20, 2012.

ADDRESSES: The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID NO. EPA-HQ-OAR-2008-0476. All documents in the docket are listed in the index at http://www.regulations.gov. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, i.e., Confidential Business Information or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the Internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically in the docket or in hard copy at the Docket, EPA/DC, EPA West, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566–1744, and the telephone number for the Office of Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center is (202) 566-1742.

In addition, the EPA has established a Web site for this rulemaking at: *http://*

www.epa.gov/ozonedesignations. The Web site includes the EPA's final state and tribal designations, as well as state initial recommendation letters, the EPA modification letters, technical support documents, responses to comments and other related technical information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The

public may inspect the rule and statespecific technical support information at the following locations:

Regional offices	States
Dave Conroy, Chief, Air Programs Branch, EPA New England, 1 Con- gress Street, Suite 1100, Boston, MA 02114–2023, (617) 918–1661.	Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.
Raymond Werner, Chief, Air Programs Branch, EPA Region 2, 290 Broadway, 25th Floor, New York, NY 10007–1866, (212) 637–3706.	New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands.
Cristina Fernandez, Branch Chief, Air Quality Planning Branch, EPA Region 3, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103–2187, (215) 814–2178.	Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia.
R. Scott Davis, Branch Chief, Air Planning Branch, EPA Region 4, Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth, Street SW., 12th Floor, At- lanta, GA 30303, (404) 562–9127.	Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee.
John Mooney, Chief, Air Programs Branch, EPA Region 5, 77 West Jackson Street, Chicago, IL 60604, (312) 886–6043.	Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
Guy Donaldson, Chief, Air Planning Section, EPA Region 6, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, TX 75202, (214) 665–7242.	Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.
Joshua A. Tapp, Chief, Air Programs Branch, EPA Region 7, 901 North 5th Street, Kansas City, Kansas 66101–2907, (913) 551–7606.	lowa, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska.
Monica Morales, Leader, Air Quality Planning Unit, EPA Region 8, 1595 Wynkoop Street, Denver, CO 80202–1129, (303) 312–6936.	Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming.
Lisa Hanf, Air Planning Office, EPA Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, (415) 972–3854.	American Samoa, Arizona, California, Guam, Hawaii, Nevada, and Northern Mariana Islands.
Debra Suzuki, Manager, State and Tribal Air Programs, EPA Region 10, Office of Air, Waste, and Toxics, Mail Code OAQ–107, 1200 Sixth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98101, (206) 553–0985.	Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington.

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I. Preamble Glossary of Terms and Acronyms

- The following are abbreviations of
- terms used in the preamble.
- APA Administrative Procedure Act
- CAA Clean Air Act
- CFR Code of Federal Regulations
- DC District of Columbia
- EPA _Environmental Protection Agency
- FR Federal Register
- NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards
- NO_X Nitrogen Oxides
- NTTAA National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act
- PPM Parts per million
- RFA Regulatory Flexibility Act UMRA Unfunded Mandate Reform Act of
- 1995
- TAR Tribal Authority Rule
- U.S. United States
- U.S.C. United States Code
- VCS Voluntary Consensus Standards
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

II. What is the purpose of this action?

The purpose of this action is to announce and promulgate initial area designations for most areas of the country with respect to the 2008 primary and secondary NAAQS for ozone, in accordance with the requirements of Clean Air Act (CAA) section 107(d). The EPA is designating areas as either nonattainment,

unclassifiable, or unclassifiable/ attainment. In addition, the nonattainment areas are classified by operation of law according to the severity of their ozone air quality problems and six areas in California are being reclassified immediately to a higher classification. The classification categories are Marginal, Moderate, Serious, Severe, and Extreme. The EPA is establishing the air quality thresholds that define the classifications in a separate rule titled, "Implementation of the 2008 National Ambient Air Quality Standards for Ozone: Nonattainment Area Classifications Approach, Attainment Deadlines and Revocation of the 1997 Ozone Standards for Transportation Conformity Purposes" (Classifications Rule). In that separate rule, the EPA also codified the immediate reclassification of six areas in California. (See 40 CFR 51.1103(d).) The list of all areas being designated in each state and in areas of Indian county appear in the tables at the end of this final rule (amendments to 40 CFR 81.301–356). For areas designated as nonattainment, the tables include the area's classification by operation of law or the area's reclassification in accordance with 40 CFR 51.1103(d).

In this action, the EPA is designating 45 areas as nonattainment. Seven of the areas are multi-state areas. The EPA is designating one area, Uinta Basin, WY, as unclassifiable because there is existing non-regulatory monitoring in the area that detected levels of ozone that exceed the NAAQS. Regulatory monitoring has been conducted in that area since April 2011, and thus there are not yet three consecutive years of certified ozone monitoring data available that can be used to determine the area's attainment status. Consistent with previous initial area designations for ozone, the EPA is designating all the remaining state areas and Indian country as unclassifiable/attainment.

Consistent with the EPA's "Policy for Establishing Separate Air Quality Designations for Areas of Indian Country" (December 20, 2011), the EPA is designating four areas of Indian country separately from their adjacent/ surrounding state areas.¹ The lands of the Pechanga Tribe and the Morongo Tribe in Southern California are being designated as separate nonattainment areas, while two additional areas in Indian country are being designated as separate unclassifiable/attainment areas.

The EPA is basing the designations on the most recent certified ozone air

quality monitoring data and an evaluation of factors to assess contributions to nonattainment in nearby areas. State areas designated as nonattainment are subject to planning and emission reduction requirements as specified in the CAA. Requirements vary according to an area's classification. The EPA will be proposing shortly an implementation rule to assist states in the development of state implementation plans for attaining the ozone standards.

III. What is ozone and how is it formed?

Ground-level ozone, O₃, is a gas that is formed by the reaction of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and oxides of nitrogen (NO_X) in the atmosphere in the presence of sunlight. These precursor emissions are emitted by many types of pollution sources, including power plants and industrial emissions sources, on-road and off-road motor vehicles and engines, and smaller sources, collectively referred to as area sources. Ozone is predominately a summertime air pollutant. However, high ozone concentrations have also been observed in cold months, where a few high elevation areas in the Western U.S. have experienced high levels of local VOC and NO_X emissions that have formed ozone when snow is on the ground and temperatures are near or below freezing. Ozone and ozone precursors can be transported to an area from sources in nearby areas or from sources located hundreds of miles away. For purposes of determining ozone nonattainment area boundaries, the CAA requires the EPA to include areas that contribute to nearby violations of the NAAQS.

IV. What are the 2008 ozone NAAQS and the health and welfare concerns they address?

On March 12, 2008, the EPA revised both the primary and secondary NAAQS for ozone to a level of 0.075 parts per million (ppm) (annual fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hour average concentration, averaged over 3 years) to provide increased protection of public health and the environment.² The 2008 ozone NAAQS retains the same general form and averaging time as the 0.08 ppm NAAQS set in 1997, but is set at a more protective level.

Ozone exposure also has been associated with increased susceptibility to respiratory infections, medication use by asthmatics, doctor visits, and emergency department visits and

¹ For more information, visit *http://www.epa.gov/ ttncaaa1/t1/memoranda/* 20120117indiancountry.pdf.

² See 73 FR 16436; March 27, 2008. For a detailed explanation of the calculation of the 3-year 8-hour average, see 40 CFR part 50, Appendix I.

hospital admissions for individuals with respiratory disease. Ozone exposure may also contribute to premature death, especially in people with heart and lung disease. The secondary ozone standard was revised to protect against adverse welfare effects including impacts to sensitive vegetation and forested ecosystems.

V. What are the CAA requirements for air quality designations?

When the EPA promulgates a new or revised NAAQS, the EPA is required to designate areas as nonattainment, attainment, or unclassifiable, pursuant to section 107(d)(1) of the CAA. The CAA requires the EPA to complete the initial area designation process within 2 years of promulgating the NAAQS. However, if the Administrator has insufficient information to make these designations within that time frame, the EPA has the authority to extend the deadline for designation decisions by up to 1 additional year.

By not later than 1 year after the promulgation of a new or revised NAAQS, each state governor is required to recommend air quality designations. including the appropriate boundaries for areas, to the EPA. The EPA reviews those state recommendations and is authorized to make any modifications the Administrator deems necessary. The statute does not define the term "necessary," but the EPA interprets this to authorize the Administrator to modify designations that did not meet the statutory requirements or were otherwise inconsistent with the facts or analysis deemed appropriate by the EPA. If the EPA is considering modifications to a state's initial recommendation, the EPA is required to notify the state of any such intended modifications to its recommendation not less than 120 days prior to the EPA's promulgation of the final designation. These notifications are commonly known as the "120-day letters." If the state does not agree with the EPA's intended modification, it then has an opportunity to respond to the EPA to demonstrate why it believes the modification proposed by the EPA is inappropriate. Even if a state fails to provide any recommendation for an area, in whole or in part, the EPA still must promulgate a designation that the Administrator deems appropriate.

Section 107(d)(1)(A)(i) of the CAA defines a nonattainment area as, "any area that does not meet (or that contributes to ambient air quality in a nearby area that does not meet) the national primary or secondary ambient air quality standard for the pollutant." If an area meets either prong of this

definition, then the EPA is obligated to designate the area as "nonattainment." Section 107(d)(1)(A)(iii) provides that any area that the EPA cannot designate on the basis of available information as meeting or not meeting the standards should be designated as

"unclassifiable." Historically for ozone, the EPA designates the remaining areas as "unclassifiable/attainment" indicating that the areas either have attaining air quality monitoring data or that air quality information is not available because the areas are not monitored, and the EPA has not determined that the areas contribute to a violation in a nearby area.

The EPA believes that section 107(d) provides the agency with discretion to determine how best to interpret the terms "contributes to" and "nearby" in the definition of a nonattainment area for a new or revised NAAQS, given considerations such as the nature of a specific pollutant, the types of sources that may contribute to violations, the form of the standards for the pollutant, and other relevant information. In particular, the EPA believes that the statute does not require the agency to establish bright line tests or thresholds for what constitutes "contribution" or "nearby" for purposes of designations.³ Similarly, the EPA believes that the statute permits the EPA to evaluate the appropriate application of the term "area" as may be appropriate for a particular NAAQS.

Section 301(d) of the CAA authorizes the EPA to approve eligible Indian tribes to implement provisions of the CAA on Indian reservations and other areas within the tribes' jurisdiction. The Tribal Authority Rule (TAR) (40 CFR Part 49), which implements section 301(d) of the CAA, sets forth the criteria and process for tribes to apply to the EPA for eligibility to administer CAA programs. The designations process contained in section 107(d) of the CAA is included among those provisions determined to be appropriate by the EPA for treatment of tribes in the same manner as states. Under the TAR, tribes generally are not subject to the same submission schedules imposed by the CAA on states. As authorized by the TAR, tribes may seek eligibility to submit designation recommendations to the EPA.

VI. What is the chronology for this designations rule and what guidance did the EPA provide?

Within one year after a new or revised air quality standard is established, the

CAA requires the governor of each state to submit to the EPA a list of all areas in the state, with recommendations for whether each area meets the standard. On December 4, 2008, the EPA issued guidance for states and tribal agencies to use for this purpose. (See memorandum from Robert J. Meyers, Principal Deputy Assistant Administrator, to Regional Administrators, Regions I–X, titled, "Area Designations for the 2008 Revised Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards.) The guidance provided the anticipated timeline for designations and identified important factors that the EPA recommended states and tribes consider in making their recommendations. These factors include air quality data, emissions data, traffic and commuting patterns, growth rates and patterns, meteorology, geography/ topography, and jurisdictional boundaries. In the guidance, the EPA asked that states and tribes submit their designation recommendations, including appropriate area boundaries, to the EPA by March 12, 2009. Later in the process, the EPA issued 2 new guidance memoranda related to designating areas of Indian county. (See December 20, 2011, memorandum from Stephen D. Page, Director, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, to Regional Air Directors, Regions I-X, titled, "Policy for Establishing Separate Air Quality Designations for Areas of Indian Country," and December 20, 2011, memorandum from Stephen D. Page, Director, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, to Regional Air Directors, Regions I–X, titled, "Guidance to Regions for Working with Tribes during the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) **Designations Process.**")

Under the initial schedule, the EPA intended to complete the initial designations for the 2008 ozone NAAOS on a 2-year schedule, by March 12, 2010. On September 16, 2009, the EPA announced that it would initiate a rulemaking to reconsider the 2008 ozone NAAQS for various reasons, including the fact that the 0.075 ppm level fell outside of the range recommended by the Clean Air Scientific Advisory Committee, the independent group that provides advice to the EPA Administrator on the technical bases for the EPA's NAAQS. The EPA signed the proposed reconsideration on January 6, 2010. (See 75 FR 2938; January 19, 2010.) Because of the significant uncertainty the ozone NAAQS reconsideration created regarding the continued applicability of the 2008 NAAQS, the EPA determined there was insufficient information to

³ This view was confirmed in *Catawba County* v. *EPA*, 571 F.3d 20 (D.C. Cir. 2009).

designate areas within 2 years of promulgation of the NAAQS. Therefore, the EPA used its authority under CAA section 107(d)(1)(B) to extend the deadline for designating areas by 1 year, until March 12, 2011. (*See* 75 FR 2936; January 19, 2010.) The EPA has not taken final action on the proposed reconsideration; thus, the current NAAQS for ozone remains at 0.075 ppm, as established in 2008.

[^]After the March 12, 2011, designation deadline passed, WildEarth Guardians and Elizabeth Crowe (WildEarth Guardians) filed a lawsuit seeking to compel the EPA to take action to designate areas for the 2008 ozone NAAQS. *WildEarth Guardians and Elizabeth Crowe* v. *Jackson* (D. Ariz. 11– CV–01661). The EPA and WildEarth Guardians settled the case by entering into a consent decree that requires the EPA Administrator to sign a final rule designating areas for the 2008 ozone NAAQS by May 31, 2012.

On September 22, 2011, the EPA issued a memorandum to clarify for state and local agencies the status of the 2008 ozone NAAQS and to outline plans for moving forward to implement them. The EPA indicated that it would proceed with initial area designations for the 2008 NAAQS, and planned to use the recommendations states made in 2009 as updated by the most current, certified air quality data from 2008-2010. While the EPA did not request that states submit updated designation recommendations, the EPA provided the opportunity for states to do so. Several states chose to update their recommendations, and some requested that the EPA base designations for their areas on certified air quality data from 2009–2011, and committed to certify the 2011 data earlier than the May 1 deadline for annual air monitoring certification under 40 CFR part 58.15(a)(2) so that the EPA would have sufficient time to consider the data in making decisions on designations and nonattainment area boundaries.

On or about December 9, 2011, the EPA sent letters to Governors and Tribal leaders notifying them of the EPA's preliminary response to their designation recommendations and to inform them of the EPA's approach for completing the designations for the 2008 ozone NAAQS. The EPA requested that states submit any additional information that they wanted the EPA to consider by February 29, 2011, including any certified 2011 air quality monitoring data. On January 31, 2011, the EPA sent revised 120-day letter responses to Illinois, Indiana, and Wisconsin based on updated ozone air quality data for 2009-2011, submitted

by the state of Illinois two days before the EPA sent the December 9, 2011, letters. Given the timing of Illinois' submission of certified data, EPA was not able to consider the information in the December 9, 2011, letters. After reviewing the new information, which indicated a violation of the ozone NAAQS at a monitor in the Chicago area, the EPA sent letters on January 31, 2012 notifying Illinois, Indiana, and Wisconsin that it intended to designate certain counties, identified in those letters, as nonattainment for the 2008 ozone NAAQS. The EPA cannot finalize a designation for those areas until 120 days following the letters. Therefore, the EPA will be designating the Illinois, Indiana, and Wisconsin counties identified in the January 31, 2011, letters in a separate rule that will be signed no later than May 31, 2012.

Although not required by section 107(d) of the CAA, the EPA also provided an opportunity for members of the public to comment on the EPA's 120-day response letters to states and tribes. The EPA announced a 30-day public comment period in the Federal Register on December 20, 2011 (76 FR 78872). The comment period was subsequently extended until February 3, 2012 (77 FR 2677; January 19, 2012). On February 14, 2012 (77 FR 8211), the EPA reopened the public comment period for the limited purpose of inviting comment on the EPA's revised responses to Illinois, Indiana, and Wisconsin. State and tribal recommendations and the EPA's preliminary responses were posted on EPA's Web site at http:// www.epa.gov/ozonedesignations and are available in the docket for the designations action. Comments from the states, tribes and the public, and EPA's responses to significant comments, are also in the docket.

VII. What air quality data has the EPA used to designate areas for the 2008 ozone NAAQS?

The final ozone designations are based primarily on certified air quality monitoring data from calendar years 2008–2010, which was the most recent certified data available to the EPA at the time the EPA notified the states of its intended modifications to their recommendations. Under 40 CFR 58.16, states are required to report all monitored ozone air quality data and associated quality assurance data within 90 days after the end of each quarterly reporting period, and under 40 CFR part 58.15(a)(2) states are required to submit annual summary reports and a data certification letter to the EPA by May 1 for ozone air quality data collected in the previous calendar year. States

generally had not completed these requirements for calendar year 2011 ozone air quality data when the EPA notified states of our intended designations on December 9, 2011. In certain cases, states included as part of their designation recommendations a request that the EPA consider monitoring data from 2009–2011 in making final designation decisions. In these requests, they indicated to the EPA what they expected their certified ozone air quality data would show regarding whether an area was attaining the standard, and for designations purposes they committed to certifying their 2011 data no later than February 29, 2012, so that the EPA would have sufficient time to consider it. Thus, for those areas, the EPA considered the state's preliminary representation of 2011 data in sending the 120-day notification letter. We have verified these representations in making our final designations decisions.

VIII. What are the ozone air quality classifications?

In accordance with CAA section 181(a)(1), each area designated as nonattainment for the 2008 ozone NAAQS is classified by operation of law at the same time as the area is designated by the EPA. Under Subpart 2 of part D of title I of the CAA, state planning and emissions control requirements for ozone are determined, in part, by a nonattainment area's classification. The ozone nonattainment areas are classified based on the severity of their ozone levels (as determined based on the area's "design value," which represents air quality in the area for the most recent 3 years).⁴ The possible classifications are Marginal, Moderate, Serious, Severe, and Extreme. Nonattainment areas with a "lower" classification have ozone levels that are closer to the standard than areas with a "higher" classification. Areas in the lower classification levels have fewer and/or less stringent mandatory air quality planning and control requirements than those in higher classifications. The final Classifications Rule, which is being signed at the same time as the designations rule and being published and effective at the same time or before the designations, establishes the classification thresholds for each classification category for purposes of the 2008 NAAOS and explains the EPA's methodology for calculating the thresholds. In addition, in the

⁴ The air quality design value for the 8-hour ozone NAAQS is the 3-year average of the annual 4th highest daily maximum 8-hour average ozone concentration. *See* 40 CFR part 50, Appendix I.

Classifications Rule, the EPA promulgated a regulation, 40 CFR 51.1103(d), that immediately reclassifies 6 areas in California to higher classifications. The classification for each nonattainment area designated for the 2008 ozone NAAQS is shown in the 40 CFR part 81 tables at the end of this designations rule.

IX. What is the reclassification of six California nonattainment areas?

The final Classifications Rule addresses the reclassification for the 2008 ozone NAAQS of selected areas in California that had voluntarily reclassified under the 1997 ozone NAAQS. In accordance with the final Classifications Rule, the following areas are being voluntarily reclassified to a higher classification for purposes of the 2008 NAAQS pursuant to that rule: Serious-Ventura County, CA; Severe-Los Angeles-San Bernardino Counties (West Mojave Desert), Riverside County (Coachella Valley), and Sacramento Metro, CA; Extreme—Los Angeles-South Coast Air Basin, and San Joaquin Valley, CA. These classifications are reflected in the tables at the end of this final rule (amendments to 40 CFR 81.301-356).

X. Can states request that areas within 5 percent of the upper or lower limit of a classification threshold be reclassified?

Under CAA section 181(a)(4), an ozone nonattainment area may be reclassified to a higher or lower classification (also known as a classification bump up or a bump down) "if an area classified under paragraph (1) (Table 1) would have been classified in another category if the design value in the area were 5 percent greater or 5 percent less than the level on which such classification was based." The section also states that "In making such adjustment, the Administrator may consider the number of exceedances of the national primary ambient air quality standard for ozone in the area, the level of pollution transport between the area and other affected areas, including both intrastate and interstate transport, and the mix of sources and air pollutants in the area.'

As noted in the preamble to the rule designating and classifying areas following enactment of the CAA Amendments of 1990, the section 181(a)(4) provisions grant the Administrator broad discretion in making or determining not to make, a reclassification. (*See* 56 FR 56698; November 6, 1991.) As part of the 1991 action, the EPA developed criteria to evaluate whether it is appropriate to reclassify a particular area. (*See* list

below and at 56 FR 56698.) Because section 181(b)(3) provides that the EPA must grant any state request to reclassify an area into a higher classification, the EPA focused these criteria primarily on how the EPA would assess requests for a lower classification. In 1991, EPA approved reclassifications when the area met the first requirement (a request by the state to EPA) and at least some of the other criteria, and did not violate any of the criteria (emissions reductions, trends, etc.). The EPA used the same method and criteria once again to evaluate reclassification requests under section 181(a)(4) for purposes of the 1997 ozone NAAQS. The EPA intends to continue to use this same approach for purposes of evaluating any request for a reclassification for the 2008 ozone NAAQS. For reclassifications downwards, states may only request a reclassification to the next lower classification, and air quality data from prior years cannot be used as justification to be reclassified to an even lower classification.

The criteria EPA intends to use to evaluate whether it is appropriate to reclassify a particular area include:

Request by state: The EPA does not intend to exercise its authority to reclassify areas on the EPA's own initiative. Rather, the EPA intends to rely on the state to submit a request for a reclassification. A tribe may also submit such a request and, in the case of a multi-state nonattainment area, all affected states must submit the same reclassification request.

Discontinuity: A five percent reclassification must not result in an illogical or excessive discontinuity relative to surrounding areas. In particular, in light of the area-wide nature of ozone formation, a reclassification should not create a "donut hole" where an area of one classification is surrounded by areas of higher classification.

Attainment: Evidence should be available that the proposed area would be able to attain by the earlier date specified by the lower classification in the case of a reclassification downward.

Emissions reductions: Evidence should be available that the area would be very likely to achieve the appropriate total percent emission reduction necessary in order to attain in the shorter time period for a reclassification downward.

Trends: Near- and long-term trends in emissions and air quality should support a reclassification. Historical air quality data should indicate substantial air quality improvement for a reclassification downward. Growth projections and emission trends should support a reclassification downward. In addition, we will consider whether vehicle miles traveled and other indicators of emissions are increasing at higher than normal rates.

Years of data: The same years of ozone air quality data used for the initial designation and classification should be used for reclassification requests.

A. Five Percent Reclassifications to a Lower Classification

For an area to be eligible to be reclassified to a lower classification under section 181(a)(4), the area's design value must be within five percent of the upper limit for the next lower classification. For example, an area with a Moderate design value of 0.090 ppm (or less) would be eligible to request a reclassification to Marginal because 0.090 ppm is five percent more than the upper limit of 0.086 ppm for the Marginal classification. Accordingly, areas with the following design values may be eligible to request a reclassification to the next lower classification: Moderate areas with a design value of 0.090 ppm or less; Serious areas with a design value of 0.105 ppm or less; and Severe areas with a design value of 0.118 ppm or less.

B. Five Percent Reclassifications to a Higher Classification

An ozone nonattainment area may also be reclassified under section 181(a)(4) to the next higher classification. As with five percent reclassifications to a lower classification, the EPA does not intend to exercise its authority to reclassify areas to a higher classification on the EPA's own initiative. Rather, the EPA intends to rely on the state to submit a request for such a reclassification. Areas with the following design values are eligible to request a reclassification to the next higher classification: Marginal areas with a design value of 0.082 ppm or more; Moderate areas with a design value of 0.095 ppm or more; and Serious areas with a design value of 0.108 ppm or more.

C. Timing of the Five Percent Reclassifications

A Governor or eligible Tribal governing body of any area that wishes to pursue a reclassification should submit all requests and supporting documentation to the EPA Regional Office by June 20, 2012. This relatively short time frame is necessary because section 181(a)(4) only authorizes the Administrator to make such reclassifications within 90 days after the initial classification.

XI. How do designations affect Indian country?

All state areas listed in the tables at the end of this document are designated as indicated, and include Indian country geographically located within such areas, except as otherwise noted. In general, state recommendations for initial area designations do not apply to Indian country. Consistent with the "Policy for Establishing Separate Air Quality Designations for Areas of Indian Country" (December 20, 2011), in instances where the EPA did not receive an initial designation recommendation from a tribe, the EPA is designating their area of Indian country along with the adjacent/surrounding state area(s). Tribes whose areas of Indian country are designated as nonattainment for the 2008 ozone NAAQS are being affected by poor air quality. Where nonattainment areas include both Indian country and state land, it is important for states and tribes to work together to coordinate planning efforts. Coordinated planning will help ensure that the planning decisions made by the states and tribes complement each other and that the nonattainment area makes reasonable progress toward attainment and ultimately attains the 2008 ozone NAAOS.

XII. Where can I find information forming the basis for this rule and exchanges between the EPA, states, and tribes related to this rule?

Information providing the basis for this action are provided in the docket for this rulemaking. The applicable EPA guidance memoranda and copies of correspondence regarding this process between the EPA and the states, tribes, and other parties are available for review at the EPA Docket Center listed above in the addresses section of this document, and on the EPA's ozone designation Web site at *http:// www.epa.gov/ozonedesignations.* Statespecific information is available from the EPA Regional Offices.

XIII. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Upon promulgation of a new or revised NAAQS, the CAA requires the EPA to designate areas as attaining or not attaining the NAAQS. The CAA then specifies requirements for areas based on whether such areas are attaining or not attaining the NAAQS. In this final rule, the EPA assigns designations to areas as required. A. Executive Order 12866: Regulatory Planning and Review and Executive Order 13563: Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review

This action responds to the CAA requirement to promulgate air quality designations after promulgation of a new or revised NAAQS. This type of action is exempt from review under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011).

B. Paperwork Reduction Act

This action does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the *Paperwork Reduction Act,* 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.* Burden is defined at 5 CFR 1320.3(b). This rule responds to the CAA requirement to promulgate air quality designations after promulgation of a new or revised NAAQS. This requirement is prescribed in the CAA section 107. The present final rule does not establish any new information collection requirements.

C. Regulatory Flexibility Act

This final rule is not subject to the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), which generally requires an agency to prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis for any rule that will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The RFA applies only to rules subject to noticeand-comment rulemaking requirements under the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) or any other statute. This rule is not subject to notice-and-comment requirements as provided under CAA section 107(d)(2)(B).

D. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

This action contains no federal mandate under the provisions of Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (UMRA), 2 U.S.C. 1531–1538 for state, local, or tribal governments or the private sector. The action imposes no enforceable duty on any state, local or tribal governments or the private sector. Therefore, this action is not subject to the requirements of sections 202 and 205 of the UMRA.

This action is also not subject to the requirements of section 203 of UMRA because it contains no regulatory requirements that might significantly or uniquely affect small governments. It does not create any additional requirements beyond those of the CAA and ozone NAAQS (40 CFR 50.15). The CAA establishes the process whereby states take primary responsibility in developing plans to meet the ozone NAAQS.

E. Executive Order 13132: Federalism

This final rule does not have federalism implications. It will not have substantial direct effects on the states, on the relationship between the national government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132. The CAA establishes the process whereby states take primary responsibility in developing plans to meet the ozone NAAQS. This rule will not modify the relationship of the states and the EPA for purposes of developing programs to implement the ozone NAAQS. Thus, Executive Order 13132 does not apply to this rule.

F. Executive Order 13175: Consultation and Coordination With Indian Tribal Governments

Subject to the Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000) the EPA may not issue a regulation that has tribal implications, that imposes substantial direct compliance costs, and that is not required by statute, unless the Federal government provides the funds necessary to pay the direct compliance costs incurred by tribal governments, or the EPA consults with tribal officials early in the process of developing the proposed regulation and develops a tribal summary impact statement.

The EPA has concluded that this action may have tribal implications. However, it will neither impose substantial direct compliance costs on tribal governments, nor preempt tribal law. Tribes whose areas of Indian country are being designated as "nonattainment" for the 2008 ozone NAAQS are affected by poor air quality. Although tribes are not required to submit implementation plans under the Clean Air Act, for those tribes whose areas are being designated as part of surrounding state areas, it will be imperative that states and the tribes coordinate on air quality planning efforts to ensure that ozone levels are reduced. In addition, several tribes' areas of Indian country are being designated as "nonattainment" separately from their surrounding state areas. For these tribes, internal capacity for air quality planning will be important to enable their areas of Indian country to come into attainment.

The EPA consulted with tribal officials early in the process of developing this regulation to permit them to have meaningful and timely input into its development. At the beginning of the designations process, letters were sent to all tribes who were expected to be impacted by designations for the 2008 ozone NAAOS. These letters not only informed the tribes of the overall designations process, but also offered the tribes consultation to ensure early communication and coordination. Additionally, letters were sent to potentially affected tribes indicating the EPA's intended designations for their areas of Indian country. These letters offered an additional opportunity for consultation. All consultations were completed in late February/early April 2012. During consultation, the primary concerns raised by tribes included the following: Impact of nonattainment designation on future economic development; appropriateness of using data from monitors not on tribal land; and ensuring final decisions are consistent with the EPA's "Policy for Establishing Separate Air Quality Designations for Areas of Indian Country." (December 20, 2011). During the consultations, the EPA's Regional Offices ensured that the tribes fully understood the reasoning for the EPA's preliminary designations decisions and how those decisions are aligned with a consideration of the most recent certified air quality data and all other relevant information, including the EPA's "Policy for Establishing Separate Air Quality Designations for Areas of Indian Country." To the extent possible, the EPA included the tribes' input into the final decision-making process for designations of their areas of Indian country for the 2008 ozone NAAOS.

G. Executive Order 13045: Protection of Children From Environmental Health and Safety Risks

The EPA interprets Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997) as applying only to those regulatory actions that concern health or safety risks, such that the analysis required under section 5–501 of the Executive Order has the potential to influence the regulation. This action is not subject to Executive Order 13045 because it does not establish an environmental standard intended to mitigate health or safety risks.

H. Executive Order 13211: Actions That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use

This action is not subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355 (May 22, 2001)), because it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

I. National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTAA)

Section 12(d) of the NTTAA of 1995, Public Law 104–113, section 12(d) (15 U.S.C. 272 note) directs the EPA to use voluntary consensus standards (VCS) in its regulatory activities unless to do so would be inconsistent with applicable law or otherwise impracticable. Voluntary consensus standards are technical standards (e.g., materials specifications, test methods, sampling procedures, and business practices) that are developed or adopted by VCS bodies. The NTTAA directs the EPA to provide Congress, through the Office of Management and Budget, explanations when the Agency decides not to use available and applicable VCS.

This action does not involve technical standards. Therefore, the EPA did not consider the use of any VCS.

J. Executive Order 12898: Federal Actions To Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations.

Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629 (Feb. 16, 1994)) establishes federal executive policy on environmental justice. Its main provision directs federal agencies, to the greatest extent practicable and permitted by law, to make environmental justice part of their mission by identifying and addressing, as appropriate, disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of their programs, policies, and activities on minority populations and low-income populations in the U.S.

The CAA requires that the EPA designate as nonattainment "any area that does not meet (or that contributes to ambient air quality in a nearby area that does not meet) the national primary or secondary ambient air quality standard for the pollutant." By designating as nonattainment all areas where available information indicates a violation of the ozone NAAQS or a contribution to a nearby violation, this action protects all those residing, working, attending school, or otherwise present in those areas regardless of minority or economic status.

The EPA has determined that this final rule will not have disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority or low-income populations because it increases the level of environmental protection for all affected populations without having any disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on any population, including any minority or low-income population.

K. Congressional Review Act

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small **Business Regulatory Enforcement** Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the U.S. The EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the U.S. prior to publication of the rule in the Federal **Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the Federal Register. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2). This rule will be effective July 20.2012.

L. Judicial Review

Section 307(b)(1) of the CAA indicates which Federal Courts of Appeal have venue for petitions of review of final actions by the EPA. This section provides, in part, that petitions for review must be filed in the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit: (i) When the agency action consists of "nationally applicable regulations promulgated, or final actions taken, by the Administrator," or (ii) when such action is locally or regionally applicable, if "such action is based on a determination of nationwide scope or effect and if in taking such action the Administrator finds and publishes that such action is based on such a determination."

This rule designating areas for the 2008 ozone NAAQS is "nationally applicable" within the meaning of section 307(b)(1). This rule establishes designations for areas across the U.S. for the 2008 ozone NAAQS. At the core of this rulemaking is the EPA's interpretation of the definition of nonattainment under section 107(d)(1) of the CAA, and its application of that interpretation to areas across the country.

For the same reasons, the Administrator also is determining that the final designations are of nationwide scope and effect for the purposes of section 307(b)(1). This is particularly appropriate because, in the report on the 1977 Amendments that revised section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, Congress noted that the Administrator's determination that an action is of "nationwide scope or effect" would be appropriate for any action that has a scope or effect beyond a single judicial circuit. H.R. Rep. No. 95–294 at 323, 324, *reprinted* in 1977

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U.S.C.C.A.N. 1402–03. Here, the scope and effect of this rulemaking extends to numerous judicial circuits since the designations apply to areas across the country. In these circumstances, section 307(b)(1) and its legislative history calls for the Administrator to find the rule to be of "nationwide scope or effect" and for venue to be in the D.C. Circuit.

Thus, any petitions for review of final designations must be filed in the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit within 60 days from the date final action is published in the **Federal Register**.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 81

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, National parks, Wilderness areas.

Dated: April 30, 2012.

Lisa P. Jackson,

Administrator.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 40 CFR Part 81, is amended as follows:

PART 81—DESIGNATIONS OF AREAS FOR AIR QUALITY PLANNING PURPOSES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 81 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401, et seq.

ALABAMA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Subpart C–Section 107 Attainment Status Designations

■ 2. Section 81.301 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Alabama—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Alabama—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Alabama—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Alabama— 1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

*

§81.301 Alabama.

* * * *

Designated area ¹		Designation	Classification	
	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре
Autauga County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Baldwin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Barbour County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ibb County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
lount County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ullock County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
utler County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
alhoun County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
hambers County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
cherokee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
hilton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Choctaw County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clarke County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cleburne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Coffee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Colbert County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
5		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Conecuh County				
Coosa County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ovington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
renshaw County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ullman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ale County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
allas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
e Kalb County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Imore County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
scambia County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ayette County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ranklin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
eneva County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
reene County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
lale County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
lenry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
louston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ackson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
efferson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
amar County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
auderdale County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
awrence County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
imestone County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
owndes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Iacon County				
Adison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Aarengo County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Aarion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
larshall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

ALABAMA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area 1		Designation	Classification	
Designated area ¹	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре
Mobile County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Monroe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Montgomery County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Morgan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Perry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pickens County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pike County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Randolph County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Russell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Shelby County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Clair County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sumter County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Talladega County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tallapoosa County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tuscaloosa County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Walker County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Washington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilcox County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Winston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

² This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

3. Section 81.302 is amended as follows:a. By revising the table heading for

"Alaska—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Alaska—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Alaska—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Alaska—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.302 Alaska.

* * * * *

ALASKA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹ Type		Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 4. Section 81.303 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Arizona—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Arizona—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Arizona—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Arizona—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.303 Arizona.

* * * *

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ARIZONA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area	Designation		Designation Class	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
 ^{Andicopa County (part).} T1N, R1E (except that portion in Indian Country); T1N, R2E; T1N, R3E; T1N, R4E; T1N, R5E; T1N, R5E; T1N, R5E; T1N, R5E; T1N, R6W; T1N, R7W; T1N, R3W; T2N, R5E; T3N, R3E; T3N, R4E; T3N, R5E; T4N, R5E; T5N, R5E, T5N, R5E, R5N, R5N, R50, R50, R50, R50, R50, R50, R50, R50		Nonattainment		Margina

ARIZONA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date 1	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Pima County Pinal County (part) remainder Santa Cruz County Yavapai County Yuma County				

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.
 ³ Includes Indian country of the tribe listed in this table located in the identified area. Information pertaining to areas of Indian country in this table is intended for CAA planning purposes only and is not an EPA determination of Indian country status or any Indian country boundary. EPA lacks the authority to establish Indian country land status, and is making no determination of Indian country boundaries, in this table.
 ⁴ Includes any Indian country in each country or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 5. Section 81.304 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Arkansas—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Arkansas—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Arkansas—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Arkansas—1997 8-Hour Ozone

NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.304 Arkansas.

* * * *

ARKANSAS-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area		Designation	Classification		
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
emphis, TN-MS-AR ² Crittenden County		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
est of State: 3				_	
Ashley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Arkansas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Baxter County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Benton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Boone County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Bradley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Calhoun County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Carroll County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Chicot County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Clark County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Clay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cleburne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cleveland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Columbia County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Conway County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Craighead County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Crawford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Crittenden County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cross County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Dallas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Desha County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Drew County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Faulkner County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Franklin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Fulton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Garland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Grant County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Greene County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hempstead County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hot Spring County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Howard County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Independence County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Izard County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jackson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jefferson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Johnson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lafayette County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lawrence County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			

ARKANSAS—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Lincoln County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Little River County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Logan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lonoke County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Madison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Miller County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Mississippi County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Monroe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Montgomery County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nevada County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Newton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ouachita County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Perry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Phillips County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pike County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Poinsett County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Polk County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pope County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Prairie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pulaski County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Randolph County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Francis County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Saline County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Scott County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Searcy County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sebastian County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sevier County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sharp County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Stone County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Union County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Van Buren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Washington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
White County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Woodruff County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Yell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 6. Section 81.305 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "California—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "California—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "California—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "California—1997 8-Hour Ozone

NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.305 California.

* *

CALIFORNIA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Calaveras County, CA: ² Calaveras County Chico (Butte County), CA: ² Butte County Berry Creek Rancheria of Maidu Indians of Cali- fornia ³ Enterprise Rancheria of Maidu Indians of Cali- fornia ³ .		Nonattainment Nonattainment		Marginal. Marginal.
Mechoopda Indian Tribe of Chico Rancheria ³ . Mooretown Rancheria of Maidu Indians of Cali- fornia ³ . Imperial County, CA: ² Imperial County		Nonattainment		Marginal.

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CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification		
Designated area	Date 1	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Indian Reserva- tion ³ .					
Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians ³ .					
Kern County (Eastern Kern), CA: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Kern County (part)					
That portion of Kern County (with the excep-					
tion of that portion in Hydrologic Unit Num- ber 18090205—the Indian Wells Valley)					
east and south of a line described as fol-					
lows: Beginning at the Kern-Los Angeles					
County boundary and running north and					
east along the northwest boundary of the					
Rancho La Liebre Land Grant to the point					
of intersection with the range line common					
to Range 16 West and Range 17 West,					
San Bernardino Base and Meridian; north					
along the range line to the point of intersec-					
tion with the Rancho El Tejon Land Grant boundary; then southeast, northeast, and					
northwest along the boundary of the Ran-					
cho El Tejon Grant to the northwest corner					
of Section 3, Township 11 North, Range 17					
West; then west 1.2 miles; then north to the					
Rancho El Tejon Land Grant boundary;					
then northwest along the Rancho El Tejon					
line to the southeast corner of Section 34,					
Township 32 South, Range 30 East, Mount					
Diablo Base and Meridian; then north to the northwest corner of Section 35, Township					
31 South, Range 30 East; then northeast					
along the boundary of the Rancho El Tejon					
Land Grant to the southwest corner of Sec-					
tion 18, Township 31 South, Range 31					
East; then east to the southeast corner of					
Section 13, Township 31 South, Range 31					
East; then north along the range line com-					
mon to Range 31 East and Range 32 East,					
Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, to the					
northwest corner of Section 6, Township 29 South, Range 32 East; then east to the					
southwest corner of Section 31, Township					
28 South, Range 32 East; then north along					
the range line common to Range 31 East					
and Range 32 East to the northwest corner					
of Section 6, Township 28 South, Range 32					
East, then west to the southeast corner of					
Section 36, Township 27 South, Range 31					
East, then north along the range line com-					
mon to Range 31 East and Range 32 East					
to the Kern-Tulare County boundary.				0	
os Angeles-San Bernardino Counties (West Mojave Desert), CA: ² .		Nonattainment		Severe 15.	
Los Ángeles County (part)				1	

CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area		Designation	Classification		
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
That portion of Los Angeles County which lies					
north and east of a line described as fol-					
lows: Beginning at the Los Angeles-San					
Bernardino County boundary and running					
west along the Township line common to Township 3 North and Township 2 North,					
San Bernardino Base and Meridian; then					
north along the range line common to					
Range 8 West and Range 9 West; then					
west along the Township line common to					
Township 4 North and Township 3 North;					
then north along the range line common to					
Range 12 West and Range 13 West to the southeast corner of Section 12, Township 5					
North and Range 13 West; then west along					
the south boundaries of Sections 12, 11,					
10, 9, 8, and 7, Township 5 North and					
Range 13 West to the boundary of the An-					
geles National Forest which is collinear with					
the range line common to Range 13 West					
and Range 14 West; then north and west along the Angeles National Forest bound-					
ary to the point of intersection with the					
Township line common to Township 7					
North and Township 6 North (point is at the					
northwest corner of Section 4 in Township					
6 North and Range 14 West); then west					
along the Township line common to Town-					
ship 7 North and Township 6 North; then north along the range line common to					
Range 15 West and Range 16 West to the					
southeast corner of Section 13, Township 7					
North and Range 16 West; then along the					
south boundaries of Sections 13, 14, 15,					
16, 17, and 18, Township 7 North and Range 16 West; then north along the range					
line common to Range 16 West and Range					
17 West to the north boundary of the Ange-					
les National Forest (collinear with the					
Township line common to Township 8					
North and Township 7 North); then west and north along the Angeles National For-					
est boundary to the point of intersection					
with the south boundary of the Rancho La					
Liebre Land Grant; then west and north					
along this land grant boundary to the Los					
Angeles-Kern County boundary.					
San Bernardino County (part) That portion of San Bernardino County which					
lies north and east of a line described as					
follows: Beginning at the San Bernardino-					
Riverside County boundary and running					
north along the range line common to					
Range 3 East and Range 2 East, San					
Bernardino Base and Meridian; then west along the Township line common to Town-					
ship 3 North and Township 2 North to the					
San Bernardino-Los Angeles County					
boundary; and that portion of San					
Bernardino County which lies south and					
west of a line described as follows: latitude					
35 degrees, 10 minutes north and longitude					
115 degrees, 45 minutes west. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians of					
California ³ .					
Angeles-South Coast Air Basin, CA ²		Nonattainment		Extreme.	
Los Angeles County (part)					

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CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area	De	esignation	Cla	Classification		
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре		
That portion of Los Angeles County which lies						
south and west of a line described as fol-						
lows: Beginning at the Los Angeles-San						
Bernardino County boundary and running						
west along the Township line common to						
Township 3 North and Township 2 North						
San Bernardino Base and Meridian; then north along the range line common to						
Range 8 West and Range 9 West; then						
west along the Township line common to						
Township 4 North and Township 3 North;						
then north along the range line common to						
Range 12 West and Range 13 West to the						
southeast corner of Section 12, Township 5						
North and Range 13 West; then west along						
the south boundaries of Sections 12, 11,						
10, 9, 8, and 7, Township 5 North and						
Range 13 West to the boundary of the An-						
geles National Forest which is collinear with the range line common to Range 13 West						
and Range 14 West; then north and west						
along the Angeles National Forest bound-						
ary to the point of intersection with the						
Township line common to Township 7						
North and Township 6 North (point is at the						
northwest corner of Section 4 in Township						
6 North and Range 14 West); then west						
along the Township line common to Town-						
ship 7 North and Township 6 North; then north along the range line common to						
Range 15 West and Range 16 West to the						
southeast corner of Section 13, Township 7						
North and Range 16 West; then along the						
south boundaries of Sections 13, 14, 15,						
16, 17, and 18, Township 7 North and						
Range 16 West; then north along the range						
line common to Range 16 West and Range						
17 West to the north boundary of the Ange-						
les National Forest (collinear with the						
Township line common to Township 8						
North and Township 7 North); then west and north along the Angeles National For-						
est boundary to the point of intersection						
with the south boundary of the Rancho La						
Liebre Land Grant; then west and north						
along this land grant boundary to the Los						
Angeles-Kern County boundary.						
nge County						
erside County (part)						

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CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

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CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area		Designation	Classification		
Designated area	Date 1	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
 That portion of Riverside County which lies to the east of a line described as follows: Beginning at the Riverside-San Diego County boundary and running north along the range line common to Range 4 East and Range 3 East, San Bernardino Base and Meridian; then east along the Township line common to Township 8 South and Township 7 South; then north along the range line common to Range 5 East and Range 4 East; then west along the Township line common to Township 6 South, Range 4 East; then north along the west boundaries of Section 34, Township 6 South, Range 4 East; then north along the west boundaries of Sections 34, 27, 22, 15, 10, and 3, Township 6 South, Range 4 East; then north along the west boundaries of Sections 34, 27, 22, 15, 10, and 3, Township 5 South and Township 5 South, Range 4 East; then west along the Township line common to Township 5 South and Township 6 South; then north along the range line common to Range 3 East; then west along the south boundaries of Sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, Township 5 South, Range 3 East; to the Riverside-San Bernardino County line. And that portion of Riverside County which lies to the west of a line described as follows: That segment of the southwestern boundary line of hydrologic Unit Number 18100100 within Riverside County. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians of the Agua Caliente Indian Reservation ³. Santa Rosa Band of Cahuilla Indians ³. Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians ³. Twenty-Nine Palms Band of Mission Indians of California ³. 					
Sacramento Metro, CA: ² El Dorado County (part) All portions of the county except that portion of El Dorado County within the drainage area naturally tributary to Lake Tahoe in- cluding said Lake. Placer County (part)		Nonattainment		Severe 15.	

CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date 1	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
All portions of the county except that portion				
of Placer County within the drainage area				
naturally tributary to Lake Tahoe including				
said Lake, plus that area in the vicinity of				
the head of the Truckee River described as				
follows: Commencing at the point common				
to the aforementioned drainage area				
crestline and the line common to Town-				
ships 15 North and 16 North, Mount Diablo				
Base and Meridian, and following that line				
in a westerly direction to the northwest cor-				
ner of Section 3, Township 15 North,				
Range 16 East Mount Diablo Base and Me- ridian, thence south along the west line of				
Sections 3 and 10, Township 15 North,				
Range 16 East, Mount Diablo Base and				
Meridian, to the intersection with the said				
drainage area crestline, thence following				
the said drainage area boundary in a				
southeasterly, then northeasterly direction				
to and along the Lake Tahoe Dam, thence				
following the said drainage area crestline in				
a northeasterly, then northwesterly direction				
to the point of beginning.				
Sacramento County				
Solano County (part)				
That portion of Solano County which lies				
north and east of a line described as fol-				
lows: Beginning at the intersection of the				
westerly boundary of Solano County and				
the 1/4 section line running east and west				
through the center of Section 34; Township				
6 North, Range 2 West, Mount Diablo Base				
and Meridian, thence east along said 1/4				
section line to the east boundary of Section				
36, Township 6 North, Range 2 West,				
thence south $\frac{1}{2}$ mile and east 2.0 miles,				
more or less, along the west and south				
boundary of Los Putos Rancho to the				
northwest corner of Section 4, Township 5				
North, Range 1 West, thence east along a				
line common to Township 5 North and				
Township 6 North to the northeast corner of				
Section 3, Township 5 North, Range 1				
East, thence south along section lines to the southeast corner of Section 10, Town-				
ship 3 North, Range 1 East, thence east				
along section lines to the south $\frac{1}{4}$ corner of				
Section 8, Township 3 North, Range 2				
East, thence east to the boundary between				
Solano and Sacramento Counties.				
Sutter County (part)				
Portion south of a line connecting the north- ern border of Yolo County to the SW tip of				
Yuba County and continuing along the				
southern Yuba County border to Placer				
County.				
,				
Yolo County				
Shingle Springs Band of Miwok Indians, Shingle				
Springs Rancheria (Verona Tract) ³ .				
United Auburn Indian Community of the Auburn				
Rancheria of California ³ .				
Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation ³ .				
Diego County, CA: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.
San Diego County				
Barona Group of Capitan Grande Band of Mission				

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CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area		Designation	Classification		
Designated area	Date 1	Туре	Date 1	Туре	
Campo Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Campo Indian Reservation ³ . Capitan Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indi- ans of California ³ . Ewiiaapaayp Band of Kumayaay Indians ³ . Iipay Nation of Santa Ysabel ³ . Inaja Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Inaja and Cosmit Reservation ³ . Jamul Indian Village of California ³ . La Jolla Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the La Posta Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the La Posta Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the La Posta Indian Reservation ³ . Los Coyotes Band of Cahuilla and Cupeno Indi- ans ³ . Manzanita Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Manzanita Reservation ³ . Mesa Grande Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of the Mesa Grande Reservation ³ . Pala Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of the Pala Reservation ³ . Pauma Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of the Pauma and Yuima Reservation ³ . Rincon Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of the Rincon Reservation ³ . San Pasqual Band of Diegueno Mission Indians of California ³ . Sycuan Band of the Kumeyaay Nation ³ . Viejas (Baron Long) Group of Capitan Grande Band of Mission Indians ³ . San Francisco Bay Area, CA: ² 		Nonattainment			

CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area		Designation		Classification
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
That portion of Sonoma County which lies south and east of a line described as fol- lows: Beginning at the southeasterly corner of the Rancho Estero Americano, being on the boundary line between Marin and Sonoma Counties, California; thence run- ning northerly along the easterly boundary line of said Rancho Estero Americano to the northeasterly corner thereof, being an angle corner in the westerly boundary line of Rancho Canada de Jonive; thence run- ning along said boundary of Rancho Can- ada de Jonive westerly, northerly and eas- terly to its intersection with the easterly line of Graton Road; thence running along the easterly and southerly line of Graton Road, northerly and easterly to its intersection with the easterly line of Sullivan Road; thence running northerly along said easterly line of Sullivan Road to the southerly line of Green Valley Road; thence running easterly along the said southerly line of Green Val- ley Road and easterly along the southerly line of State Highway 116, to the westerly line of Vine Hill Road; thence Running along the westerly and northerly line of Vine Hill Road, northerly and easterly to its intersection with the westerly line of Laguna Road; thence running northerly along the westerly line of Laguna Road and the northerly projection thereof to the northerly line of Trenton Road; thence running west- erly along the northerly line of said Trenton- Healdsburg Road; thence running northerly along said easterly line of Trenton- Healdsburg Road; thence running northerly along said easterly line of Trenton- Healdsburg Road to the easterly line of Eastside Road; thence running northerly along said easterly line of Rancho Sotoyome to its intersection with the Town- ship line common to Townships 8 and 9 North, M.D.M.; thence running easterly along said township line to its intersection with the boundary line between Sonoma and Napa Counties.	Date 1	Туре	Date 1	Туре
and Napa Counties. Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria ³ Lytton Rancheria of California ³ . San Joaquin Valley, CA: ²		Nonattainment		Extreme.
Fresno County Kern County (part)				

CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date 1	Туре	Date 1	Туре
 Designated area That portion of Kern County which lies west and north of a line described as follows: Beginning at the Kern-Los Angeles County boundary and running north and east along the northwest boundary of the Rancho La Libre Land Grant to the point of intersection with the range line common to R. 16 W. and R. 17 W., San Bernardino Base and Meridian; north along the range line to the point of intersection with the Rancho El Tejon Land Grant boundary; then south- east, northeast, and northwest along the boundary of the Rancho El Tejon Land Grant to the northwest corner of S. 3, T. 11 N., R. 17 W.; then west 1.2 miles; then north to the Rancho El Tejon Land Grant boundary; then northwest along the Rancho El Tejon line to the southeast corner of S. 34, T. 32 S., R. 30 E., Mount Diablo Base and Meridian; then north to the northwest corner of S. 35, T. 31 S., R. 30 E.; then northeast along the boundary of the Ran- cho El Tejon Land Grant to the southwest corner of S. 18, T. 31 S., R. 31 E.; then east to the southeast corner of S. 13, T. 31 S., R. 31 E.; then north along the range line common to R. 31 E. and R. 32 E.; Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, to the northwest corner of S. 6, T. 29 S., R. 32 E.; then east to the southwest corner of S. 31, T. 28 S., R. 32 E.; then north along the range line common to R. 31 E. and R. 32 E. to the northwest corner of S. 31, T. 28 S., R. 32 E.; then north along the range line common to R. 31 E. and R. 32 E. to the Kern-Tulare County boundary. Kings County Madera County Madera County Madera County Madera County Madera County Big Sandy Rancheria of Mono Indians of Cali- fornia³. Northfork Rancheria of Mono Indians of Cali- fornia³. Northfork Rancheria of Chukchansi Indians of California³. Northfork Rancheria of Chukchansi Indians of California³. 	Date 1	Туре	Date 1	Туре
Rancheria ³ . Table Mountain Rancheria of California ³ .				
Table Mountain Rancheria of California ³ . Tule River Indian Tribe of the Tule River Reserva- tion ³ .				
San Luis Obispo (Eastern San Luis Obispo), CA: ² San Luis Obispo County (part)		Nonattainment		Marginal.

CALIFORNIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation		Classification
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
That portion of San Luis Obispo County that lies east of a line described as follows: Be- ginning at the San Luis Obispo County/ Santa Barbara County boundary and run- ning north along 120 degrees 24 minutes longitude to the intersection with 35 de- grees 27 minutes latitude; east along 35				
		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Tehama County (part) Those portions of the immediate Tuscan Buttes area at or above 1,800 feet in ele- vation.				
entura County, CA: ² Ventura County (part) That part of Ventura County excluding the Channel Islands of Anacapa and San Nico- las Islands.		Nonattainment		Serious.
orongo Band of Mission Indians ³		Nonattainment		Serious.
echanga Band of Luiseno Mission Indians of the Pechanga Reservation ³ . est of State: ⁴		Nonattainment		Moderate.
Alpine, Inyo, and Mono Counties: Alpine County Inyo County Mono County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Amador County Channel Islands (Ventura County) Ventura County (part) remainder.		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Del Norte, Humboldt, and Trinity Counties): Del Norte County Humboldt County Trinity County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
,		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lake County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lake Tahoe (Placer Ćounty Portion): Placer County (part) remainder. Lassen County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Mendocino County Modoc County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Monterey County Northeastern San Bernardino County and Eastern Riverside County. San Bernardino County (part) remainder		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Riverside County (part) remainder Sonoma County (part) remainder Sutter County and Yuba County Sutter County (part) remainder		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Yuba County Plumas and Sierra Counties		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
San Benito County Santa Barbara County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Santa Cruz County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Shasta County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Siskiyou County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tehama County (part) remainder Tuolumne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
San Luis Obispo County (part) remainder		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

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² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes Indian country of the tribe listed in this table located in the identified area. Information pertaining to areas of Indian country in this table is intended for CAA planning purposes only and is not an EPA determination of Indian country status or any Indian country boundary. EPA lacks the authority to establish Indian country land status, and is making no determination of Indian country boundaries, in this table. ⁴ Includes any Indian country in each country or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 7. Section 81.306 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Colorado—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Colorado—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Colorado—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Colorado1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.306 Colorado.

* * * *

COLORADO-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation		Classification		
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре		
Denver-Boulder-Greeley-Ft. Collins-Loveland, CO: ² Adams County Arapahoe County Boulder County Broomfield County Denver County Douglas County Jefferson County		Nonattainment		Marginal.		
Larimer County (part) That portion of the county that lies south of a line described as follows: Beginning at a point on Larimer County's eastern boundary intersected by 40 degrees, 42 minutes, and 47.1 seconds north latitude, proceed west to a point defined by the intersection of 40 degrees, 42 minutes, 47.1 seconds north latitude and 105 degrees, 29 minutes, and 40.0 seconds west longitude, thence pro- ceed south on 105 degrees, 29 minutes, 40.0 seconds west longitude to the inter- section with 40 degrees, 33 minutes and 17.4 seconds north latitude, thence pro- ceed west on 40 degrees, 33 minutes, 17.4 seconds north latitude until this line inter-						
sects Larimer County's western boundary and Grand County's eastern boundary. Weld County (part) That portion of the county that lies south of a line described as follows: Beginning at a point on Weld County's eastern boundary and Logan County's western boundary intersected by 40 degrees, 42 minutes, 47.1 seconds north latitude, proceed west on 40 degrees, 42 minutes, 47.1 seconds north latitude until this line intersects Weld County's western boundary and Larimer County's eastern boundary. Southern Ute Indian Tribe of the Southern Ute Res- ervation ³ .		Unclassifiable/Attainment.				
Rest of State and Rest of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment.				

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes Indian country of the tribe listed in this table located in the identified area. Information pertaining to areas of Indian country in this table is intended for CAA planning purposes only and is not an EPA determination of Indian country status or any Indian country boundary. EPA lacks the authority to establish Indian country land status, and is making no determination of Indian country boundaries, in this table.

■ 8. Section 81.307 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Connecticut—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Connecticut—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Connecticut—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Connecticut—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.307 Connecticut.

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CONNECTICUT-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation		Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Greater Connecticut, CT: ² Hartford County Litchfield County New London County Tolland County Windham County Mashantucket Pequot Tribe of Connecticut ³ Mohegan Indian Tribe of Connecticut ³		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
New York-N. New Jersey-Long Island NY-NJ-CT: ² Fairfield County Middlesex County New Haven County		Nonattainment		Marginal.	

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

²Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes Indian country of the tribe listed in this table located in the identified area. Information pertaining to areas of Indian country in this table is intended for CAA planning purposes only and is not an EPA determination of Indian country status or any Indian country boundary. EPA lacks the authority to establish Indian country land status, and is making no determination of Indian country boundaries, in this table.

■ 9. Section 81.308 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Delaware—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Delaware—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Delaware—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Delaware—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.308 Delaware.

* * * * *

DELAWARE-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-MD-DE: ² New Castle County Seaford: ² Sussex County Rest of State: ³		Nonattainment Nonattainment		Marginal. Marginal.
Southern Delaware Intrastate AQCR: (remainder) Kent County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

²Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 10. Section 81.309 is amended as follows:

a. By revising the table heading for "District of Columbia—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "District of Columbia—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "District of Columbia—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "District of Columbia— 1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.309 District of Columbia.

* *

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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Washington, DC-MD-VA: District of Columbia ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

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■ 11. Section 81.310 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Florida—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Florida—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Florida—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Florida—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.310 Florida.

* * * * *

FLORIDA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS [Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide: 2		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Alachua County				
Baker County				
Bay County				
Bradford County				
Brevard County				
Broward County				
Calhoun County				
Charlotte County				
Citrus County				
Clay County				
Clay County				
Collier County				
Columbia County				
DeSoto County				
Dixie County				
Duval County				
Escambia County				
Flagler County				
Franklin County				
Gadsden County				
Gilchrist County				
Glades County				
Gulf County				
Hamilton County				
Hardee County				
Hendry County				
Hernando County				
Highlands County				
Hillsborough County				
Holmes County				
Indian River County				
Jackson County				
Jefferson County				
Lafayette County				
Lake County				
Lee County				
Lee County				
Leon County				
Levy County				
Liberty County				
Madison County				
Manatee County				
Marion County				
Martin County				
Miami-Dade County				
Monroe County				
Nassau County				
Okaloosa County				
Okeechobee County				
Orange County				
Osceola County				
Palm Beach County				
Pasco County				
Pinellas County				
Polk County				
Putnam County				
St. Johns County				
St. Lucie County				
Sc. Lude County				
Santa Rosa County				
Sarasota County				
Seminole County				
Sumter County				
Suwannee County				

FLORIDA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Taylor County Union County Volusia County Wakulla County Walton County Washington County				

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Includes any Indian country located in each county or area, unless otherwise noted.

■ 12. Section 81.311 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Georgia-Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read ''Georgia—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Georgia—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Georgia-1997

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.311 Georgia.

* * * * *

GEORGIA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area	Designation			Classification
Designated area	Date 1	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Atlanta, GA: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Bartow County				
Cherokee County				
Clayton County				
Cobb County				
Coweta County				
DeKalb County				
Douglas County				
Fayette County				
Forsyth County				
Fulton County				
Gwinnett County				
Henry County				
Newton County				
Paulding County				
Rockdale County				
Rest of State: ³				
Appling County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Atkinson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bacon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Baker County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Baldwin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Banks County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Barrow County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ben Hill County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Berrien County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bibb County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bleckley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Brantley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Brooks County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bryan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bulloch County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Burke County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Butts County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Calhoun County				
Camden County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Candler County				
Carroll County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Catoosa County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Charlton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Chatham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Chattahoochee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Chattooga County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clarke County	·	Unclassifiable/Attainment.	I	I

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GEORGIA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
Designated area	Date 1	Туре	Date 1	Туре
Clay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clinch County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Coffee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Colquitt County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Columbia County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cook County		-		
Crawford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Crisp County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dade County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dawson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Decatur County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dodge County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dooly County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dougherty County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Early County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Echols County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Effingham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Elbert County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Emanuel County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Evans County				
Fannin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Floyd County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Franklin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gilmer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Glascock County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Glynn County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gordon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Grady County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Greene County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Habersham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hancock County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Haralson County		-		
Harris County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hart County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Heard County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Houston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Irwin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jackson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jasper County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jeff Davis County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jefferson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jenkins County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Johnson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jones County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lamar County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lanier County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Laurens County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Liberty County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lincoln County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Long County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lowndes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lumpkin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McDuffie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McIntosh County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Macon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Madison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Meriwether County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Miller County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Mitchell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Monroe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Montgomery County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Morgan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Murray County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Muray County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Oconee County				
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

GEORGIA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Peach County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pickens County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pierce County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pike County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Polk County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pulaski County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Putnam County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Quitman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rabun County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Randolph County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Richmond County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Schley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Screven County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Seminole County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Spalding County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Stephens County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Stewart County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sumter County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Talbot County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
,		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Taliaferro County				
Tattnall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Taylor County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Telfair County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Terrell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Thomas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tift County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Toombs County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Towns County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Treutlen County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Troup County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Turner County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Twiggs County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Union County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Upson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Walker County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Walton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ware County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Warren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Washington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wayne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Webster County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wheeler County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
White County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Whitfield County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilcox County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilkes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilkinson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Worth County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
worth county		Unuassilable/Allaliment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise noted. ³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 13. Section 81.312 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Hawaii—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Hawaii—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Hawaii—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Hawaii—1997

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.312 Hawaii.

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HAWAII—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS [Primary and secondary]

Designated area ²	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Hawaii County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Honolulu County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kalawao County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kauai County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Maui County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Includes any Indian country in each country or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 14. Section 81.313 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Idaho—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Idaho—1997

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Idaho—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table '' Idaho—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)'' to read as follows:

§81.313 Idaho.

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IDAHO-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area ²		Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 15. Section 81.314 is amended as follows:

 a. By revising the table heading for
 "Illinois—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Illinois—1997 8-Hour Ozone
 NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Illinois—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Illinois—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.314 Illinois.

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ILLINOIS-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
St. Louis-St. Charles-Farmington, MO-IL: ² Madison County Monroe County		Nonattainment		Marginal.
St. Clair County				
Adams County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Alexander County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bond County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Boone County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Brown County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bureau County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Calhoun County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Carroll County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cass County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Champaign County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Christian County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clark County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clay County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clinton County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Coles County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Crawford County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cumberland County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
DeKalb County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
De Witt County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Douglas County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Edgar County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

ILLINOIS—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area		Designation		assification
Designated area	Date ¹ Type		Date ¹	Туре
Edwards County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Effingham County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ayette County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ford County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Franklin County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fulton County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gallatin County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Greene County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hamilton County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
lancock County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
lardin County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
lenderson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
lenry County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
oquois County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ackson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
asper County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
efferson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ersey County ³	.	Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
o Daviess County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ohnson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kankakee County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Knox County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
a Salle County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
awrence County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ee County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ivingston County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ogan County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AcDonough County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AcLean County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Acon County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Acoupin County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Aarion County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Aarshall County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
lason County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
lassac County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ienard County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nercer County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nontgomery County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Norgan County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
IouItrie County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ogle County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Peoria County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Perry County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Piatt County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
5				
Pike County ³ Pope County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pulaski County ³				
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Putnam County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Randolph County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Richland County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rock Island County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Saline County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sangamon County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Schuyler County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Scott County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Shelby County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
tark County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
tephenson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
azewell County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Inion County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
/ermilion County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vabash County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Varren County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vashington County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vayne County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vhite County 3		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vhiteside County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Villiamson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vinnebago County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

ILLINOIS—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

		Designation		Classification
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Woodford County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 16. Section 81.315 is amended as follows:

a. By revising the table heading for "Indiana—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Indiana—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Indiana—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Indiana—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.315 Indiana.

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INDIANA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designation area		Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Dearborn County (part)				g	
Lawrenceburg Township					
Adams County ³	.	Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Allen County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Bartholomew County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Benton County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Blackford County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Boone County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Brown County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Carroll County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cass County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Clark County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Clay County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Clinton County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Crawford County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Daviess County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Dearborn County (remainder) ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Decatur County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
		-			
De Kalb County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Delaware County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Dubois County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Elkhart County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Eayette County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Floyd County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Fountain County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Franklin County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Fulton County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Gibson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Grant County 3		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Greene County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hamilton County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hancock County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Harrison County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hendricks County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Henry County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Howard County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Huntington County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jackson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jay County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jefferson Ćounty ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jennings County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Johnson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Knox County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Kosciusko County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
LaGrange County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
La Porte County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lawrence County ³					

INDIANA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designation area		Designation	Cla	ssification
Designation area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Madison County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marion County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marshall County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Martin County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Miami County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Monroe County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Montgomery County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Morgan County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Newton County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Noble County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ohio County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Orange County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Owen County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Parke County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Perry County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pike County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Posey County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pulaski County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Putnam County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Randolph County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ripley County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rush County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St Joseph County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Scott County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Shelby County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		-		
Spencer County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Starke County ³ Steuben County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sullivan Countý ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Switzerland County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tippecanoe Countý ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tipton County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Union County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vanderburgh County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vermillion County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vigo County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nabash County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Narren County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Narrick County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nashington County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nayne County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wells County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
White County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Whitley County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.
 ² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.
 ³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 17. Section 81.316 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Iowa—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Iowa—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Iowa—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Iowa—1997

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.316 lowa.

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IOWA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country: Adair County Adams County Allamakee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

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IOWA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Appanoose County					
Audubon County					
Benton County					
Black Hawk County					
Boone County					
Bremer County					
Buchanan County					
Buena Vista County					
Butler County					
Calhoun County					
Carroll County Cass County					
Cedar County					
Cerro Gordo County					
Cherokee County					
Chickasaw County					
Clarke County					
Clay County					
Clayton County					
Clinton County					
Crawford County					
Dallas County					
Davis County					
Decatur County					
Delaware County					
Des Moines County Dickinson County					
Dubuque County					
Emmet County					
Fayette County					
Floyd County					
Franklin County					
Fremont County					
Greene County					
Grundy County					
Guthrie County					
lamilton County					
lancock County					
lardin County					
Harrison County					
Henry County Howard County					
lumboldt County					
da County					
owa County					
ackson County					
lasper County					
lefferson County					
ohnson County					
ones County					
Keokuk County					
Cossuth County					
ee County					
inn County					
ouisa County					
ucas County					
yon County Aadison County					
lahaska County Iarion County					
Aarshall County					
Aills County					
Airchell County					
Monona County					
Monroe County					
Montgomery County					
Auscatine County					
D'Brien County					
Disceola County					

IOWA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Page County					
Palo Alto County					
Plymouth County					
Pocahontas County					
Polk County					
Pottawattamie County					
Poweshiek County					
Ringgold County					
Sac County					
Scott County					
Shelby County					
Sioux County					
Story County					
Tama County					
Taylor County					
Union County Van Buren County					
Wapello County					
Warren County					
Washington County					
Wayne County					
Webster County					
Winnebago County					
Winneshiek County					
Woodbury County					
Worth County					
Wright County					

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 18. Section 81.317 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Kansas—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Kansas—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Kansas—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Kansas—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.317 Kansas.

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KANSAS-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country: Allen County Anderson County Barber County Barber County Bourbon County Bourbon County Brown County Butler County Chase County Chase County Chase County Cherokee County Cherokee County Cherokee County Cherokee County Clark County Clark County Clay County Cloud County Coffey County	Date ¹	Type Unclassifiable/Attainment.	Date ¹	Туре
Control County Cowley County Crawford County Decatur County Dickinson County Doniphan County				

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KANSAS—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area	De	esignation	Clas	ssification
Designated alea	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Douglas County				
Edwards County				
Elk County				
Ellis County				
Ellsworth County				
Finney County				
Ford County				
Franklin County				
Geary County				
Gove County				
Graham County Grant County				
Gray County				
Greeley County				
Greenwood County				
Hamilton County				
Harper County				
Harvey County				
Haskell County				
Hodgeman County				
Jackson County				
Jefferson County				
Jewell County Johnson County				
Kearny County				
Kingman County				
Kiowa County				
Labette County				
Lane County				
Leavenworth County				
Lincoln County				
Linn County				
Logan County				
Lyon County				
McPherson County Marion County				
Marshall County				
Meade County				
Miami County				
Mitchell County				
Montgomery County				
Morris County				
Morton County				
Nemaha County				
Neosho County				
Ness County Norton County				
Osage County				
Osborne County				
Ottawa County				
Pawnee County				
Phillips County				
Pottawatomie County				
Pratt County				
Rawlins County				
Reno County				
Republic County				
Rice County				
Riley County Rooks County				
Rooks County Rush County				
Russell County				
Saline County				
Scott County				
Sedgwick County				
Seward County				
Shawnee County				
Sheridan County				
Sherman County				

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KANSAS—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Smith County Stafford County Stanton County Stevens County Sumner County				
Thomas County Trego County Wabaunsee County Wallace County Washington County				
Wichita County Wilson County Woodson County Wyandotte County				

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 19. Section 81.318 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Kentucky—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Kentucky—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Kentucky—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Kentucky—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

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§81.318 Kentucky.

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KENTUCKY-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Boone County (part)				
2000 Census tracts: 702, 703.01, 703.04,				
703.05, 703.06, 703.07, 703.08, 703.09,				
704.01, 704.02, 705.01, 705.02, 706.01,				
706.03, 706.04				
Campbell County (part)				
2000 Census tracts: 501, 502, 503, 504, 505,				
506, 511.01, 511.02, 512, 513, 519.01,				
519.03, 519.04, 520.01, 520.02, 521, 522,				
523.01, 523.02, 524, 525, 526, 528, 529, 530, 531				
Kenton County (part)				
2000 Census tracts: 603, 607, 609, 610, 611,				
612, 613, 614, 616, 636.03, 636.04,				
636.05, 636.06, 638, 640, 641, 642, 643,				
644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651,				
652, 653, 654, 655.01, 655.02, 656, 657,				
658, 659, 668, 669, 670, 671				
Rest of State: ³				
Adair County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Allen County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Anderson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ballard County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Barren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bath County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Boone County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
2000 Census tracts: 706.01 and 706.04				
Bourbon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Boyd County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Boyle County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bracken County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Breathitt County				
Breckinridge County	·	Unclassifiable/Attainment.	I	I

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KENTUCKY—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Bullitt County		Unclassifiable/Attainment		
		O=≥xl≥.		
Butler County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Caldwell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Calloway County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Campbell County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
2000 Census tracts: 520.01 and 520.02				
Carlisle County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Carroll County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Carter County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Casey County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Christian County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clark County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clinton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Crittenden County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cumberland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Daviess County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Edmonson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Estill County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fayette County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fleming County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Floyd County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Franklin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fulton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gallatin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Garrard County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Grant County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Graves County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Grayson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Green County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Greenup County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hancock County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hardin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Harlan County				
Harrison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hart County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Henderson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Henry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hickman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hopkins County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jackson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jefferson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jessamine County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Johnson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kenton County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
2000 Census tracts: 637.01 and 637.04				
Knott County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Knox County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Larue County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Laurel County				
Lawrence County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Leslie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Letcher County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lewis County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lincoln County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Livingston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Logan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lyon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McCracken County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McCreary County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McLean County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Madison County				
Magoffin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marshall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

KENTUCKY-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued [Primary and secondary]

Decimented and	Designated area		Classification		
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Mason County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Meade County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Menifee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Mercer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Metcalfe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Monroe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Montgomery County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Morgan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Muhlenberg County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Nelson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Nicholas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Ohio County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Oldham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Owen County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Owsley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Pendleton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment			
Perry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Pike County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Powell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Pulaski County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Robertson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Rockcastle County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Rowan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Russell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Scott County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Shelby County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Simpson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Spencer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Taylor County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Todd County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Trigg County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Trimble County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Union County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Warren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Washington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Wayne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Webster County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Whitley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Wolfe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Woodford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

²Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each country or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 20. Section 81.319 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Louisiana—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Louisiana—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Louisiana—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Louisiana—1997 8-Hour Ozone

NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.319 Louisiana.

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LOUISIANA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Baton Rouge, LA: ² Ascension Parish East Baton Rouge Parish Iberville Parish		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Livingston Parish West Baton Rouge Parish AQCR 019 Monroe-El Dorado Interstate: ³ Caldwell Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

LOUISIANA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Cla	ssification
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Catahoula Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Concordia Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
East Carroll Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Franklin Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
La Salle Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Madison Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Morehouse Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ouachita Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Richland Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tensas Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Union Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
West Carroll Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
QCR 022 Shreveport-Texarkana-Tyler Interstate: ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bienville Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bossier Parish				
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Caddo Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Claiborne Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
De Soto Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jackson Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lincoln Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Natchitoches Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment		
Red River Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sabine Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Webster Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Winn Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
QCR 106 S. Louisiana-SE. Texas Interstate: (remain-				
der) ³				
Acadia Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Allen Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Assumption Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Avoyelles Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Beauregard Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Calcasieu Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cameron Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
East Feliciana Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Evangeline Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Grant Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Iberia Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jefferson Davis Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jefferson Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lafayette Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lafourche Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Orleans Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Plaquemines Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pointe Coupee Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rapides Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Bernard Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Charles Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Helena Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. James Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. John the Baptist Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Landry Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Martin Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Mary Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Tammany Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tangipahoa Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Terrebonne Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vermilion Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Verninon Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Washington Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
West Feliciana Parish		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.
 ² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.
 ³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 21. Section 81.320 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Maine—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Maine—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Maine-2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Maine-1997 8Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.320 Maine.

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MAINE-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS [Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide: ² Androscoggin County Aroostook County Cumberland County Franklin County Hancock County Kennebec County Knox County Lincoln County Oxford County Penobscot County Piscataquis County Sagadahoc County Somerset County Waldo County Washington County York County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Includes any Indian country in each country or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 22. Section 81.321 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Maryland—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Maryland—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Maryland—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Maryland—1997 8-Hour Ozone

NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.321 Maryland.

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MARYLAND-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Design stad such		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Baltimore, MD: ²		Nonattainment		Moderate.
Anne Arundel County				
Baltimore County				
Baltimore City				
Carroll County				
Harford County				
Howard County				
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-MD-DE: ² Cecil County		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Washington, DC-MD-VA: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Calvert County				
Charles County				
Frederick County				
Montgomery County				
Prince George's County				
AQCR 113 Cumberland-Keyser Interstate ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Allegany County				
Garrett County				
Washington County				
AQCR 114 Eastern Shore Interstate: (remainder) ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Caroline County				
Dorchester County				
Kent County				
Queen Anne's County				
Somerset County	1			

MARYLAND—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Talbot County Wicomico County Worcester County AQCR 116 Southern Maryland Intrastate: (remainder) ³ St. Mary's County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 23. Section 81.322 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Massachusetts—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Massachusetts1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Massachusetts—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Massachusetts—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.322 Massachusetts.

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MASSACHUSETTS-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Dukes County, MA: ² Dukes County Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head (Aquinnah) of Massachusetts ³		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Rest of State: ⁴ Barnstable County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Berkshire County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bristol County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Essex County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
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Franklin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hampden County.		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hampshire County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Middlesex County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nantucket County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Norfolk County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Plymouth County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Suffolk County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Worcester County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

²Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes Indian country of the tribe listed in this table located in the identified area. Information pertaining to areas of Indian country in this table is intended for CAA planning purposes only and is not an EPA determination of Indian country status or any Indian country boundary. EPA lacks the authority to establish Indian country land status, and is making no determination of Indian country boundaries, in this table. ⁴ Includes any Indian country in each country or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 24. Section 81.323 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Michigan—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Michigan—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Michigan—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Michigan—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.323 Michigan.

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MICHIGAN-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 25. Section 81.324 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Minnesota—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Minnesota—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Minnesota—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Minnesota—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.324 Minnesota.

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MINNESOTA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

26. Section 81.325 is amended as follows:a. By revising the table heading for

Standard)" to read "Mississippi-1997

"Mississippi—Ozone (8-Hour

8–Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled

"Mississippi—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the existing table "Mississippi—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.325 Mississippi.

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MISSISSIPPI-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

	Type NonAttainment Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.	Date ¹ Marginal.	Туре
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MISSISSIPPI-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Cla	assification
	Date1	Туре	Date1	Туре
Leake County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Leflore County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lincoln County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lowndes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Madison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marshall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Monroe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Montgomery County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Neshoba County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Newton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Noxubee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Oktibbeha County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Panola County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pearl River County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Perry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pike County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pontotoc County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Prentiss County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Quitman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rankin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Scott County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sharkey County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Simpson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Smith County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Stone County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sunflower County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tallahatchie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tate County.		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tippah County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tishomingo County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tunica County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Union County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Walthall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Warren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Washington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wayne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Webster County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilkinson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Winston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Yalobusha County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Yazoo County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
razoo county		Unclassillable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 27. Section 81.326 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Missouri—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Missouri—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Missouri-2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Missouri-1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

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§81.326 Missouri.

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MISSOURI-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
St. Louis-St. Charles-Farmington, MO-IL: ² Franklin County Jefferson County St. Charles County St. Louis County		Nonattainment		Marginal.

MISSOURI-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area Date ¹		Designation	Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
St. Louis City				
est of State: ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Adair County				
Andrew County				
Atchison County Audrain County				
Barry County				
Barton County				
Bates County				
Benton County				
Bollinger County				
Boone County				
Buchanan County				
Butler County				
Caldwell County Callaway County				
Camden County				
Cape Girardeau County				
Carter County				
Cass County				
Cedar County				
Chariton County				
Christian County				
Clark County				
Clay County				
Clinton County Cole County				
Cooper County				
Crawford County				
Dade County				
Dallas County				
Daviess County				
DeKalb County				
Dent County				
Douglas County				
Dunklin County				
Gasconade County Gentry County				
Greene County				
Grundy County				
Harrison County				
Henry County				
Hickory County				
Holt County				
Howard County				
Howell County				
Iron County				
Jackson County Jasper County				
Johnson County				
Knox County				
Laclede County				
Lafayette County				
Lawrence County				
Lewis County				
Lincoln County				
Linn County				
Livingston County				
McDonald County				
Macon County				
Madison County Maries County				
Marion County				
Marion County Mercer County				
Miller County				
Mississippi County				
Moniteau County				
Monroe County				
Montgomery County				

MISSOURI-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued [Primary and secondary]

		Designation	Classification		
Designated area	Date 1	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Morgan County					
New Madrid County					
Newton County					
Nodaway County					
Oregon County					
Osage County					
Ozark County					
Pemiscot County					
Perry County					
Pettis County					
Phelps County					
Pike County					
Platte County					
Polk County					
Pulaski County Putnam County					
Ralls County					
Randolph County					
Ray County					
Reynolds County					
Ripley County					
St. Clair County					
St. Genevieve County					
St. Francois County					
Saline County					
Schuyler County					
Scotland County					
Scott County					
Shannon County					
Shelby County					
Stoddard County					
Stone County					
Sullivan County					
Taney County					
Texas County					
Vernon County					
Warren County					
Washington County					
Wayne County					
Webster County					
Worth County Wright County					
Wright County					

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.
 ² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.
 ³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 28. Section 81.327 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Montana—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Montana—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Montana—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Montana-1997

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.327 Montana.

* * * * *

MONTANA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 29. Section 81.328 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Nebraska—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Nebraska—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Nebraska—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Nebraska—1997 8-Hour Ozone

NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.328 Nebraska.

* * * * *

NEBRASKA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS [Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
tatewide: ²		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Adams County				
Antelope County				
Arthur County				
Banner County				
Blaine County				
Boone County				
Box Butte County				
Boyd County				
Brown County				
Buffalo County				
Burt County				
Butler County				
Cass County				
Cedar County				
Chase County				
Cherry County				
Cheyenne County				
Clay County				
Colfax County				
Cuming County				
Custer County				
Dakota County				
Dawes County				
Dawson County				
Deuel County				
Dixon County				
Dodge County				
Douglas County				
Dundy County				
Fillmore County				
Franklin County				
Frontier County				
Furnas County				
Gage County				
Garden County				
Garfield County				
Gosper County				
Grant County				
Greeley County				
Hall County				
Hamilton County				
Harlan County				
Hayes County				
Hitchcock County				
Holt County				
Hooker County				
Howard County				
Jefferson County				
Johnson County				
Kearney County				
Keith County				
Keya Paha County				
Kimball County				
Knox County				
Lancaster County				
Lincoln County				
Logan County				
Loup County				
McPherson County				
Madison County				
Merrick County				

NEBRASKA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area	С	Designation	Cla	ssification
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Morrill County				
Nance County				
Nemaha County				
Nuckolls County				
Otoe County				
Pawnee County				
Perkins County				
Phelps County				
Pierce County				
Platte County				
Polk County				
Red Willow County				
Richardson County				
Rock County				
Saline County				
Sarpy County				
Saunders County				
Scotts Bluff County				
Seward County				
Sheridan County				
Sherman County				
Sioux County				
Stanton County				
Thayer County				
Thomas County				
Thurston County				
Valley County				
Washington County				
Wayne County				
Webster County				
Wheeler County				
York County				

¹This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 30. Section 81.329 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Nevada—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Nevada—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Nevada—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Nevada—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.329 Nevada.

*

*

NEVADA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country: ²		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Statewide refers to hydrographic areas as shown on the State of Nevada Division of Water Resources' map titled "Water Resources and Inter-basin Flows" (September 1971), as revised to include a division of Carson Desert (area 101) into two areas, a smaller area 101 and area 101A, and a division of Boulder Flat (area 61) into an Upper Unit 61 and a Lower Unit 61. See also 67 FR 12474 (March 19, 2002).

■ 31. Section 81.330 is amended as follows:

 a. By revising the table heading for "New Hampshire—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "New Hampshire1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "New Hampshire—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "New Hampshire—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.330 New Hampshire.

* * * * *

NEW HAMPSHIRE-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide: ² Belknap County Carroll County Cheshire County Coos County Grafton County Hillsborough County Merrimack County Rockingham County Strafford County Sullivan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 32. Section 81.331 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "New Jersey—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "New Jersey—1997

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "New Jersey—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "New Jersey—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.331 New Jersey.

* * * * *

NEW JERSEY-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
New York-N. New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT: ² Bergen County Essex County Hudson County Hunterdon County Middlesex County Morris County Morris County Passaic County Somerset County Sussex County Union County		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Warren County Philadelphia–Wilmington–Atlantic City, PA-NJ-MD- DE: ² . Atlantic County Burlington County Camden County Came May County Cumberland County Gloucester County Mercer County Ocean County Salem County		Nonattainment		Marginal.

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

■ 33. Section 81.332 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "New Mexico—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "New Mexico—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "New Mexico—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "New Mexico—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.332 New Mexico.

* * * * *

NEW MEXICO-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area 1		Designation	Cla	ssification
Designated area ¹	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре
AQCR 012 New Mexico–Southern Border Intrastate:				
Grant County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hidalgo County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Luna County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AQCR 014 Four Corners Interstate (see 40 CFR				
81.121):				
McKinley County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Río Arriba County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sandoval County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
San Juan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Valencia County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AQCR 152 Albuquerque-Mid Rio Grande Intrastate				
(see 40 CFR 81.83):				
Bernalillo County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sandoval County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Valencia County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AQCR 153 El Paso-Las Cruces-Alamogordo Inter-				
state:				
Doña Ana County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lincoln County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Otero County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sierra County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AQCR 154 Northeastern Plains Intrastate:				
Colfax County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Guadalupe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Harding County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Mora County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
San Miguel County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Torrance County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Union County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AQCR 155 Pecos–Permian Basin Intrastate:				
Chaves County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Curry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
De Baca County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Eddy County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lea County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Quay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Roosevelt County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AQCR 156 SW Mountains-Augustine Plains (see 40				
CFR 81.241):				
Catron County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cibola County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McKinley County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Socorro County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Valencia County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AQCR 157 Upper Rio Grande Valley Intrastate (see				
40 CFR 81.239):				
Los Alamos County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Río Arriba County (part)		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Santa Fe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Taos County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified. ² This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 34. Section 81.333 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "New York—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "New York-1997

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "New York—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table

"New York—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.333 New York.

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NEW YORK-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS [Primary and secondary]

Decigneted erec		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Jamestown, NY: ² N		NonAttainment	Marginal.	
Chautauqua County			-	
New York-N. New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Bronx County				
Kings County				
Nassau County				
New York County				
Queens County				
Richmond County				
Rockland County				
Suffolk County				
Westchester County				
Shinnecock Indian Nation ³				
Albany-Schenectady-Troy Area, NY: ⁴		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Albany County				
Rensselaer County				
Saratoga County				
Schenectady County				
Schoharie County				
Buffalo-Niagara Falls Area, NY: ⁴		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Erie County				
Niagara County				
Jefferson County Area, NY: ⁴		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jefferson County				
Kingston Area, NY: ⁴		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ulster County				
Poughkeepsie Area, NY: ⁴		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dutchess County		Cholassinable// titalinnent.		
Orange County				
Putnam County				
Rochester Area, NY: ⁴		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Livingston County				
Monroe County				
Ontario County				
Orleans County				
Wayne County				
Syracuse, NY: ⁴		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Madison County				
Onondaga County				
Oswego County				
Whiteface Mountain: ⁴		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Essex County (part)				
The portion of Whiteface Mountain above				
4500 feet in elevation in Essex County				
Rest of State and Rest of Indian Country				

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes Indian country of the tribe listed in this table located in the identified area. Information pertaining to areas of Indian country in this table is intended for CAA planning purposes only and is not an EPA determination of Indian country status or any Indian country boundary. EPA lacks the authority to establish Indian country land status, and is making no determination of Indian country boundaries, in this table. ⁴ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 35. Section 81.334 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "North Carolina—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "North Carolina-

1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "North Carolina—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table

"North Carolina—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.334 North Carolina.

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NORTH CAROLINA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
narlotte-Rock Hill, NC-SC: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Cabarrus County (part)				
Central Cabarrus Township, Georgeville				
Township, Harrisburg Township,				
Kannapolis Township, Midland Township,				
Mount Pleasant Township, New Gilead				
Township, Odell Township, Poplar Tent				
Township, Rimertown Township				
Gaston County (part)				
Crowders Mountain Township, Dallas Town-				
ship, Gastonia Township, Riverbend Town-				
ship, South Point Township				
Iredell County (part)				
Davidson Township, Coddle Creek Township				
Lincoln County (part)				
Catawba Springs Township, Ironton Town-				
ship, Lincolnton Township				
Mecklenburg County Rowan County (part)				
Atwell Township, China Grove Township,				
Franklin Township, Litaker Township, Locke				
Township, Providence Township, Salisbury				
Township, Steele Township, Unity Town-				
ship				
Union County (part) Goose Creek Township,				
Marshville Township, Monroe Township, Sandy				
Ridge Township, Vance Township				
est of State: 3				
Alamance County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Alexander County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Alleghany County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Anson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ashe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Avery County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Beaufort County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bertie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bladen County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Brunswick County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Buncombe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Burke County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cabarrus County (part)				
Gold Hill Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Caldwell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Camden County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Carteret County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Caswell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Catawba County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Chatham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cherokee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Chowan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cleveland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Columbus County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Craven County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cumberland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Currituck County				
Dare County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Davidson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Davie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Duplin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Durham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Edgecombe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Forsyth County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Franklin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gaston County (part)				
Cherryville.				
Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gates County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Graham County	I	Unclassifiable/Attainment.	I	1

NORTH CAROLINA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued [Primary and secondary]

- · · · ·	Designation		Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Granville County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Greene County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Guilford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Halifax County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Harnett County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Haywood County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Henderson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hertford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hoke County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hyde County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Iredell County (part)				
Barringer Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bethany Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Chambersburg Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Concord Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cool Springs Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Eagle Mills Township Fallstown Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
New Hope Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Olin Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sharpesburg Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Shiloh Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Statesville Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Turnersburg Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Union Grove Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jackson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Johnston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jones County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lenoir County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lincoln County (part)				
Howard's Creek Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
North Brook Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Macon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Madison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Martin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McDowell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Mitchell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Montgomery County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Moore County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nash County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
New Hanover County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Northampton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Onslow County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Orange County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pamlico County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pasquotank County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pender County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Perquimans County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Person County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pitt County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Polk County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Randolph County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Richmond County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Robeson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rockingham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rowan County (part)				
Cleveland Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Morgan Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Mount Ulla Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Scotch Irish Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rutherford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sampson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Scotland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Stanly County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Stokes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Surry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Swain County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Transylvania County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

NORTH CAROLINA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Tyrrell County Union County (part).		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Buford Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jackson Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lanes Creek Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
New Salem Township		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vance County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wake County Warren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Warren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Washington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Watauga County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wayne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilkes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Yadkin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Yancey County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 36. Section 81.335 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "North Dakota—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "North Dakota—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled

"North Dakota—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "North Dakota—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.335 North Dakota.

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NORTH DAKOTA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

	Designation		Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Areas of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

37. Section 81.336 is amended as follows:
a. By revising the table heading for "Ohio—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to

read "Ohio—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Ohio—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Ohio—1997 8Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

*

§81.336 Ohio.

* * * *

OHIO—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS [Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN: ² Butler County Clermont County Clinton County Hamilton County Warren County Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH: ² Ashtabula County Cuyahoga County Geauga County Lake County Lorain County Medina County		Nonattainment		Marginal. Marginal.

OHIO—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Portage County Summit County Columbus, OH: ² Delaware County Fairfield County Franklin County Knox County Licking County Madison County		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Rest of State: ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.
 ² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.
 ³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 38. Section 81.337 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Oklahoma—Özone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Oklahoma—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Oklahoma—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Oklahoma—1997 8-Hour Ozone

NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.337 Oklahoma.

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OKLAHOMA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area 1	Designation		Classification	
Designated area ¹	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре
Adair County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Alfalfa County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Atoka County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Beaver County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Beckham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Blaine County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bryan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Caddo County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Canadian County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Carter County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cherokee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Choctaw County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cimarron County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cleveland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Coal County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Comanche County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cotton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Craig County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Creek County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Custer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Delaware County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dewey County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ellis County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Garfield County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Garvin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Grady County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Grant County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Greer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Harmon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Harper County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Haskell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hughes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jackson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jefferson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Johnston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kingfisher County Kiowa County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Latimer County	·	Unclassillable/Attainment.	I I	1

OKLAHOMA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area ¹	Designation		Classification	
Designated area	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре
e Flore County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
incoln County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ogan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Love County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Major County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marshall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Mayes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McClain County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AcCurtain County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
AcIntosh County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Aurray County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Auskogee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Noble County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nowata County		Unclassifiable/Attainment		
Okfuskee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Oklahoma County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Okmulgee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dsage County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ottawa County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pawnee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Payne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pittsburg County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pontotoc County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pottawatomie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pushmataha County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Roger Mills County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rogers County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Seminole County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sequoyah County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Stephens County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Texas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fillman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fulsa County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vagoner County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vashington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vashington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Voods County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Noodward County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified. ² This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 39. Section 81.338 is amended as follows: ■ a. By revising the table heading for

"Oregon-Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Oregon—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Oregon-2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Oregon-1997

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.338 Oregon.

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OREGON-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS [Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 40. Section 81.339 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Pennsylvania—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Pennsylvania—

1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Pennsylvania—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table

"Pennsylvania—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQŠ (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.339 Pennsylvania.

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PENNSYLVANIA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area	Designation		Classification		
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Carbon County					
Lehigh County					
Northampton County _ancaster, PA ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Lancaster County					
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-MD-DE ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Bucks County					
Chester County					
Delaware County					
Montgomery County Philadelphia County					
Pittsburgh-Beaver Valley, PA ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Allegheny County					
Armstrong County					
Beaver County					
Butler County					
Fayette County Washington County					
Washington County Westmoreland County					
Reading, PA ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Berks County					
AQCR 151 NE Pennsylvania Intrastate (remainder) ³					
Bradford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lackawanna County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Luzerne County Monroe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Pike County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Schuylkill County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Sullivan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Susquehanna County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Tioga County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Wayne County Wyoming		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
AQCR 178 NW Pennsylvania Intrastate ³		Onclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cameron County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Clarion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Clearfield County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Crawford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Elk County Erie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Forest County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jefferson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lawrence County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
McKean County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Mercer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Potter County Venango County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Warren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
AQCR 195 Central Pennsylvania Intrastate ³					
Bedford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Blair County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cambria County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Centre County Clinton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Columbia County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Fulton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Huntingdon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Juniata County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lycoming County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Mifflin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Montour County Northumberland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Snyder County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Somerset County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Union County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
AQCR 196 South Central Pennsylvania (remainder) ³					
Adams County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cumberland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		I	

PENNSYLVANIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Dauphin County Franklin County Lebanon County Perry County York County AQCR 197 Southwest Pennsylvania (remainder) ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Green County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

²Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 41. Section 81.340 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Rhode Island—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Rhode Island—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)".

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Rhode Island—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Rhode Island—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.340 Rhode Island.

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RHODE ISLAND-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Providence (all of RI), RI: ² Bristol County Kent County Newport County Providence County Washington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			

¹This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Includes any Indian country in each country or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 42. Section 81.341 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "South Carolina—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "South Carolina1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "South Carolina—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "South Carolina—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.341 South Carolina.

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SOUTH CAROLINA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Decimented and		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Charlotte-Rock Hill, NC-SC: ² York County (part)		Nonattainment		Marginal.
Portion along MPO lines Catawba Indian Nation (aka Catawba Tribe of South		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Carolina) ³ . Rest of State: ⁴		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Abbeville County Aiken County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Allendale County Bamberg County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Barnwell County Beaufort County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Berkeley County Calhoun County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Charleston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

SOUTH CAROLINA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Cla	assification
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Cherokee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Chester County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Chesterfield County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clarendon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Colleton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Darlington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dillon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dorchester County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Edgefield County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fairfield County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Florence County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Georgetown County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Greenwood County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hampton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Horry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jasper County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kershaw County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lancaster County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Laurens County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lexington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marlboro County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McCormick County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Newberry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Oconee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Orangeburg County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pickens County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Richland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Saluda County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sumter County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Union County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Williamsburg County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
York County (part) remainder		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted. ³ Includes Indian country of the tribe listed in this table located in the identified area. Information pertaining to areas of Indian country in this table is intended for CAA planning purposes only and is not an EPA determination of Indian country status or any Indian country boundary. EPA lacks the authority to establish Indian country land status, and is making no determination of Indian country boundaries, in this table. ⁴ Includes any Indian country in each country or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 43. Section 81.342 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "South Dakota—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "South Dakota—

1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "South Dakota—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table

"South Dakota—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.342 South Dakota.

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SOUTH DAKOTA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation			Classification
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Statewide and Any Areas of Indian Country:		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 44. Section 81.343 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Tennessee—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Tennessee—1997 8-Hour

Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Tennessee—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table

"Tennessee—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.343 Tennessee.

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TENNESSEE-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area		Designation	Classification		
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
oxville, TN: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Anderson County (part)				Ū	
2000 Census tracts: 202, 213.02					
Blount County					
Knox County					
emphis, TN-MS-AR: ²		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Shelby County					
st of State: ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Anderson County (part) remainder		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Bedford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Benton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Bledsoe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Bradley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Campbell County Cannon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Carroll County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Carter County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cheatham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Chester County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Claiborne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Clay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cocke County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Coffee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Crockett County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Cumberland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Davidson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Decatur County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
DeKalb County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Dickson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Dyer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Fayette County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Fentress County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Franklin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Gibson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Giles County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Grainger County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Greene County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Grundy County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hamblen County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hamilton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hancock County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hardeman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hardin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hawkins County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Haywood County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Henderson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Henry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Hickman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Houston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Humphreys County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jackson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jefferson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Johnson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lake County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lauderdale County					
5		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lewis County					
Lincoln County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
5		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
McMinn County					
McNairy County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Macon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Madison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Marion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Marshall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Maury County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Meigs County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Monroe County Montgomery County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.			

TENNESSEE—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Moore County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Morgan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Obion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Overton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Perry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pickett County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Polk County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Putnam County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rhea County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Roane County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Robertson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rutherford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Scott County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sequatchie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sevier County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Smith County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Stewart County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sullivan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sumner County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tipton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Trousdale County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Unicoi County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Union County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Van Buren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Warren County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Washington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wayne County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Weakley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
White County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Williamson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted. ² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 45. Section 81.344 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Texas—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Texas—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Texas—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Texas-1997

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

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§81.344 Texas. * * * *

TEXAS-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area	Designation			Classification
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Dallas-Fort Worth, TX: ² Collin County Dallas County Denton County Ellis County Johnson County Kaufman County Parker County Rockwall County Tarrant County Wise County Wise County Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX: ² Brazoria County Chambers County Fort Bend County Galveston County Harris County		Nonattainment	·	Moderate. Marginal.

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TEXAS—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Liberty County				
Montgomery County				
Waller County				
est of State: ³				
Anderson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Andrews County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Angelina County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Aransas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Archer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Armstrong County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Atascosa County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Austin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bailey County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bandera County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bastrop County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Baylor County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bexar County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Blanco County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Borden County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bosque County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Bowie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Brazos County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Brewster County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Briscoe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Brooks County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Brown County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Burleson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Burnet County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Caldwell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Callaban County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Callahan County Cameron County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Camp County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Carson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cass County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Castro County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cherokee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Childress County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cochran County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Coke County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Coleman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Collingsworth County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Colorado County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Comal County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Comanche County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Concho County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cooke County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Coryell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cottle County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Crane County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Crockett County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Crosby County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Culberson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dallam County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dawson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Deaf Smith County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Delta County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
DeWitt County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dickens County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Dimmit County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Donley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Duval County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Eastland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ector County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Edwards County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
El Paso County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

TEXAS—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

- · · · ·		Designation		Classification
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Erath County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Falls County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fannin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fayette County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fisher County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Floyd County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Foard County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Franklin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Freestone County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Frio County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gaines County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Garza County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gillespie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Glasscock County Goliad County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gonzales County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gray County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Grayson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gregg County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Grimes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Guadalupe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hale County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hamilton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hansford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hardeman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hardin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Harrison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hartley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Haskell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hays County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hemphill County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Henderson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hidalgo County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hockley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hood County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hopkins County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Houston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Howard County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hudspeth County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hunt County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hutchinson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Irion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jack County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jackson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jasper County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jeff Davis County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jefferson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jim Hogg County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jim Wells County Jones County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Karnes County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kendall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kenedy County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kent County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kerr County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kimble County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
King County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kinney County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kleberg County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Knox Čounty		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
La Salle County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lamar County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lamb County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lampasas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lavaca County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lee County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Leon County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

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TEXAS—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

Designated area imestone County ipscomb County ive Oak County lano County	Date ¹	Туре	Date 1	Туре
ipscomb County ive Oak County				1
ipscomb County ive Oak County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
ive Oak County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
				1
oving County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
ubbock County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
ynn County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
IcCulloch County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
IcLennan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
IcMullen County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
ladison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
larion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Aartin County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
		-		1
lason County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
latagorda County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
laverick County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
ledina County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
lenard County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
lidland County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
filam County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
				1
Aills County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Aitchell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Iontague County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
loore County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Iorris County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Iotley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
lacogdoches County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
lavarro County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
lewton County				1
Iolan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
lueces County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Ochiltree County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Oldham County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Drange County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Palo Pinto County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Panola County				1
Parmer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Pecos County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Polk County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Potter County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Presidio County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Rains County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Randall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
		-		1
Reagan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Real County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Red River County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Reeves County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Refugio County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Roberts County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Robertson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Runnels County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
Rusk County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
				1
abine County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
an Augustine County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
an Jacinto County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
an Patricio County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
an Saba County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Schleicher County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
curry County		-		1
hackelford County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
helby County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sherman County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Smith County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Somervell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
starr County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
				1
tephens County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
terling County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1
tonewall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		1

TEXAS—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Swisher County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Taylor County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Terrell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Terry County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Throckmorton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Titus County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tom Green County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Travis County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Trinity County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Tyler County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Upshur County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Upton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Uvalde County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Val Verde County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Van Zandt County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Victoria County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Walker County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ward County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Washington County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Webb County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wharton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wheeler County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wichita County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilbarger County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Willacy County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Williamson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wilson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Winkler County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wood County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Yoakum County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Young County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Zapata County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Zavala County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 46. Section 81.345 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Utah—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Utah—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Utah—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Utah—1997 8Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.345 Utah.

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UTAH-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Uinta Basin, UT: ² Duchesne County Uintah County Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah & Ouray Reserva- tion ³		Unclassifiable.		
Rest of State and Rest of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes Indian country of the tribe listed in this table located in the identified area. Information pertaining to areas of Indian country in this table is intended for CAA planning purposes only and is not an EPA determination of Indian country status or any Indian country boundary. EPA lacks the authority to establish Indian country land status, and is making no determination of Indian country boundaries, in this table.

■ 47. Section 81.346 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Vermont—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Vermont—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Vermont—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Vermont—1997 **§81.346 Vermont.** 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and * * * * * * Secondary)" to read as follows:

VERMONT-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area ¹		Designation	Classification	
	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре
AQCR 159 Champlain Valley Interstate: Addison County Chittenden County Franklin County Grand Isle County Rutland County AQCR 221 Vermont Intrastate: Bennington County Caledonia County Essex County Lamoille County Orange County Orleans County Washington County Windham County Windsor County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

² This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

48. Section 81.347 is amended as follows:a. By revising the table heading for

"Virginia—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Virginia—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Virginia—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Virginia—1997

VIRGINIA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.347 Virginia.

* * * * *

Designated area ¹	
Designated area '	
ashington, DC-MD-VA: ² Arlington County Fairfax County Uoudoun County Prince William County Alexandria City Fairfax City Falls Church City Manassas City Manassas City Manassas Park City CR 207 Eastern Tennessee—SW Virginia Inter- tate: ³ . Bland County Buchanan County Carroll County Dickenson County Grayson County Lee County Russell County Scott County Scott County Smyth County Tazewell County Wise County Wise County Wise County Wise County Wise County Bristol City Galax City Norton City	

VIRGINIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area ¹	Designation		Classification		
Designated area	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре	
Amelia County					
Amherst County					
Appomattox County					
Bedford County					
Brunswick County Buckingham County					
Campbell County					
Charlotte County					
Cumberland County					
Franklin County					
Halifax County					
Henry County					
Lunenburg County					
Mecklenburg County Nottoway County					
Patrick County					
Pittsylvania County					
Prince Edward County					
Bedford City					
Danville City					
Lynchburg City Martinsville City					
South Boston City					
QCR 223 Hampton Roads Intrastate: ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Isle of Wight County					
James City County					
Southampton County					
York County					
Chesapeake City					
Franklin City Hampton City					
Newport News City					
Norfolk City					
Poquoson City					
Portsmouth City					
Suffolk City					
Virginia Beach City Williamsburg City					
QCR 224 NE Virginia Intrastate: ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Accomack County					
Albemarle County					
Caroline County					
Culpeper County					
Essex County					
Fauquier County Fluvanna County					
Gloucester County					
Greene County					
King and Queen County					
King George County					
King William County					
Lancaster County Louisa County					
Madison County					
Mathews County					
Middlesex County					
Nelson County					
Northampton County					
Northumberland County					
Orange County					
Rappahannock County Richmond County					
Spotsylvania County					
Stafford County					
Westmoreland County					
Charlottesville City					
City of Fredericksburg					
QCR 225 State Capital Intrastate: ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Charles City County		l			

VIRGINIA—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS—Continued [Primary and secondary]

		Designation	Classification	
Designated area ¹	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре
Chesterfield County				
Dinwiddie County				
Goochland County				
Greensville County				
Hanover County Henrico County				
New Kent County				
Powhatan County				
Prince George County				
Surry County				
Sussex County				
Colonial Heights City				
Emporia City				
Hopewell City				
Petersburg City				
Richmond City				
AQCR 226 Valley of Virginia Intrastate: ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Alleghany County		Cholasomable, Manment.		
Augusta County				
Bath County				
Botetourt County				
Clarke County				
Craig County				
Floyd County				
Frederick County				
Giles County				
Highland County				
Montgomery County				
Page County				
Pulaski County				
Roanoke County				
Rockbridge County				
Rockingham County				
Shenandoah County				
Warren County				
Buena Vista City				
Clifton Forge City				
Covington City				
Harrisonburg City				
Lexington City				
Radford City				
Roanoke City				
Salem City				
Staunton City				
Waynesboro City				
Winchester City				

¹This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 49. Section 81.348 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Washington—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Washington—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Washington—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Washington—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

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§81.348 Washington.

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WASHINGTON-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area	Designation ¹		Classification	
	Date ²	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Clark County King County		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

WASHINGTON-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued

[Primary and secondary]

	Designation ¹		Classification	
Designated area	Date ²	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Pierce County Spokane County Thurston County Rest of state and rest of Indian country		Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified. ² This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 50. Section 81.349 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "West Virginia—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "West Virginia-

1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "West Virginia—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table

"West Virginia—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.349 West Virginia.

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WEST VIRGINIA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Decignated area1	Designation		Classification	
Designated area ¹	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре
Barbour County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Berkeley County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Boone County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Braxton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Brooke County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Cabell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Calhoun County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Clay County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Doddridge County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Fayette County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Gilmer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Grant County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Greenbrier County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hampshire County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hancock County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Hardy County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Harrison County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jackson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Jefferson County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Kanawha County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
_ewis County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Lincoln County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Logan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
McDowell County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Varion County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Marshall County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vason County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vercer County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vineral County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
,		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Mingo County				
Monongalia County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Monroe County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Morgan County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nicholas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ohio County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pendleton County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pleasants County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pocahontas County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Preston County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Putnam County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Raleigh County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Randolph County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ritchie County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Roane County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Summers County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Taylor County		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

WEST VIRGINIA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated area ¹		Designation	Classification	
	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре
Tucker County Tyler County Upshur County Wayne County Webster County Wetzel County Wirt County Wood County Wyoming County	······	Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment. Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ Includes any Indian country located in each county or area, unless otherwise noted. ² This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 51. Section 81.350 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Wisconsin—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Wisconsin—1997 8-Hour

Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Wisconsin—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows: §81.350 Wisconsin.

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"Wisconsin—1997 8-Hour Ozone

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WISCONSIN-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

following the newly designated table

Design stad area		Designation	Classification		
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Sheboygan County, WI: ² Sheboygan County		Nonattainment		Marginal.	
Adams County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Ashland County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Barron County 3		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Bayfield County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Brown County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Buffalo County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Burnett County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Calumet County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Chippewa County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Clark County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Columbia County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Crawford County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Dane County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Dodge County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Door County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Douglas County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Dunn County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Eau Claire County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Florence County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Fond du Lac County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Forest County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Grant County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Green County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Green Lake County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Iowa County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Iron County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jackson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Jefferson County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Juneau County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Kewaunee County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
La Crosse County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lafayette County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Langlade County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Lincoln County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Manitowoc County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Marathon County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Marinette County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Marguette County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			
Menominee County ³					

WISCONSIN-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued [Primary and secondary]

Designated and		Designation	Classification	
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Milwaukee County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Monroe County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Oconto County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Oneida County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Outagamie County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Ozaukee County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pepin County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Pierce County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Polk County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Portage County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Price County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Racine County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Richland County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rock County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Rusk County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
St. Croix County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sauk County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Sawyer County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Shawano County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Taylor County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Trempealeau County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vernon County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vilas County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Walworth County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Washburn County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Nashington County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Naukesha County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Naupaca County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Vaushara County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Winnebago County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		
Wood County ³		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

³ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

■ 52. Section 81.351 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Wyoming—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Wyoming—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Wyoming—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Wyoming-1997 8-Hour Ozone

NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

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§81.351 Wyoming. * *

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WYOMING-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Upper Green River Basin Area, WY: ² Lincoln County (part)		Nonattainment		Marginal.

WYOMING-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS-Continued

[Primary and secondary]

	Designation			Classification
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date 1	Туре
Designated area The area of the county north and east of the boundary defined by a line starting at the point defined by the intersection of the southwest corner Section 30 Range (R) 115 West Township (T) 27N and the north- west corner of Section 31 R 115 West T27N of Sublette County at Sublette Coun- ty's border with Lincoln County. From this point the boundary moves to the west 500 feet to Aspen Creek. The boundary follows the centerline of Aspen Creek downstream to the confluence of Aspen Creek and Fontenelle Creek (in R116W T26N, Section 1). From this point the boundary moves generally to the south along the centerline of Fontenelle Creek and Roney Creek (in R115W T24N Section 6). From the con- fluence, the boundary moves generally to the east along the centerline of Fontenelle Creek and into the Fontenelle Reservoir (in R112W T24N Section 6). The boundary moves east southeast along the centerline of the Fontenelle Reservoir and then to- ward the south along the centerline of R111W T24N Section 31 crosses into Sweetwater County. Sublette County Sweetwater County (section 21). From the Green River to where the Green River to ward the south along the centerline of the Green River, where the Green River of the Green River, where the Green River of the Green River, where the Green River of the Green River and the Big Sandy River in R111W T24N Section 21. From this point, the boundary follows the center of the Green River and the Big Sandy River in R109W T22N Section 28). From this point, the boundary moves generally north and east along the centerline of the Big Sandy River to the confluence of Little Sandy Creek (in R106W T25N Section 33). The boun	Date 1	č	Date 1	
erally to the east and north along the cen- terline of Pacific Creek to the confluence of Pacific Creek and Whitehorse Creek (in R103W T26N Section 10). From this point the boundary follows the centerline of				
Whitehorse Ćreek generally to the north- east until it reaches the eastern boundary of Section 1 R103W T26N. From the point where Whitehorse Creek crosses the east- ern section line of Section 1 R103W T26N, the boundary moves straight north along the section line to the southeast corner of				
Section 36 R103W T27N in Sublette Coun- ty where the boundary ends. Rest of State and Rest of Indian Country		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

■ 53. Section 81.352 is amended as follows:

 a. By revising the table heading for "American Samoa—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "American Samoa1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"■ b. By adding a new table entitled

"American Samoa—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "American Samoa—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.352 American Samoa.

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AMERICAN SAMOA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification		
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Territory Wide and Any Areas of Indian Country: American Samoa		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 54. Section 81.353 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Guam—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Guam—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Guam—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Guam—1997 8Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.353 Guam.

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GUAM-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification		
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
Territory Wide and Any Areas of Indian Country: Guam		Unclassifiable/Attainment.			

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 55. Section 81.354 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Northern Mariana Islands—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Northern Mariana Islands—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" ■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Northern Mariana Islands—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Northern Mariana Islands—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)'' to read as follows:

§81.354 Northern Mariana Islands.

* * * * *

NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Designated area		Designation	Classification	
	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре
Northern Mariana Islands and Any Areas of Indian Country.		Unclassifiable/Attainment.		

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 56. Section 81.355 is amended as follows:

■ a. By revising the table heading for "Puerto Rico—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Puerto Rico—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"

■ b. By adding a new table entitled "Puerto Rico—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table "Puerto Rico—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.355 Puerto Rico.

* * * * *

PUERTO RICO—2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS [Primary and secondary]

Designated area 1		Designation	Classification		
Designated area ¹	Date ²	Туре	Date ²	Туре	
All of Puerto Rico AQCR 244	Unclassifiable/Attainment.				

¹ Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

² This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

■ 57. Section 81.356 is amended as follows:

a. By revising the table heading for "Virgin Islands—Ozone (8-Hour Standard)" to read "Virgin Islands1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)"
▶ By adding a new table entitled "Virgin Islands—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" following the newly designated table

"Virgin Islands—1997 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and Secondary)" to read as follows:

§81.356 Virgin Islands.

* * *

VIRGIN ISLANDS-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

		Designation	Classification		
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date ¹	Туре	
All of Virgin Islands AQCR 247: ²	Unclassifiable/Attainment.				

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Includes any Indian country in each county or area, unless otherwise specified.

[FR Doc. 2012–11618 Filed 5–18–12; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Parts 50 and 51

[EPA-HQ-OAR-2010-0885, FRL-9667-9]

RIN 2060-AR32

Implementation of the 2008 National Ambient Air Quality Standards for Ozone: Nonattainment Area Classifications Approach, Attainment Deadlines and Revocation of the 1997 Ozone Standards for Transportation Conformity Purposes

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). ACTION: Final rule.

ACTION. FILLAL FULLE.

SUMMARY: In this final rule, the EPA is establishing the air quality thresholds that define the classifications assigned to all nonattainment areas for the 2008 ozone national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) (the "2008 ozone NAAQS") which were promulgated on March 12, 2008. The EPA is also granting reclassification for selected nonattainment areas that voluntarily reclassified under the 1997 ozone NAAQS. This rule also establishes December 31 of each relevant calendar year as the attainment date for all nonattainment area classification categories. Finally, this rule provides for the revocation of the 1997 ozone NAAQS for transportation conformity purposes to occur 1 year after the effective date of designations for the 2008 ozone NAAQS.

DATES: This rule is effective on July 20, 2012.

ADDRESSES: The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-HO-OAR-2010-0885. All documents in the docket are listed on the http://www.regulations.gov Web site. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., confidential business information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically through http://www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, EPA/DC, EPA West Building, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566-1744, and the telephone number for the Air Docket is (202) 566-1742.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further general information on this rulemaking, contact Dr. Karl Pepple, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (C539–01), Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, phone number (919) 541–2683, or by email at *pepple.karl@epa.gov;* or Mr. Butch Stackhouse, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (C539–01), Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, phone number (919) 541–5208, or by email at

stackhouse.butch@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

Entities potentially affected directly by this final rule include state, local, and tribal governments. Entities potentially affected indirectly by the final rule include owners and operators of sources of emissions [volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_X)] that contribute to ground-level ozone concentrations.

B. Where can I get a copy of this document and other related information?

In addition to being available in the docket, an electronic copy of this notice will be posted at *http://www.epa.gov/air/ozonepollution/actions.html#impl* under "recent actions."

C. How is this notice organized?

The information presented in this notice is organized as follows:

EPA-APPROVED IOWA REGULATIONS State effective Title lowa citation EPA approval date Explanation date Iowa Department of Natural Resources Environmental Protection Commission [567] Linn County 1/30/15 7/28/15 and [Insert Chapter 10 Linn County Air Quality The following definitions are not SIP-approved Ordinance, Chapter Federal Register ciin Chapter 10.2; Anaerobic lagoon, Biomass, Chemical processing plants (ethanol 10 tation]. production facilities that produce ethanol by natural fermentation included in NAICS code 325193 or 312140 are not included in this definition); Federally Enforceable; Greenhouse gases; Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT); MACT floor. The following sections are not SIP approved: 10.4(1), Title V Permits; 10.5(9)"b" Locally Required Permits, Exemptions from the Authorization to Install Permit to Operate Requirements; 10.5(9) "II", Exemption for production painting, adhesive or coating units; 10.8(2)"b" Emissions From Fuel-Burning Equipment; Emission Limitation; Emissions From Fuel-Burning 10.8(3) Equipment, Exemptions for Residential Heaters Burning Solid Fuels; 10.8(4) Emissions from Fuel-Burning Equipment; Nuisance Conditions for Fuel Burning Equipment; 10.9(2), NSPS; 10.9(3), Emission Standards for HAPs; 10.9(4), Emission Standards for HAPs for Source Categories; 10.10(4) Variance from rules; 10.11, Emission of Objectionable Odors: 10.15. Variances, 10.17(13) Continuous Emissions Monitoring from Acid Rain Program, and 10.24, Penalty.

[FR Doc. 2015–18346 Filed 7–27–15; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Parts 52 and 81

[EPA-R04-OAR-2015-0275; FRL-9931-28-Region 4]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans and Designation of Areas; North Carolina; Redesignation of the Charlotte-Rock Hill, 2008 8-Hour Ozone Nonattainment Area to Attainment

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is taking three separate final actions related to a state implementation plan (SIP) revision

submitted by the State of North Carolina, through the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Department of Air Quality (NC DAQ), on April 16, 2015. These final actions are for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte-Rock Hill, North Carolina-South Carolina 2008 8-hour ozone nonattainment area (hereinafter referred to as the "bi-state Charlotte Area" or "Area"). The bi-state Charlotte Area consists of Mecklenburg County in its entirety and portions of Cabarrus, Gaston, Iredell, Lincoln, Rowan and Union Counties, North Carolina; and a portion of York County, South Carolina. Regarding South Carolina's request to redesignate the South Carolina portion of the Area and its maintenance plan for the 2008 8hour ozone NAAQS, EPA will address this in a separate action. In the three actions for the North Carolina bi-state Charlotte Area, EPA determines that the bi-state Charlotte Area is attaining the 2008 8-hour ozone National Ambient

Air Quality Standards (NAAQS); approves and incorporates the State's plan for maintaining attainment of the 2008 8-hour ozone standard in the Area, including the 2014 and 2026 sub-area motor vehicle emission budgets (MVEBs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_X) and volatile organic compounds (VOC) for the North Carolina portion of this Area into the SIP; and redesignates the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area to attainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS. Additionally, EPA finds the 2014 and 2026 sub-area MVEBs for the North Carolina portion of the bistate Charlotte Area adequate for the purposes of transportation conformity. DATES: This rule will be effective August 27, 2015.

ADDRESSES: EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket Identification No. EPA–R04–OAR–2015–0275. All documents in the docket are listed on the *www.regulations.gov* Web site. Although listed in the index, some information may not be publicly

available, *i.e.*, Confidential Business Information or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the Internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically through www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the Air Regulatory Management Section (formerly the Regulatory Development Section), Air Planning and Implementation Branch (formerly the Air Planning Branch), Air, Pesticides and Toxics Management Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street SW., Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8960. EPA requests that if at all possible, you contact the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section to schedule your inspection. The Regional Office's official hours of business are Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., excluding Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sean Lakeman of the Air Regulatory Management Section, Air Planning and Implementation Branch, Air, Pesticides and Toxics Management Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street SW., Atlanta, Georgia 30303–8960. Mr. Lakeman may be reached by phone at (404) 562–9043 or via electronic mail at *lakeman.sean@epa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background for Final Actions

On May 21, 2012, EPA designated areas as unclassifiable/attainment or nonattainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS that was promulgated on March 27, 2008. See 77 FR 30088. The bi-state Charlotte Area was designated as nonattainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAOS and classified as a marginal nonattainment area. On April 16, 2015, NC DAQ requested that EPA redesignate the North Carolina portion of the Area to attainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS and submitted a SIP revision containing the State's plan for maintaining attainment of the 2008 8-hour ozone standard in the Area, including the 2014 and 2026 MVEBs for NO_X and VOC for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area. In a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPR) published on May 21, 2015, EPA proposed to determine that the bi-state Charlotte Area is attaining the 2008 8hour ozone NAAQS; to approve and incorporate into the North Carolina SIP the State's plan for maintaining attainment of the 2008 8-hour ozone standard in the Area, including the 2014 and 2026 MVEBs for NO_X and VOC for the North Carolina potion of the bi-state Charlotte Area; and to redesignate the North Carolina portion of the Area to attainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS. See 80 FR 29250. In that document, EPA also notified the public of the status of the Agency's adequacy determination for the subarea NO_X and VOC MVEBs for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area. The details of North Carolina's submittal and the rationale for EPA's actions are further explained in the NPR. See 80 FR 29250 (May 21, 2015).

II. EPA's Responses to Comments

EPA received two sets of comments on its May 21, 2015, proposed rulemaking actions. Specifically, EPA received adverse comments from the Sierra Club ("Commenter") and comments supporting the proposed actions from one member of the general public.¹ Full sets of these comments are provided in the docket for this final action. *See* Docket number EPA–R04– OAR–2015–0275. A summary of the adverse comments and EPA's responses are provided below.

Comment 1: The Commenter asserts that North Carolina experienced "abnormally cool weather" during the summers of 2013 and 2014 "that reduced the likelihood of ozone formation" and that the design values for the Area would have exceeded the 2008 8-hour ozone standard "but for the uncharacteristically cool summers in 2013 and 2014." Therefore, the Commenter believes that EPA "should decline to issue the requested attainment determination for the Area."

Response 1: EPA disagrees with the Commenter's position that weather should impact EPA's determination that the area has attained the NAAQS pursuant to CAA section 107(d)(3)(E)(i). That factual determination is based solely on air quality monitoring data and on the Agency's evaluation of that data's compliance with 40 CFR part 50, appendix P. Therefore, weather conditions, including any alleged resulting changes in energy demand, are irrelevant in determining whether an area is factually attaining a NAAQS.

Under EPA regulations at 40 CFR part 50, the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS is determined by calculating the three-year average of the annual fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hour average ozone

concentrations at an ozone monitor, also known as a monitor's design value. See 40 CFR part 50, appendix P. When the design value is less than or equal to 0.075 parts per million (ppm) at each monitor within the area, then the area is attaining the NAAQS. The data completeness requirement for evaluating monitoring data for NAAQS attainment is met at each monitor when the average percent of days with valid ambient monitoring data is greater than or equal to 90 percent and no single year has less than 75 percent data completeness as defined in appendix P of 40 CFR part 50. Monitoring data must also be collected and quality-assured in accordance with 40 CFR part 58 and recorded in the EPA's Air Quality System (AQS).

EPA's analysis of monitoring data in the bi-state Charlotte Area supports its determination under section 107(d)(3)(E)(i) that the Area has attained the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS. The design values for each monitor in the Area for the years 2012–2014 are less than or equal to 0.075 ppm, and the data from these monitors during this time period meet the data quality and completeness requirements and are recorded in AQS. Therefore, the bi-state Charlotte Area has attained the 2008 8hour ozone NAAQS in accordance with 40 CFR part 50, appendix P requirements.

Comment 2: The Commenter believes that EPA should disapprove North Carolina's redesignation request because "neither EPA nor DAQ has demonstrated that the recording of a design value below 75 ppb [parts per billion] for the years 2012–2014 is 'due to permanent and enforceable reductions'" as required by CAA section 107(d)(3)(E)(iii). According to the Commenter, EPA and NC DAQ cannot make this demonstration because "but for the uncharacteristically cool summers in 2013 and 2014, a design value above 75 ppb would have been recorded." The Commenter also contends that the "uncharacteristically cool summers in 2013 and 2014" resulted in "unusually low monthly total consumption of electric power' and "starkly lower capacity factors" from Duke Energy's GG Allen and Marshall power plants during those summers and notes that "operation of these plants significantly impacts total NO_X emissions and, thus, overall ozone levels."² Despite the alleged decrease in

¹The supporting comments state that the 2012– 2014 three-year average "support[s] attainment" and that the "[p]rojected NO_X shows decreases in all categories over the next decade, so even if the predicted large projected decreases in on-road NO_X are not met the area should still see an overall decrease in ozone levels."

² The GG Allen plant is located in the portion of Gaston County that is included in the nonattainment area. The Marshall plant is located in Catawba County and is not located within the nonattainment area. During the nonattainment designation in 2012, sources in Catawba County

the capacity factors at these two EGUs, the Commenter states that "the plants still tend to run at a significantly higher capacity factor on peak ozone days."

Response 2: Weather effects are not controllable, and weather is just one of the parameters that allow for ozone formation. EPA does not disagree with the Commenter that ozone season temperatures and precipitation are two readily available parameters that can be used to evaluate the potential weather impacts on ozone concentrations. Ozone is more readily formed on warm, sunny days when the air is stagnant. Conversely, ozone production is generally more limited when it is cloudy, cool, rainy, or windy.³ However, although EPA agrees that the Area experienced cooler and wetter weather during some of the relevant time period, EPA disagrees with the Commenter that the improvement in air quality in the bi-state Charlotte Area was solely the result of "aberrant weather." EPA has examined the weather data presented by the Commenter, and has determined, after conducting its own analysis of the meteorological conditions and the emission reductions occurring during the relevant time period, that the

improvement in air quality in the Area was due to those emissions reductions in accordance with CAA section 107(d)(3)(E)(iii).

As noted above, Federal regulations require EPA to use a three-year average to determine attainment of the 2008 8hour ozone NAAQS. The averaging of values over three years serves to account for some variation in meteorology from year to year. While EPA agrees that 2013 was cooler than the long-term average temperature and may have been less conducive to the formation of ozone, the Agency also notes that the weather conditions in the 2012 ozone season (a season included in the three-year average forming the basis for the attainment determination) were warmer than the long-term average and were more conducive to ozone formation. See Table 1, below.⁴ Furthermore, temperatures in the summer of 2014 are close to the long-term average temperatures. Given the higher than long-term average 2012 temperatures and the near normal⁵ temperatures in 2014, EPA does not agree with the Commenter's conclusion that meteorological conditions during the relevant time period were so unusual or abnormal such that those conditions

alone "provide sufficient justification for EPA to reject DAQ's request for the redesignation of the Area from nonattainment to attainment." To the contrary, the certified data show that the Area attained the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS from 2012 to 2014, a time period with varying meteorological conditions. Preliminary monitoring data from 2015 also indicates that the bi-state Charlotte Area continues to attain the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS.⁶

Table 1 provides temperature and precipitation data for the bi-state Charlotte Area for the ozone seasons (May 1 –September 30) from 2010–2014 obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's National Centers for Environmental Information (NOAA NCEI).7 Specifically, Table 1 provides overall average and average maximum ozone season temperatures and total ozone season precipitation; deviation from the 74-year average ozone season temperature and precipitation (termed the "anomaly"); and the rank of the given year on the 74year (1940–2014) recorded history list. A rank of 74 is given to the hottest or wettest year.

TABLE 1—CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA	TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION O	ZONE SEASON (MAY-SEPTEMBER) DATA ⁸
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Year	Average May-September temperature [degrees F] (anomaly from the long-term average [74.7 degrees F])	Rank [since 1940, scale of 1–74]	Average maximum May-September temperature [degrees F] (anomaly from the long-term average [84.9 degrees F])	Rank [since 1940, scale of 1–74]	Precipitation [inches] (anomaly from the long-term average [18.17 inches])	Rank [since 1940, scale of 1–74]
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	78.0 (+3.3)	73	88.8 (+3.9)	73	17.67 (-0.5)	36
	76.2 (+1.5)	64	87.3 (+2.4)	67	22.1 (+3.93)	58
	75.3 (+0.6)	52	86.3 (+1.4)	54	18.87 (+0.7)	44
	73.9 (-0.8)	21	83.3 (-1.6)	12	22.63 (+4.46)	61
	74.5 (-0.2)	32	84.5 (-0.4)	32	19.01 (+0.84)	46

The data in Table 1 show that both average temperature and precipitation varied significantly from 2010–2014. The rank and anomaly data in Table 1 show that average ozone season temperatures and precipitation were slightly above normal for the year 2012, temperatures were below normal and precipitation was above normal in 2013, and temperatures were near normal and precipitation slightly above normal in 2014. The year 2012 was one of the hottest in the recent past across the Southeast. In fact, a record-setting heat wave occurred in late June through early July 2012, which resulted in high ozone levels measured across the Southeast. Based upon the meteorology analysis, 2012 was hotter, 2013 was cooler, and 2014 was near normal when compared to the long-term average. Therefore, the 2012–2014 period does not appear to be

⁶ This preliminary data is available at EPA's air data Web site: *http://aqsdr1.epa.gov/aqsweb/*

abnormally conducive to low ozone formation and does not undermine EPA's analysis that the attainment in the bi-state Charlotte Area was due to permanent and enforceable reductions.

EPA also evaluated preliminary ozone data and meteorology for May 2015, which is the beginning of the ozone season in the Area. The Commenter provided data to show that the average maximum temperature in May 2015 is

⁷Ozone is monitored from April 1 through October 31 in the bi-state Charlotte Area.

⁸ EPA obtained this weather data from the NOAA NCEI Web site at *http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cag/*.

were not found to contribute to violations of the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS in the bi-state Charlotte Area. See http://www.epa.gov/ozonedesignations/ 2008standards/documents/R4_Charlotte_TSD_ Final.pdf.

³ *http://www.epa.gov/airtrends/weather.html.* ⁴ EPA's use of the phrase "long-term average"

refers to the 74-year averages identified in Table 1.

⁵EPA's analysis is based on weather data from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (see below). NOAA defines "normal" as the "longterm average value of a meteorological element for a certain area. For example, 'temperatures are normal for this time of year[.]' Usually averaged over 30 years." See http://www.erh.noaa.gov/er/ box/glossary.htm.

aqstmp/airdata/download_files.html#Daily. The list of monitors in the bi-state Charlotte Area is available under the Designated Area field in Table 5 of the Ozone detailed information file at http:// www.epa.gov/airtrends/values.html.

higher than the average maximum May temperature over the previous ten years. EPA agrees that the average maximum temperature in May 2015 was above average; in fact, the average maximum temperature was 84 degrees Fahrenheit, which is 4.2 degrees above average and it ranks 67 out of 75 years of recorded data in the bi-state Charlotte Area. However, even with this abnormally warm month, the May 2015 preliminary ozone data indicates that no exceedances of the 75 ppb ozone standard occurred and that the highest 8-hour average was 72 ppb. This data also indicates that although meteorological conditions were conducive to ozone formation, emissions in the Area were low enough not to support the formation of ozone above a level that would exceed the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS. Additionally, preliminary ozone season

data available through June 28, 2015, indicate that the 4th Highest Maximum Daily 8-hour Average value for the bistate Charlotte area monitors from March 1, 2015 through June 28, 2015 is 72 ppb.⁹

The Commenter's focus on meteorological conditions is inconsistent with EPA's analysis of the permanent and enforceable emission reductions that did occur in the area during the relevant time period. Consistent with EPA's longstanding practice and policy, a comparison of nonattainment period emissions with attainment period emissions is a relevant in demonstrating permanent and enforceable emissions reductions. EPA evaluated the ozone precursor emissions data in the Area and found that there were significant reductions in these emissions in multiple source categories from 2011 (a nonattainment year) to 2014 (an attainment year). The

emissions data show that from 2011 to 2014, non-road NO_X and VOC emissions decreased, point source NO_X emissions decreased, and on-road mobile NO_x and VOC emissions have decreased substantially. During this time period, mobile source NO_X emissions decreased by approximately 54.5 tons per summer day (tpsd) (equating to 79 percent of the total NO_X emissions reductions) and mobile source VOC emissions decreased by approximately 26.5 tpsd (equating to 100 percent of the total VOC emissions reductions). It is not necessary for every change in emissions between the nonattainment year and the attainment vear to be permanent and enforceable. Rather, the CAA requires that improvement in air quality necessary for the area to attain the relevant NAAQS must be reasonably attributable to permanent and enforceable emission reductions in emissions.

TABLE 2-NO_X EMISSIONS FOR THE CHARLOTTE 2008 OZONE NAAQS NONATTAINMENT AREA

[Tons per summer day]

Year	Point source	Area source	On-road	Non-road	Total
2011	47.17	6.68	112.13	28.75	194.73
2014	32.38	11.40	60.15	26.26	130.18

TABLE 3-VOC EMISSIONS FOR THE CHARLOTTE 2008 OZONE NAAQS NONATTAINMENT AREA

[Tons per summer day]

Year	Point source	Area source	On-road	Non-road	Total
2011	11.37	46.69	55.35	24.4	137.81
2014	12.03	47.88	34.32	18.89	113.12

The emissions reductions identified in Tables 2 and 3, above, are attributable to numerous measures implemented during this period, including the permanent and enforceable mobile source measures discussed in the NPR such as the Tier 2 vehicle and fuel standards, the large non-road diesel engines rule,¹⁰ heavy-duty gasoline and diesel highway vehicle standards,¹¹ medium and heavy duty vehicle fuel consumption and GHG standards,¹² non-road spark-ignitions and recreational standards,¹³ and the national program for GHG emissions and fuel economy standards. These

mobile source measures have resulted in, and continue to result in, large reductions in NO_X emissions over time due to fleet turnover (*i.e.*, the replacement of older vehicles that predate the standards with newer vehicles that meet the standards). For example, implementation of the Tier 2 standards began in 2004, and as newer, cleaner cars enter the national fleet, these standards continue to significantly reduce NO_X emissions. EPA expects that these standards will reduce NO_X emissions from vehicles by approximately 74 percent by 2030, translating to nearly 3 million tons

annually by 2030.¹⁴ Implementation of the heavy-duty gasoline and diesel highway vehicle standards rule also began in 2004. EPA projects a 2.6 million ton reduction in NO_X emissions by 2030 when the heavy-duty vehicle fleet is completely replaced with newer heavy-duty vehicles that comply with these emission standards.¹⁵

The State calculated the on-road and non-road mobile source emissions contained in Tables 2 and 3 using EPAapproved models and procedures that account for the Federal mobile source measures identified above, fleet turnover, and increased population.^{16 17}

⁹This preliminary data is available at EPA's air data Web site: http://aqsdr1.epa.gov/aqsweb/ aqstmp/airdata/download_files.html#Daily. The list of monitors in the bi-state Charlotte Area is available under the Designated Area field in Table 5 of the Ozone detailed information file at http:// www.epa.gov/airtrends/values.html.

 $^{^{10}\,\}text{EPA}$ estimated that compliance with this rule will cut NO_X emissions from non-road diesel engines by up to 90 percent nationwide.

 $^{^{11}\,}Implementation$ of this rule is expected to achieve a 95 percent reduction in NO_X emissions from diesel trucks and buses.

 $^{^{12}}$ When fully implemented in 2018, this rule is expected to reduce $\rm NO_X$ emissions from the covered vehicles by 20 percent.

 $^{^{13}}$ When fully implemented, the standards will result in an 80 percent reduction in NO $_{\rm X}$ by 2020.

¹⁴ EPA, Regulatory Announcement, EPA420–F– 99–051 (December 1999), available at: http:// www.epa.gov/tier2/documents/f99051.pdf.

¹⁵66 FR 5002, 5012 (January 18, 2001).

¹⁶North Carolina used EPA's MOVES2014 model to calculate on-road emissions factors and EPA's NONROAD 2008a model to quantify off-road emissions.

¹⁷ North Carolina used the interagency consultation process required by 40 CFR part 93 (known as the Transportation Conformity Rule)

Because the model does not include any additional mobile source measures, the large reductions in mobile source emissions quantified in the Area between 2011 and 2014 are the result of the permanent and enforceable mobile source measures listed above and discussed in the NPR.

Regarding the Commenter's discussion of capacity factors at the GG Allen and Marshall power plants and cooling degree days, the Commenter does not attempt to quantify how any decreases in these parameters translate to decreases in NO_X emissions or ozone concentrations; therefore, it is unclear how the changes in capacity factors and cooling degree days support the Commenter's position that EPA cannot redesignate the bi-state Charlotte Area. The data in Table 2, above, demonstrates that the decreases in mobile source NO_X emissions from 2011–2014 are much greater than the decreases in point-source NO_X emissions.

In addition, EPA does not believe that the cooling degree and capacity factor data supports the conclusions reached by the Commenter. The Commenter presents data showing cooling degree days for North Carolina for the past ten years and concludes that the cooler summers in 2013 and 2014 have resulted in a lower demand for air conditioning and thus a lower demand for electric power. EPA acknowledges that the number of cooling degree days in 2013 and 2014 and the total consumption of electricity in North Carolina were lower in 2013 and 2014 than during 2010, 2011, and 2012. However, the Commenter ignores the fact that the numbers of cooling degree days in 2010, 2011, and 2012 were significantly above average. In fact, the number of cooling degree days in 2010 ranks the highest in the 120 years of data available for North Carolina and 2011 ranks the third highest out of those 120 years. In contrast, the number of cooling degree days in 2013 and 2014 were close to the 120-year average-2013 is slightly below the average, but the 2014 cooling degree days are actually above the long-term 120-year average. Also, even within the ten years

of data presented by the Commenter, the number of cooling degree days in 2014 is on par with the number of cooling degree days in 2006, 2008, and 2009. EPA therefore does not agree with the Commenter that the number of cooling degree days in 2013 and 2014 undermines the Agency's conclusion about the causes of the attainment air quality in the Area.

EPA also disagrees with the Commenter's characterization of the capacity factor and electric power usage data presented in its comments. For example, the Commenter provides a figure showing total consumption of electric power in North Carolina for each ozone season for only the last five years (2010 through 2014) and concludes that the electric power consumption in 2013 and 2014 was "unusually low" using this limited time period as its reference point. However, as demonstrated by the meteorological analysis provided in Table 1 of this final action, 2010, 2011, and 2012 are warmer than long-term average years. Therefore, it is not appropriate to conclude that levels in 2013 and 2014 were "unusually low" without evaluating consumption data from a larger time period. EPA also notes that the Commenter's conclusion that ozone season capacity factors in 2012-2014 at the GG Allen and Marshall power plants are "starkly lower than preceding years" that "can be attributed, in part to the aberrantly mild summer weather and the resulting decrease in energy demand" ignores the fact that 2012 had warmer than average summer temperatures and still had capacity factors at those same units that were lower than or comparable to 2014. The Commenter's assertion is also based on the limited 2010–2014 time period that is not representative of long-term meteorological conditions. Therefore, the Commenter has not established a causal connection between differences in ozone season meteorological conditions and capacity factors for these EGUs.

For the reasons discussed above, EPA does not agree with the Commenter that the meteorological data from the relevant time period undermines its analysis and conclusion that the improvement in air quality in the bi-State Charlotte Area is reasonably attributable to the permanent and enforceable emission reductions identified by the State and EPA.

Comment 3: The Commenter states that "as EPA has acknowledged, global climate change likely will lead to significantly higher summer temperatures in the years to come and hotter summers, in turn, will lead to increased ozone formation." The Commenter therefore believes that it is "irrational" for EPA to approve the redesignation request based on data from "two outlying uncharacteristically cool summers" that "Charlotte may not experience again."

Response 3: EPA agrees that climate change is a serious environmental issue; however, EPA does not agree that the redesignation and maintenance plan at issue are flawed because temperatures may increase in the future. Given the potential wide-ranging impacts of climate change on air quality planning, EPA is developing climate adaptation implementation plans to assess the key vulnerabilities to our programs (including how climate change might affect attainment of national ambient air quality standards) and to identify priority actions to minimize these vulnerabilities.

With respect to climate impacts on future ozone levels, EPA's Office of Air and Radiation has identified as a priority action the need to adjust air quality modeling tools and guidance as necessary to account for climate-driven changes in meteorological conditions and meteorologically-dependent emissions. However, EPA has not yet made those changes. The broad range of potential future climate outcomes and variability of projected response to these outcomes limits EPA's ability, at this time, to translate a general expectation that average ozone levels will increase with rising temperatures to specific "actionable" SIP policies at any specific location, including the bi-state Charlotte Area. Thus, EPA believes that it is appropriate to rely upon the existing air quality modeling tools and guidance and applicable CAA provisions to ensure that ozone maintenance areas do not violate the NAAQS (as a result of climate change or any other cause).

As noted above, EPA is currently unable to fully account for the potential impact of climate change on ozone concentrations in the Area. However, there is nothing in the record to suggest that the large emissions reductions of NO_X and VOC projected for the Area over the next 10 years would be outpaced by the potential increase in ozone concentrations caused by climate change over the same time period.

Comment 4: The Commenter contends that EPA should not approve the State's maintenance plan because "DAQ selected 2014 as the base year for the purpose of its maintenance demonstration, which year is not representative of air quality conditions given aberrant weather, and, thus, inappropriately skewed the analysis of future air quality toward an

which requires EPA, the United States Department of Transportation, metropolitan planning organizations, state departments of transportation, and State and local air quality agencies to work together to develop applicable implementation plans. The on-road emissions were generated by an aggregate of the vehicle activity (generated from the travel demand model) on individual roadways multiplied by the appropriate emissions factor from MOVES2014. The assumptions which are included in the travel demand model, such as population, were reviewed through the interagency consultation process.

underestimation of future emissions." According to the Commenter, EPA should "require DAQ to reevaluate the Area's ability to attain and maintain the ozone NAAQS using emissions data from a year (or years) in which summer weather conditions were more typical."

Response 4: As discussed in Response 2, EPÅ does not agree with the Commenter's assertion that the weather in summer 2014 was "unusually cool" when the conditions from that vear are viewed in comparison to a larger data set, and therefore does not agree that NC DAQ selected an inappropriate base vear for a maintenance demonstration. Furthermore, it is unclear how the Commenter concludes that EPA should disapprove the maintenance plan even if the Agency accepted the Commenter's assertion that the weather in 2014 was "aberrant." The maintenance demonstration compares base year emissions to future year emissions. If total future year emissions are above total base year emissions, maintenance is not demonstrated. For some source categories, future year emissions are projected using base year emissions; however, for other source categories, future year emissions projections are independent of base year emissions. Projected emissions for source categories that rely on base year emissions will be proportional to base vear emissions in the same degree regardless of the base year emissions used. It is therefore more likely that an area will fail to demonstrate maintenance using a comparison of total emissions if the baseline is artificially low. In addition, while emissions from some source categories may vary as a result of weather conditions, the overall NO_x and VOC emissions released from year to year across source categories is generally not weather-dependent; therefore, weather does not play a determinative role in the base year to future year emissions comparison.

Comment 5: The Commenter claims that EPA must disapprove the State's maintenance plan because "it fails to specify emissions reductions that are permanent and enforceable. The proposed plan identifies various state and Federal requirements that may apply to the major stationary sources of air pollution located in and in close proximity to the Charlotte Area, however, it fails to present any assurance that such requirements will result in any reduction in emissions." In support, the Commenter references three requirements—North Carolina's Clean Smokestacks Act and EPA's Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) and Cross State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR). As to these three measures, the Commenter

states its belief that they are not permanent and enforceable because they are cap and trade programs that could allow for increased NO_X emissions at Duke Energy's GG Allen and Marshall power plants. The Commenter further states that "DAQ should impose enforceable limits on NO_X emissions from all EGUs [electricity generating units] that are based on available and demonstrated control technology."

Response 5: EPA disagrees with the Commenter. Consistent with EPA guidance, the State's maintenance plan identifies a number of permanent and enforceable requirements, including measures that regulate area, on-road, and off-road sources, and discusses the emissions reductions associated with each measure.¹⁸ *See* 80 FR 29250. In discussing the emissions reductions and status of these measures, the State has provided assurance that these requirements will result in emissions reductions.¹⁹

EPA also disagrees with the Commenter's belief that emission reductions associated with the CSA, CAIR, and CSAPR are not permanent and enforceable simply because the underlying program is an emissions trading program. Cap-and-trade programs provide economic incentives for early reductions in emissions and encourage sources to install controls earlier than required for compliance with future caps on emissions. The flexibility under a cap-and-trade system is not about whether to reduce emissions; rather, it is about how to reduce them at the lowest possible cost. Trading programs require total mass emission reductions by establishing mandatory caps on total emissions to permanently reduce the total mass emissions allowed by sources subject to the programs, validated through rigorous continuous emission monitoring and reporting regimens. The emission caps and associated controls are enforced through the associated SIP rules or federal implementation plans. Any purchase of allowances and increase in emissions by one source necessitates a corresponding sale of allowances and either reduction in emissions or use of banked allowances by another covered source.

Given the regional nature of ozone, the corresponding NO_X emission and/or allowance reduction in one affected area

will have an air quality benefit that will compensate, at least in part, for the impact of any emission increase in another affected area. EPA disagrees with any suggestion that only specific emission limits on units can be considered "reductions." In fact, the information that EPA has evaluated in order to conclude that the bi-State Charlotte Area has met the criteria for redesignation shows that power plant emissions in both the Area and the surrounding region have substantially decreased as a result of cap-and-trade programs, including CAIR. The facts contradict the theoretical concerns raised by the Commenter and show that the emission trading programs, combined with other controls, have improved air quality in the Area.

Moreover, experience has demonstrated that cap and trade programs do successfully generate lasting emission reductions. For example, the NO_X SIP Call and CAIR have successfully reduced transported emissions contributing to ozone nonattainment in areas across the country. Data collected from long-term national air quality monitoring networks demonstrate that these regional cap-andtrade programs have resulted in substantial achievements in air quality caused by emission reductions from power sector sources.²⁰ In 2004, EPA designated 91 areas in the Eastern half of the United States as nonattainment for the 8-hour ozone standard adopted in 1997, using data from 2001–2003. Based on data gathered from 2009-2011, 90 of these original Eastern nonattainment areas show concentrations below the 1997 ozone standard.21

Many states have sought and continue to seek redesignation of their nonattainment areas relying in part on the reductions attributable to these capand-trade programs. See, e.g., 76 FR 59600, 59607 (September 27, 2011) (proposing to redesignate a portion of the Chicago area for the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS), finalized at 76 FR 76302 (December 7, 2011); and 74 FR 63995 (December 7, 2009) (redesignation of Great Smoky Mountain National Park for the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS). The Commenter's contention that EPA and North Carolina may not rely on the substantial emission reductions that have already occurred

¹⁸ See, e.g., Memorandum from John Calcagni, Director, Air Quality Management Division, to Regional Air Directors entitled "Procedures for Processing Requests to Redesignate Areas to Attainment" (September 4, 1992).

¹⁹ See Response 2, above, for further discussion of these permanent and enforceable emissions reductions.

²⁰ See, e.g., EPA, Progress Report 2011—Clean Air Interstate Rule, Acid Rain Program, and Former NO_X Budget Trading Program—Environmental and Health Results Report (March 2013), available at: http://www.epa.gov/airmarkets/documents/ progressreports/ARPCAIR11_environmental_ health.pdf. ²¹ Id. at 12.

from these rules is based on a faulty and rigid interpretation of the CAA would impose a major obstacle for nonattainment areas across the country that have achieved attainment air quality because of the reductions required by the rules. This would unnecessarily undermine a reasonable, proven, and cost-effective approach to combating regional pollution problems.

Of the Federally-enforceable rules relied upon by North Carolina in its redesignation request, the Commenter singles out cap-and-trade programs as insufficiently permanent and enforceable to meet the requirements for redesignation. However, as discussed above, a number of other permanent and enforceable measures have helped contribute to the Area's attainment of the 2008 8-hour ozone standard and ensure maintenance of that standard. There is inherent flexibility in nearly all of these measures, including Federal transportation control measures and SIP emission rate limits, also known as "command-and-control" regulations. For example, the rules do not and cannot account for when and where people drive their cars, nor do they dictate that consumers in a certain area invest in newer, lower-emitting cars. Similarly, emission rate limits limit the rate of emissions per unit of fuel consumed, or parts per million of emissions in the exhaust but do not regulate throughput or hours of operation of the regulated sources. It would be unworkable for EPA to disqualify a requirement as "permanent and enforceable" for the purposes of redesignation simply because the requirement did not require the exact same pollutant emission reduction every hour of every day of every year. North Carolina relied on a suite of requirements that, while inherently allowing for some flexibility, has collectively served to bring the Area into, and to maintain, attainment of the NAAQS.

EPA's position that cap-and-trade programs are permanent and enforceable measures under section 107(d)(3)(E)(iii) was recently upheld by two Federal appellate courts. In the most recent decision, the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit rejected Sierra Club's argument that EPA improperly relied on emissions reductions from cap-and-trade programs such as the NO_X SIP Call, CAIR, and CSAPR in redesignating the Cincinnati-Hamilton nonattainment area for the 1997 PM_{2.5} NAAQS. Sierra Club v. EPA, 781 F.3d 299 (6th Cir. 2015). This decision is consistent with the opinion of the United States Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit in Sierra Club v.

EPA, 774 F.3d 383 (7th Cir. 2014) that EPA could rely on the NO_X SIP Call capand-trade program as a permanent and enforceable measure in redesignating the Milwaukee-Racine, Greater Chicago, and St. Louis (Illinois portion) nonattainment areas to attainment for the 1997 8-hour ozone NAAQS.

EPA also notes that North Carolina's maintenance plan provides for verification of continued attainment by performing future reviews of triennial emissions inventories and also for contingency measures to ensure that the NAAQS is maintained into the future if monitored increases in ambient ozone concentrations occur. *See* 80 FR 29250. For this and the above reasons, EPA disagrees with the Commenter's position that the State failed to identify permanent and enforceable emissions reductions in its maintenance plan.

Regarding the need for additional controls at the GG Allen and Marshall power plants, EPA has concluded that the Area has attained, and will maintain, the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS with the permanent and enforceable measures identified in the State's submission and in EPA's NPR. EPA also notes that the Marshall Steam Plant is not located within the bi-state Charlotte Area nonattainment boundary, and is therefore not included in the emissions comparison portion of the maintenance demonstration. Furthermore, continued nonattainment status for this Area would not require any further emissions controls for either power plant under their current configurations.

Comment 6: The Commenter believes that redesignating the bi-state Charlotte Area would "eliminate needed additional air quality planning requirements and jeopardize public health by delaying permanent attainment for the area." According to the Commenter, the Area "consistently records higher asthma rates than the entire state. Moreover, the impacts of ozone pollution have significant environmental justice implications as African Americans carry a disproportionate asthma burden compared with whites in North Carolina." The Commenter therefore concludes that EPA should not redesignate the Area and that "[b]efore making a final decision on whether or not to approve DAQ's redesignation request, EPA must evaluate the environmental justice implications of such action and, if it still determines that redesignation is justified, must allow for additional public comment on any proposed action.'

Response 6: As noted in EPA's May 21, 2015 NPR, Executive Order 12898

establishes Federal executive policy on environmental justice. Its main provision directs Federal agencies, to the greatest extent practicable and permitted by law, to make environmental justice part of their mission by identifying and addressing, as appropriate, disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of their programs, policies, and activities on minority populations and low-income populations in the United States. These final actions do not relax control measures on existing sources and therefore will not cause emissions increases from those sources. Thus, these actions will not have an adverse human health or environmental effect on any individuals, including minority or low-income populations. As discussed above and in EPA's May 21, 2015 NPR, the Area has attained the 2008 8-hour NAAQS through permanent and enforceable measures, emissions in the Area are projected to decline following the redesignation, and the maintenance plan demonstrates that the Area will continue to meet the NAAQS for the next ten years and includes contingency measures to quickly address any NAAQS violations. While the Commenter has expressed a general concern that this action will "eliminate needed additional air quality planning requirements and jeopardize public health by delaying permanent attainment," the Commenter has not identified any specific requirements of concern or any specific information on the potential emissions impact that would arise if those requirements were not in place. Such future emission impacts are speculative, and to the extent that emissions in fact increase in the future to levels that would impact NAAQS maintenance—which EPA does not think will happen—the Agency could take future action to address actual emissions in the Area.

III. What are the effects of these actions?

Approval of North Carolina's redesignation request changes the legal designation of Mecklenburg County in its entirety and portions of Cabarrus, Gaston, Iredell, Lincoln, Rowan and Union Counties in the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area, found at 40 CFR 81.334, from nonattainment to attainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS. Approval of North Carolina's associated SIP revision also incorporates a plan for maintaining the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS in the bi-state Charlotte Area through 2026. The maintenance plan establishes NO_X and VOC MVEBs for 2014 and 2026 for

the North Carolina portion of the bistate Charlotte Area and includes contingency measures to remedy any future violations of the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS and procedures for evaluation of potential violations. The sub-area MVEBs for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area along with the allocations from the safety margin are provided in the tables below.²²

TABLE 4—CABARRUS ROWAN METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION SUB-AREA MVEBS

[kg/day]

	2014		2026	
	NO _X	VOC	$NO_{\rm X}$	VOC
Base Emissions Safety Margin Allocated to MVEB Conformity MVEB	11,814	7,173	3,124 625	3,135 627
	11,814		3,749	3,762

TABLE 5—GASTON-CLEVELAND-LINCOLN METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION SUB-AREA MVEBS

[kg/day]

	2014		2026	
	NO _X	VOC	NO _X	VOC
Base Emissions Safety Margin Allocated to MVEB	10,079	5,916	2,482 510	2,278 470
Conformity MVEB	10,079	5,916	2,992	2,748

TABLE 6—CHARLOTTE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ORGANIZATION—ROCKY RIVER RURAL PLANNING ORGANIZATION SUB-AREA MVEBS

[kg/day]

	2014		2026	
	NO _X	VOC	NO _X	VOC
Base Emissions Safety Margin Allocated to MVEB	32,679	18,038	8,426 1,515	8,189 1,472
Conformity MVEB	32,679	18,038	9,941	9,661

IV. Final Actions

EPA is taking three separate final actions regarding the bi-state Charlotte Area's redesignation to attainment and maintenance of the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS. First, EPA is determining that the bi-state Charlotte Area is attaining the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS based on complete, quality-assured and certified monitoring data for the 2012–2014 monitoring period.

Second, EPA is approving and incorporating the maintenance plan for the bi-state Charlotte Area, including the sub-area NO_X and VOC MVEBs for 2014 and 2026, into the North Carolina SIP. The maintenance plan demonstrates that the Area will continue to maintain the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS, and the sub-area budgets meet all of the adequacy criteria contained in 40 CFR 93.118(e)(4) and (5).

Third, EPA is determining that North Carolina has met the criteria under CAA

section 107(d)(3)(E) for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area for redesignation from nonattainment to attainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS. On this basis, EPA is approving North Carolina's redesignation request for the 2008 8hour ozone NAAQS for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area. As mentioned above, approval of the redesignation request changes the official designation of Mecklenburg County in its entirety and portions of Cabarrus, Gaston, Iredell, Lincoln, Rowan and Union Counties in the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area for the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAOS from nonattainment to attainment, as found at 40 CFR part 81.

EPA is also notifying the public that EPA finds the newly-established subarea NO_X and VOC MVEBs for the bistate Charlotte Area adequate for the purpose of transportation conformity. Within 24 months from this final rule, the transportation partners will need to demonstrate conformity to the new subarea NO_X and VOC MVEBs pursuant to 40 CFR 93.104(e).

V. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, redesignation of an area to attainment and the accompanying approval of the maintenance plan under CAA section 107(d)(3)(E) are actions that affect the status of geographical area and do not impose any additional regulatory requirements on sources beyond those required by state law. A redesignation to attainment does not in and of itself impose any new requirements, but rather results in the application of requirements contained in the CAA for areas that have been redesignated to attainment. Moreover, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. See 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions,

 $^{^{22}}$ North Carolina has chosen to allocate a portion of the available safety margin to the NO_X and VOC MVEBs for 2026. NC DAQ has allocated 2.93 tpd

⁽²⁶⁵⁰ kg/day) to the 2026 $\rm NO_X$ MVEB and 2.83 tpd (2,569 kg/day) to the 2026 VOC MVEB. After allocation of the available safety margin, the

remaining safety margin was calculated as 59.72 tpd for NO $_{\rm X}$ and 10.15 tpd for VOC.

EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, these actions merely approve state law as meeting Federal requirements and do not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state or Federal law. For these reasons, these actions:

• Are not a significant regulatory actions subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);

• Do not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);

• Are certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);

• Do not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);

• Do not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);

• Are not economically significant regulatory actions based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);

• Are not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);

• Are not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and • Will not have disproportionate human health or environmental effects under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

The SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000), nor will it impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law.

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small **Business Regulatory Enforcement** Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the Federal Register. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by September 28, 2015. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. *See* section 307(b)(2).

List of Subjects

40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

40 CFR Part 81

Environmental protection, Air pollution control.

Dated: July 17, 2015.

Heather McTeer Toney,

Regional Administrator, Region 4. 40 CFR parts 52 and 81 are amended as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

Subpart II—North Carolina

■ 2. In § 52.1770, the table in paragraph (e) is amended by adding a new entry "2008 8-hour ozone Maintenance Plan for the North Carolina portion of the bistate Charlotte Area" at the end of the table to read as follows:

§ 52.1770 Identification of plan.

(e) * * *

EPA-APPROVED NORTH CAROLINA NON-REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Prov	vision	State effective date	EPA approval date	Federal Register	citation	Explanation
*	*	*	*	*	*	*
	Maintenance Plan for a portion of the bi- ea.	4/16/2015	7/28/2015	[insert Federal Register ci	tation]	

PART 81—DESIGNATION OF AREAS FOR AIR QUALITY PLANNING PURPOSES

■ 3. The authority citation for part 81 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

■ 4. In § 81.334, the table entitled "North Carolina—2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS (Primary and secondary)" is amended by revising the entries for "Charlotte-Rock Hill, NC–SC," "Cabarrus County (part)," "Gaston County (part)," "Iredell County (part)," "Lincoln County (part)," "Mecklenburg County," "Rowan County (part)," and "Union County (part)" to read as follows:

§81.334 North Carolina.

* * * *

NORTH CAROLINA-2008 8-HOUR OZONE NAAQS

[Primary and secondary]

Design stad and	Desig	Designation		
Designated area	Date ¹	Туре	Date 1	Туре
Charlotte-Rock Hill, NC-SC ²	This action is effective 7/ 28/2015.	Attainment		
Cabarrus County (part)	20/20 101			
Central Cabarrus Township, Concord Township,				
Georgeville Township, Harrisburg Township,				
Kannapolis Township, Midland Township, Mount				
Pleasant Township, New Gilead Township, Odell				
Township, Poplar Tent Township, Rimertown Town-				
ship				
Gaston County (part)				
Crowders Mountain Township, Dallas Township, Gas-				
tonia Township, Riverbend Township, South Point				
Township				
redell County (part)				
Davidson Township, Coddle Creek Township				
_incoln County (part)				
Catawba Springs Township, Ironton Township, Lincolnton Township				
Mecklenburg County				
Rowan County (part)				
Atwell Township, China Grove Township, Franklin				
Township, Gold Hill Township, Litaker Township,				
Locke Township, Providence Township, Salisbury				
Township, Steele Township, Unity Township				
Jnion County (part)				
Goose Creek Township, Marshville Township, Monroe				
Township, Sandy Ridge Township, Vance Town-				
ship				
* * *	*	*	*	*

¹ This date is July 20, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

² Excludes Indian country located in each area, unless otherwise noted.

* * * * * * [FR Doc. 2015–18345 Filed 7–27–15; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 97

[FRL-9931-40-OAR]

Allocations of Cross-State Air Pollution Rule Allowances From New Unit Set-Asides for the 2015 Compliance Year

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Final rule; notice of data availability (NODA).

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is providing notice of emission allowance allocations to certain units under the new unit setaside (NUSA) provisions of the Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) federal implementation plans (FIPs) and is responding to objections to preliminary calculations. EPA has completed final calculations for the first round of NUSA allowance allocations for the 2015 compliance year and has posted spreadsheets containing the calculations on EPA's Web site. The final allocations are unchanged from the preliminary calculations. EPA will record the allocated allowances in sources' Allowance Management System (AMS) accounts by August 1, 2015.

DATES: July 28, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Questions concerning this action should be addressed to Robert Miller at (202) 343–9077 or *miller.robertl@epa.gov* or to Kenon Smith at (202) 343–9164 or *smith.kenon@epa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the CSAPR FIPs, a portion of each state budget for each of the four CSAPR emissions trading programs is reserved as a NUSA from which allowances are allocated to eligible units through an annual one- or two-round process. In a NODA published in the **Federal Register** on June 1, 2015 (80 FR 30988), EPA described the allocation process and provided notice of preliminary calculations for the first-round 2015 NUSA allowance allocations. EPA also

described the process for submitting any objections to the preliminary calculations.

In response to the June 1 NODA, EPA received three timely written objections, two late written objections, and several telephone inquiries. The objections and inquiries all concerned the question of whether EPA is correct to exclude emissions that occurred before a unit's monitor certification deadline from the emissions data used to calculate the NUSA allowance allocations. As explained below, under the regulations such emissions are properly excluded because they are not emissions during a "control period."

Under the CSAPR FIPs, an eligible unit's first-round NUSA allowance allocation for a given compliance year is generally based on the unit's emissions "during the immediately preceding control period" (that is, the control period in the year before the compliance year).¹ An eligible unit's second-round NUSA allowance allocation for a given

¹40 CFR 97.412(a)(4)(i), 97.512(a)(4)(i), 97.612(a)(4)(i), and 97.712(a)(4)(i). First-round NUSA allocations may be affected by first-round NUSA over-subscription and rounding.

medications, and regular health screenings as determined necessary by a licensed veterinarian consistent with local veterinary practice standards. Proof of compliance with these requirements must be documented and accessible in the VA CLC or MHRRTP.

(F) Animals may be present on NCA property for ceremonial purposes during committal services, interments, and other memorials, if the presence of such animals would not compromise public safety, facilities and grounds care, and maintenance control standards.

(x) For purposes of this section, a disability means, with respect to an individual, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities of the individual; a record of such an impairment; or being regarded as having such an impairment.

(OMB has approved the information collection requirements in this section under control number XXXX–XXXX.) * * * * * (Authority: 38 U.S.C. 901, 40 U.S.C. 3103)

[FR Doc. 2015–20182 Filed 8–14–15; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8320–01–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 80

[EPA-HQ-OAR-2015-0208; FRL-9931-94-OAR]

RIN 2060-AS64

Approval of North Carolina's Request To Relax the Federal Reid Vapor Pressure Gasoline Volatility Standard for Mecklenburg and Gaston Counties

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is taking direct final action to approve a request from the state of North Carolina for the EPA to relax the Reid Vapor Pressure (RVP) standard applicable to gasoline introduced into commerce from June 1 to September 15 of each year for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties. Specifically, the EPA is approving amendments to the regulations to allow the RVP standard for the two counties to rise from 7.8 pounds per square inch (psi) to 9.0 psi for gasoline. The EPA has determined that this change to the federal RVP regulation is consistent with the applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act (CAA). This action is being taken without prior proposal because the EPA believes that this

rulemaking is noncontroversial for the reasons set forth in this preamble, and due to the limited scope of this action.

DATES: This rule is effective on October 16, 2015 without further notice, unless EPA receives adverse comment by September 16, 2015. If EPA receives adverse comment, we will publish a timely withdrawal in the **Federal Register** informing the public that the rule will not take effect.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments. identified by Docket ID No. EPA-HQ-OAR-2015-0208, to the Federal eRulemaking Portal: http:// www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Once submitted, comments cannot be edited or withdrawn. The EPA may publish any comment received to its public docket. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Multimedia submissions (audio, video, etc.) must be accompanied by a written comment. The written comment is considered the official comment and should include discussion of all points vou wish to make. The EPA will generally not consider comments or comment contents located outside of the primary submission (*i.e.*, on the web, cloud, or other file sharing system). For additional submission methods, the full EPA public comment policy, information about CBI or multimedia submissions, and general guidance on making effective comments, please visit http://www2.epa.gov/dockets/ commenting-epa-dockets.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patty Klavon, Office of Transportation and Air Quality, Environmental Protection Agency, 2000 Traverwood Drive, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 48105; telephone number: (734) 214–4476; fax number: (734) 214–4052; email address: *klavon.patty@epa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The contents of this preamble are listed in the following outline:

- I. General Information
- II. Action Being Taken
- III. History of the Gasoline Volatility Requirement
- IV. The EPA's Policy Regarding Relaxation of Gasoline Volatility Standards in Ozone Nonattainment Areas That Are Redesignated as Attainment Areas
- V. North Carolina's Request to Relax the Federal Gasoline RVP Requirement for Mecklenburg and Gaston Counties
- VI. Final Action
- VII. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews
- VIII. Legal Authority and Statutory Provisions

I. General Information

A. Why is the EPA issuing a direct final rule?

The EPA is making this revision as a direct final rule without prior proposal because the EPA views this revision as noncontroversial and anticipates no adverse comment. The rationale for this rulemaking is described in detail below. In the Proposed Rules section of this Federal Register, the EPA is publishing a separate document that will serve as the proposal to approve this revision to the RVP gasoline standard that applies in Mecklenburg and Gaston counties should adverse comments be filed. If the EPA receives no adverse comment, the EPA will not take further action on the proposed rule. If the EPA receives adverse comment on this rule or any portion of this rule, the EPA will withdraw the direct final rule or the portion of the rule that received adverse comment. All public comments received will then be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on the proposed rule. The EPA will not institute a second comment period on this rulemaking. Any parties interested in commenting must do so at this time.

B. Does this action apply to me?

Entities potentially affected by this rule are fuel producers and distributors who do business in North Carolina.

Examples of potentially regulated entities	NAICS ¹ codes
Petroleum refineries Gasoline Marketers and Dis-	324110
tributors	424710 424720
Gasoline Retail Stations	447110
Gasoline Transporters	484220 484230

The above table is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide for readers regarding entities likely to be regulated by this action. The table lists the types of entities of which the EPA is aware that potentially could be affected by this rule. Other types of entities not listed on the table could also be affected by this rule. To determine whether your organization could be affected by this rule, you should carefully examine the regulations in 40 CFR 80.27. If you have questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, call the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION **CONTACT** section of this preamble.

¹North American Industry Classification System.

C. What should I consider as I prepare my comments?

1. Submitting CBI

Do not submit CBI to the EPA through www.regulations.gov or email. Clearly mark the part or all of the information that you claim to be CBI. For CBI information in a disk or CD-ROM that you mail to the EPA, mark the outside of the disk or CD-ROM as CBI and then identify electronically within the disk or CD-ROM the specific information that is claimed as CBI. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket. Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2.

2. Tips for Preparing Your Comments

When submitting comments, remember to:

• Identify the rulemaking by docket number and other identifying information (subject heading, **Federal Register** date and page number).

• Follow directions—The EPA may ask you to respond to specific questions or organize comments by referencing a Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part or section number.

• Explain why you agree or disagree, suggest alternatives, and substitute language for your requested changes.

• Describe any assumptions and provide any technical information and/ or data that you used.

• If you estimate potential costs or burdens, explain how you arrived at your estimate in sufficient detail to allow for it to be reproduced.

• Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns, and suggest alternatives.

• Explain your views as clearly as possible, avoiding the use of profanity or personal threats.

• Make sure to submit your comments by the comment period deadline identified.

3. Docket Copying Costs

You may be required to pay a reasonable fee for copying docket materials.

II. Action Being Taken

This direct final rule approves a request from the state of North Carolina to change the summertime gasoline RVP standard for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi by amending the EPA's regulations at 40 CFR 80.27(a)(2). In a previous

rulemaking, the EPA approved a redesignation request and maintenance plan for the Charlotte-Gastonia-Salisbury, North Carolina 2008 ozone area ("the Charlotte area") and a CAA section 110(l) non-interference demonstration that relaxing the federal RVP gasoline requirement from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi for gasoline sold from June 1 to September 15 of each year in Mecklenburg and Gaston counties would not interfere with maintenance of the national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) in the Charlotte area. Mecklenburg and Gaston counties are part of the Charlotte area. For more information on North Carolina's redesignation request and maintenance plan for the Charlotte area, please refer to Docket ID. No. EPA-R04-OAR-2015-0275 for the rulemaking that was signed on July 17, 2015. The preamble for this rulemaking is organized as follows: Section III. provides the history of the federal gasoline volatility regulation. Section IV. describes the policy regarding relaxation of volatility standards in ozone nonattainment areas that are redesignated as attainment areas. Section V. provides information specific to North Carolina's request for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties. Finally, Section VI. presents the final action in response to North Carolina's request.

III. History of the Gasoline Volatility Requirement

On August 19, 1987 (52 FR 31274), the EPA determined that gasoline nationwide was becoming increasingly volatile, causing an increase in evaporative emissions from gasolinepowered vehicles and equipment. Evaporative emissions from gasoline, referred to as volatile organic compounds (VOC), are precursors to the formation of tropospheric ozone and contribute to the nation's ground-level ozone problem. Exposure to groundlevel ozone can reduce lung function, thereby aggravating asthma and other respiratory conditions, increase susceptibility to respiratory infection, and may contribute to premature death in people with heart and lung disease.

The most common measure of fuel volatility that is useful in evaluating gasoline evaporative emissions is RVP. Under CAA section 211(c), the EPA promulgated regulations on March 22, 1989 (54 FR 11868) that set maximum limits for the RVP of gasoline sold during the regulatory control periods that were established on a state-by-state basis in the final rule. The regulatory control periods addressed the portion of the year when peak ozone concentrations were expected. These regulations constituted Phase I of a twophase nationwide program, which was designed to reduce the volatility of gasoline during the high ozone season. On June 11, 1990 (55 FR 23658), the EPA promulgated more stringent volatility controls as Phase II of the volatility control program. These requirements established maximum gasoline RVP standards of 9.0 psi or 7.8 psi (depending on the state, the month, and the area's initial ozone attainment designation with respect to the 1-hour ozone NAAQS.)

The 1990 CAA Amendments established a new section 211(h) to address fuel volatility. CAA section 211(h) requires the EPA to promulgate regulations making it unlawful to sell, offer for sale, dispense, supply, offer for supply, transport, or introduce into commerce gasoline with an RVP level in excess of 9.0 psi during the high ozone season. CAA section 211(h) also prohibits the EPA from establishing a volatility standard more stringent than 9.0 psi in an attainment area, except that the EPA may impose a lower (more stringent) standard in any former ozone nonattainment area redesignated to attainment.

On December 12, 1991 (56 FR 64704), the EPA modified the Phase II volatility regulations to be consistent with CAA section 211(h). The modified regulations prohibited the sale of gasoline with an RVP above 9.0 psi in all areas designated attainment for ozone, effective January 13, 1992. For areas designated as nonattainment, the regulations retained the original Phase II standards published on June 11, 1990 (55 FR 23658), which included the 7.8 psi ozone season limitation for certain areas. As stated in the preamble to the Phase II volatility controls and reiterated in the proposed change to the volatility standards published in 1991, the EPA will rely on states to initiate changes to their respective volatility programs. The EPA's policy for approving such changes is described below in Section IV. of this action.

The state of North Carolina has initiated this change by requesting that the EPA relax the 7.8 psi gasoline RVP standard to 9.0 psi for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties, which are subject to the 7.8 gasoline RVP requirement during the summertime ozone season. Accordingly, the state of North Carolina provided a technical demonstration showing that relaxing the federal gasoline RVP requirements in the two counties from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi would not interfere with maintenance of the NAAQS in the Charlotte area or with any other applicable CAA requirement.

IV. The EPA's Policy Regarding Relaxation of Gasoline Volatility Standards in Ozone Nonattainment Areas That Are Redesignated as Attainment Areas

As stated in the preamble for the EPA's amended Phase II volatility standards (56 FR 64706), any change in the volatility standard for a nonattainment area that was subsequently redesignated as an attainment area must be accomplished through a separate rulemaking that revises the applicable standard for that area. Thus, for former 1-hour ozone nonattainment areas where the EPA mandated a Phase II volatility standard of 7.8 psi RVP in the December 12, 1991 rulemaking, the federal 7.8 psi RVP gasoline requirement remains in effect, even after such an area is redesignated to attainment, until a separate rulemaking is completed that relaxes the federal RVP gasoline standard in that area from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi.

As explained in the December 12, 1991 rulemaking, the EPA believes that relaxation of an applicable gasoline RVP standard is best accomplished in conjunction with the redesignation process. In order for an ozone nonattainment area to be redesignated as an attainment area, CAA section 107(d)(3) requires the state to make a showing, pursuant to CAA section 175A, that the area is capable of maintaining attainment for the ozone NAAQS for ten years. Depending on the area's circumstances, this maintenance plan will either demonstrate that the area is capable of maintaining attainment for ten years without the more stringent gasoline volatility standard or that the more stringent gasoline volatility standard may be necessary for the area to maintain its attainment with the ozone NAAOS. Therefore, in the context of a request for redesignation, the EPA will not relax the gasoline volatility standard unless the state requests a relaxation and the maintenance plan demonstrates to the satisfaction of the EPA that the area will maintain attainment for ten years without the need for the more stringent volatility standard.

North Carolina requested relaxation of the federal RVP gasoline standard from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties concurrent with its request that the EPA approve a redesignation request and maintenance plan for the Charlotte area for the 2008 ozone NAAQS.

V. North Carolina's Request To Relax the Federal Gasoline RVP Requirement for Mecklenburg and Gaston Counties

On March 11, 2015, the state of North Carolina, through the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR), submitted a redesignation request and maintenance plan for the Charlotte area, which was classified as Marginal for the 2008 ozone NAAQS. Mecklenburg and Gaston counties are part of the Charlotte area. Additionally, the state submitted a CAA section 110(l) non-interference demonstration that removal of the federal RVP requirement of 7.8 psi for gasoline during the summertime ozone season in Mecklenburg and Gaston counties would not interfere with maintenance of any NAAQS, including the 2008 ozone NAAQS. Specifically, the state provided a technical demonstration showing that relaxing the federal gasoline RVP requirement in the two counties from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi would not interfere with maintenance of the ozone NAAOS in the Charlotte area or with any other applicable requirement of the CAA.

Ín a rulemaking that was signed on July 17, 2015, the EPA evaluated and approved North Carolina's March 11, 2015 redesignation request and maintenance plan for the Charlotte area. See Docket ID. No. EPA–R04–OAR– 2015–0275. In a separate rulemaking signed on July 17, 2015, the EPA approved North Carolina's noninterference demonstration for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties. See Docket ID. No. EPA–R04–OAR–2015– 0260.²

Both rulemakings were subject to public notice-and-comment. The EPA received two comments on the redesignation request and maintenance plan rulemaking, and those comments were addressed in the final rule for that rulemaking. The comments received can be found in the docket for that rulemaking (Docket ID. No. EPA–R04– OAR–2015–0275). No comments were received on the non-interference demonstration for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties (Docket ID. No. EPA– R04–OAR–2015–0260).

In this action, the EPA is taking the second and final step in the process to approve North Carolina's request to relax the summertime ozone season gasoline RVP standard for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi. Specifically, the EPA is amending the applicable gasoline RVP standard from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi provided at 40

CFR 80.27(a)(2) for the two counties. This action to approve North Carolina's request to relax the summertime ozone season RVP standard for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi is based on the EPA's previous approval of North Carolina's March 11, 2015 redesignation request and maintenance plan for the Charlotte area, as well as the non-interference demonstration. This approval is also based on the fact that the Charlotte area is currently in attainment for both the 1997 ozone NAAQS and the 2008 ozone NAAQS.

VI. Final Action

The EPA is taking direct final action to approve the request from North Carolina for the EPA to relax the RVP applicable to gasoline introduced into commerce from June 1 to September 15 of each year in Mecklenburg and Gaston counties. Specifically, this action amends the applicable gasoline RVP standard from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi provided at 40 CFR 80.27(a)(2) for Mecklenburg and Gaston counties.

The EPA is making this revision without prior proposal because the EPA views the revision as noncontroversial and anticipates no adverse comment. However, in the Proposed Rules section of this Federal Register, the EPA is publishing a separate document that will serve as the proposal to approve this revision to the gasoline RVP standard that applies in Mecklenburg and Gaston counties should adverse comments be filed. This rule will become effective October 16, 2015 without further notice unless the EPA receives adverse comments by September 16, 2015.

If the EPA receives adverse comments on the rule or any portion of the rule, the EPA will withdraw the direct final rule or the portion of the rule that received adverse comment. The EPA will publish a timely withdrawal in the Federal Register indicating which provisions will become effective and which provisions are being withdrawn. All public comments received will then be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on the proposed rule. The EPA will not institute a second comment period on the subsequent final action. Any parties interested in commenting must do so at this time. If no such comments are received, the public is advised that this rule will become effective on October 16, 2015 and no further action will be taken on the proposed rule.

² On March 11, 2015, the NCDENR requested that the EPA parallel process the approval of the submission.

VII. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

A. Executive Order 12866: Regulatory Planning and Review and Executive Order 13563: Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review

This action is not a "significant regulatory action" under the terms of Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and is therefore not subject to review under Executive Orders 12866 and 13563. (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011).

B. Paperwork Reduction Act

This action does not impose any new information collection burden under the provisions of the *Paperwork Reduction Act,* 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.,* and therefore is not subject to these requirements.

C. Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA)

I certify that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the RFA. In making this determination, the impact of concern is any significant adverse economic impact on small entities. An agency may certify that a rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities if the rule relieves regulatory burden, has no net burden or otherwise has a positive economic effect on the small entities subject to the rule. The small entities subject to the requirements of this action are refiners, importers or blenders of gasoline that choose to produce or import low RVP gasoline for sale in North Carolina and gasoline distributers and retail stations in North Carolina. This action relaxes the federal RVP standard for gasoline sold in Mecklenburg and Gaston counties during the summertime ozone season (June 1 to September 15 of each year) to allow the RVP for gasoline sold in Mecklenburg and Gaston counties to rise from 7.8 psi to 9.0 psi. This rule does not impose any requirements or create impacts on small entities beyond those, if any, already required by or resulting from the CAA section 211(h) Volatility Control program. We have therefore concluded that this action will have no net regulatory burden for all directly regulated small entities.

D. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA)

This final rule does not contain an unfunded mandate of \$100 million or more as described in UMRA, 2 U.S.C. 1531–1538, and does not significantly or uniquely affect small governments. The action implements mandates specifically and explicitly set forth in CAA section 211(h) without the exercise of any policy discretion by the EPA.

E. Executive Order 13132 (Federalism)

This action does not have federalism implications. It will not have substantial direct effects on the states, on the relationship between the national government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

F. Executive Order 13175: Consultation and Coordination With Indian Tribal Governments

This action does not have tribal implications, as specified in Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000). This final rule affects only those refiners, importers or blenders of gasoline that choose to produce or import low RVP gasoline for sale in the Birmingham area and gasoline distributers and retail stations in the Birmingham area. Thus, Executive Order 13175 does not apply to this action.

G. Executive Order 13045: Protection of Children From Environmental Health and Safety Risks

The EPA interprets Executive Order 13045 as applying only to those regulatory actions that concern environmental health or safety risks that the EPA has reason to believe may disproportionately affect children, per the definition of "covered regulatory action" in section 2–202 of the Executive Order. This action is not subject to Executive Order 13045 because it approves a state program.

H. Executive Order 13211: Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use

This action is not subject to Executive Order 13211 because it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

I. National Technology Transfer Advancement Act

This action does not involve technical standards.

J. Executive Order 12898: Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations

The EPA believes the human health or environmental risk addressed by this action will *not* have potential disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority, low-income or indigenous

populations because it does not affect the applicable ozone NAAOS which establish the level of protection provided to human health or the environment. This rule will relax the applicable volatility standard of gasoline during the summer, possibly resulting in slightly higher mobile source emissions. However, the state of North Carolina has demonstrated in its non-interference demonstration that this action will not interfere with maintenance of the ozone NAAOS in the Charlotte-Gastonia-Salisbury, North Carolina 2008 ozone area, or with any other applicable requirement of the CAA. Mecklenburg and Gaston counties are part of the Charlotte-Gastonia-Salisbury, North Carolina 2008 ozone area. Therefore, disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority or low-income populations are not an anticipated result. The results of this evaluation are contained in Section V. of this direct final rule. A copy of North Carolina's March 11, 2015 letter requesting that the EPA relax the gasoline RVP standard, including the technical analysis demonstrating that the less stringent gasoline RVP in the Mecklenburg and Gaston counties would not interfere with continued maintenance of the 2008 ozone NAAQS in the Charlotte-Gastonia-Salisbury, North Carolina ozone area, or with any other applicable CAA requirement, has been placed in the public docket for this action.

K. Congressional Review Act (CRA)

This action is subject to the CRA, and the EPA will submit a rule report to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

L. Petitions for Judicial Review

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by September 16, 2015. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this direct final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. Parties with objections to this direct final rule are encouraged to file a comment in response to the parallel document of proposed rulemaking for this action published in the Proposed Rules section of this Federal Register, rather than file an immediate petition

for judicial review of this direct final rule, so that the EPA can withdraw this direct final rule and address the comment in the proposed rulemaking. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. See CAA section 307(b)(2).

VIII. Legal Authority and Statutory Provisions

The statutory authority for this action is granted to the EPA by Sections 211(h) and 301(a) of the Clean Air Act, as amended; 42 U.S.C. 7545(h) and 7601(a).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 80

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedures, Air pollution control, Fuel additives, Gasoline, Motor vehicle and motor vehicle engines, Motor vehicle pollution, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: August 5, 2015.

Gina McCarthy,

Administrator.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Environmental Protection Agency is amending 40 CFR part 80 as follows:

PART 80—REGULATION OF FUELS AND FUEL ADDITIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 80 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7414, 7521, 7542, 7545, and 7601(a).

■ 2. In § 80.27(a)(2)(ii), the table is amended by:

■ a. Removing the entry for North Carolina and footnotes 6 and 7;

■ b. Redesignating footnote 8 as footnote 6;

■ c. Adding a new entry in alphabetical order for North Carolina and a new footnote 7.

The additions read as follows:

§80.27 Controls and prohibitions on gasoline volatility.

(a) * * * (2) * * *

(ii) * * *

APPLICABLE STANDARDS¹ 1992 AND SUBSEQUENT YEARS

	State		Мау	June	July	August	September
*	*	*	*	*		*	*
North Carolina 7			9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
*	*	*	*	*		*	*

¹ Standards are expressed in pounds per square inch (psi).

⁷The standard for Mecklenburg and Gaston Counties from June 1 until September 15 in 1992 through October 16, 2015 was 7.8 psi.

[FR Doc. 2015–20243 Filed 8–14–15; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 180

[EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0017; FRL-9930-16]

Lavandulyl Senecioate; Exemption From the Requirement of a Tolerance

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This regulation establishes an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of the arthropod pheromone, lavandulyl senecioate, in or on all raw agricultural commodities when applied or used in microbeads/ dispensers at a rate not to exceed 150 grams active ingredient/acre/year in accordance with good agricultural practices. Suterra, LLC submitted a petition to EPA under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), requesting an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. This regulation eliminates the need to establish a maximum permissible level for residues of lavandulyl senecioate.

DATES: This regulation is effective August 17, 2015. Objections and requests for hearings must be received on or before October 16, 2015, and must be filed in accordance with the instructions provided in 40 CFR part 178 (see also Unit I.C. of the

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION).

ADDRESSES: The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPP-2015-0017, is available at http://www.regulations.gov or at the Office of Pesticide Programs Regulatory Public Docket (OPP Docket) in the Environmental Protection Agency Docket Center (EPA/DC), West William Jefferson Clinton Bldg., Rm. 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460–0001. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566-1744, and the telephone number for the OPP Docket is (703) 305–5805. Please review the visitor instructions and additional information about the docket available at http://www.epa.gov/dockets.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert McNally, Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511P), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460–0001; main telephone number: (703) 305–7090; email address: *BPPDFRNotices@epa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, or pesticide manufacturer. The following list of North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide to help readers determine whether this document applies to them. Potentially affected entities may include:

Crop production (NAICS code 111).
Animal production (NAICS code 112).

• Food manufacturing (NAICS code 311).

• Pesticide manufacturing (NAICS code 32532).

B. How can I get electronic access to other related information?

You may access a frequently updated electronic version of 40 CFR part 180 through the Government Printing Office's e-CFR site at *http://* that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. The EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal **Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the Federal Register. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by November 12, 2019. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile Organic Compounds. Dated: September 4, 2019. **Gregory Sopkin**, *Regional Administrator, Region 8.* 40 CFR part 52 is amended as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority for citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

Subpart QQ—South Dakota

■ 2. In § 52.2170, paragraph (c) is amended by revising the table entries for "74:36:01:01" and "74:36:09:02" to read as follows:

§ 52.2170 Identification of plan.

*

* *

(c) * * *

Rule No.	Rule title	State effective date	EPA effective date	Final rule citation, date	Comments
* 4:36:01:01	* * Definitions	10/15/2015	* 10/11/2019	* * 9/11/2019, [insert Federal R e ister citation].	* eg-
* 4:36:09:02	* * Prevention of Significant Deterio- ration.	10/15/2015	* 10/11/2019	* * 9/11/2019, [insert Federal R e ister citation].	* eg-
*	* *		*	* *	*

* * * * *

[FR Doc. 2019–19571 Filed 9–10–19; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R04-OAR-2018-0598; FRL-9999-55-Region 4]

Air Plan Approval; NC: Revision to I/M Program & Update to Charlotte Maintenance Plan for the 2008 8-Hour Ozone NAAQS

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is taking final action to approve a State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision submitted by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality, Division of Air Quality (DAQ), on July 25, 2018, which revises the model year coverage for vehicles in the 22 counties subject to North Carolina's

expanded inspection and maintenance (I/M) program. The SIP revision also includes a demonstration that the requested revision to the vehicle model vear coverage will not interfere with attainment or maintenance of any national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) or with any other applicable requirements of the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act). In addition, North Carolina's July 25, 2018, SIP revision updates the State's maintenance plan and associated motor vehicle emissions budgets (MVEBs) used in transportation conformity for the North Carolina portion of the Charlotte-Rock Hill, NC-SC 2008 8-hour ozone nonattainment area (hereafter also referred to as the "Area" or the "Charlotte Area") to reflect the change in vehicle model year coverage for the I/M program. EPA has determined that North Carolina's July 25, 2018, SIP revision will not interfere with and is consistent with the applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act).

DATES: This rule will be effective October 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket Identification No. EPA-R04-OAR-2018-0598. All documents in the docket are listed on the www.regulations.gov website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, *i.e.*, Confidential Business Information or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically through www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the Air Regulatory Management Section, Air Planning and Implementation Branch, Air and Radiation Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303–8960. EPA requests that if possible, you contact the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION **CONTACT** section to schedule your inspection. The Regional Office's official hours of business are Monday

through Friday 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., excluding Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kelly Sheckler, Air Regulatory Management Section, Air Planning and Implementation Branch, Air and Radiation Division, Region 4, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 61 Forsyth Street SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303–8960. The telephone number is (404) 562–9992. Ms. Sheckler can also be reached via electronic mail at sheckler.kelly@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

In response to a North Carolina legislative act signed by the Governor on May 4, 2017, which changed the State's I/M requirements for the 22 counties subject to the State's expanded I/M program,¹ DAQ provided a SIP revision through a letter dated July 25, 2018,² seeking to have several of these changes incorporated into the North Carolina SIP. Primarily, North Carolina's July 25, 2018, SIP revision makes substantive changes to the applicability section of North Carolina's SIP-approved expanded I/M program found within 15A North Carolina Administrative Code (NCAC) 02D .1000 Motor Vehicle Emission Control Standard.³ Specifically, the July 25, 2018, SIP revision modifies Section .1002 Applicability, by changing, for applicability purposes, the vehicle model year coverage for the 22 counties subject to the expanded I/M program from a specific year-based timeframe for coverage (i.e., beginning in 1996) to a rolling 20-year timeframe for coverage.⁴

 $^{2}\,\mathrm{EPA}$ received North Carolina's SIP submittal on July 31, 2018.

³ In the table of North Carolina regulations federally-approved into the SIP at 40 CFR 52.1770(c), 15A NCAC 02D is referred to as "Subchapter 2D Air Pollution Control Requirements."

⁴ By its terms, Section .1002(d) makes the 22 counties identified in North Carolina General Statute 143–215.107A subject to the I/M program's emission control standards. These same 22 counites are the counties currently subject to North Carolina's SIP-approved I/M program which was expanded from 9 counties to 48 counties in 2002 (and is referred to as the "expanded" I/M program). More precisely, the revision being approved changes the applicability of the expanded I/M program to: (i) A vehicle with a model year within 20 years of the current year and older than the three most recent model years; or (ii) a vehicle with a model year within 20 years of the current year and has 70,000 miles or more on its odometer. Previously, the program applied to: (i) A 1996 or later model year vehicle and older than the three most recent model vears; or (ii) a 1996 or later model year vehicle and has 70,000 miles or more on its odometer. It is estimated that this change will result in a small increase (less than one percent) in nitrogen oxides (NOx) and volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions. Additionally, the July 25, 2018, SIP revision makes formatting or other minor clarifying changes to several related SIP-approved I/M sections: .1001 Purpose, .1003 Definitions, and .1005 On-Board Diagnostic Standards.⁵

In addition, North Carolina's SIP revision evaluates the impact that the change to the vehicle model year coverage for the 22 counties would have on the State's ability to attain and maintain the NAAQS. The SIP revision contains a technical demonstration with revised emissions calculations showing that the change to Section .1002 for vehicle model year coverage for the expanded I/M program in the 22 counties will not interfere with North Carolina's attainment or maintenance of any NAAQS or with any other applicable requirement of the CAA. Based on this demonstration, EPA is taking final action to find that North Carolina's revised emissions calculations demonstrate that the change to the expanded I/M program for the 22 counties meets the requirements of CAA section 110(l) and will not interfere with State's ability to attain or maintain any NAAQS. In addition, EPA is taking final action to find that North Carolina's July 25, 2018, SIP revision to change the vehicle model year coverage for the 22 counties subject to the expanded I/M program contained in its SIP (which results in a small increase in

⁵ As noted in the notice of proposed rulemaking, North Carolina did not request EPA to act—and EPA is not acting—on sections .1006 and .1008. NOx emissions and consequentially a small decrease in the amount of emissions reduction credits generated and available for use in the State's NO_X emissions budget) will not interfere with the State's obligations under the NOx SIP Call to meet its Statewide NO_X emissions budget. With regard to the related expanded I/M program provisions at Sections .1001, .1002, and .1003, EPA is taking final action to approve the changes to those Sections, which are formatting or clarifying in nature, do not alter the meaning of the Sections, and are thus approvable.

Finally, for 7 of the 22 counties in North Carolina's expanded I/M program, I/M emissions from those counties have been relied on by North Carolina for maintenance of the ozone NAAQS for the Charlotte Area, and the MVEBs with respect to the Area for transportation conformity purposes. Through the July 25, 2018, SIP revision (the subject of this rulemaking), North Carolina provided a maintenance demonstration for the Area that takes into account the small increase in NO_X and VOC emissions estimated to result from the change to the vehicle model year coverage for the expanded I/M program for these counties. EPA is taking final action to approve the updated emissions for the 2008 8-hour ozone maintenance plan for the North Carolina portion of the Charlotte Area because it demonstrates that the projected emissions inventories for 2026 (the final year of the maintenance plan), 10 years beyond the re-designation year, as well as the interim years, are all less than the base year emissions inventory. Further, EPA is approving the updated sub-area MVEBs for the Charlotte Area because EPA has determined that the Area maintains the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAOS with the emissions at the levels of the budgets, and that the budgets meet the adequacy criteria (see 40 CFR 93.118(e)(4)) because they are consistent with maintenance of the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS through 2026.6

In a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) published on May 20, 2019 (84 FR 22774), EPA proposed approval of the North Carolina July 25, 2018, SIP revision to amend the I/M program for North Carolina, in addition to other associated changes as described above and in the NPRM. The details of North Carolina's submission and the rationale for EPA's actions are explained in the NPRM. EPA received one significant, adverse comment on the proposed

¹Under provisions of the State legislation, Session Law 2017–10, Senate Bill 131, the changes to North Carolina's I/M requirements for the 22 counties is not effective until the later of the following dates: October 1, 2017, or the first day of a month that is 60 days after the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Quality certifies that EPA has approved the SIP revision. The 22 counties are: Alamance, Buncombe, Cabarrus, Cumberland, Davidson, Durham, Forsyth, Franklin, Gaston, Guilford, Iredell, Johnston, Lee, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, New Hanover, Onslow, Randolph, Rockingham, Rowan, Union and Wake. See clarification letter dated August 31, 2018, from North Carolina in the docket for the proposed rulemaking.

See 83 FR 48383 (September 25, 2018) (removing 26 of the 48 counties from North Carolina's SIPapproved expanded I/M program and leaving the 22 counties identified in footnote 1 above as remaining). In addition, changes to Section .1002 also include language making the effective date of the change to the vehicle model year coverage correspond to the effective date set out in North Carolina Session Law 2017–10 referred to in footnote 1 above (*i.e.*, on the first day of the month that is 60 days after EPA approves the change into the SIP).

⁶ Once the sub-area MVEBs for the North Carolina portion of the Charlotte Area are approved or found adequate (whichever is completed first), they must be used for future conformity determinations.

action during the comment period for this action and offers a response below.

II. Response to Comments

Comment: The Commenter claims EPA must disapprove the changes to North Carolina I/M SIP because the Commenter explains that North Carolina failed to do performance standard modeling as the Commenter asserts is required by EPA's February 2014 guidance document titled "Performance Standard Modeling for New and Existing Vehicle Inspection and Maintenance (I/M) Programs Using the MOVES Mobile Source Emissions Model" (hereafter referred to as the February 2014 Guidance Document), available in the docket for this action. In the Commenter's opinion EPA must require states to do performance standard modeling when states revise their I/M programs to ensure the programs meet EPA's baseline requirements contained in 40 CFR part 51.

Response: The February 2014 Guidance Document provides clarification of 40 CFR part 51, subpart S, regarding how to quantify I/M emission reductions for planning purposes using the MOVES generation of mobile source emission factor models. The February 2014 Guidance Document clarifies that maintenance areas do not need to include I/M performance standard modeling as part of an I/M SIP revision. Specifically, the February 2014 Guidance Document includes the following question and response: "4.0 Can an I/M Program be Changed Without Doing Performance Standard Modeling? States can change their I/M programs without doing performance standard modeling if the I/ M program area in question has been redesignated to attainment for the pollutant(s) that originally triggered the I/M requirement and the I/M program is being continued as part of the area's maintenance plan. In this case, the state must simply demonstrate that the revisions to the I/M program will not interfere with the area's ability to attain or maintain any NAAQS, or with any other applicable CAA requirement." As discussed in the May 20, 2019 (84 FR 22774) NPRM, North Carolina's I/M program for nine counties was required due to nonattainment areas for the 1979 1-hour ozone NAAQS,7 and North Carolina is currently in attainment statewide for all the ozone NAAQS.⁸ As

further discussed in the NPRM, the program was expanded to additional counties related to the NO_X SIP Call, however the State was not required to adopt the I/M requirements for the NO_X SIP Call. Therefore, the option to change the I/M program without performance standard modeling under 40 CFR part 51, subpart S, was available to North Carolina if the State could demonstrate continued attainment. North Carolina provided a non-interference section 110(l) demonstration, as well as an update for modeling for the Charlotte Area maintenance plan including MVEBs that demonstrate the Area will continue to maintain the standard for the duration of the plan. In addition, EPA analyzed the effects on the NO_X SIP call and found that the change will not interfere with the State's obligations under the NO_x SIP Call. A detailed analysis of this modeling and demonstration of continued attainment is provided in the May 20, 2019 (84 FR 22774) NPRM.

III. Incorporation by Reference

In this document, EPA is finalizing regulatory text that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with the requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, EPA is finalizing the incorporation by reference the following air quality rules in Subchapter 2D Air Pollution Control Requirements, Section .1001 Purpose, Section .1002 Applicability, Section .1003 Definitions, and Section .1005 On-Board Diagnostic Standards, effective July 1, 2018, which makes changes that are formatting or clarifying in nature and modify the vehicle model vear coverage requirements for the 22 counties in

North Carolina's expanded I/M program. EPA has made, and will continue to make, these materials generally available through www.regulations.gov and/or at the EPA Region 4 office (please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section of this preamble for more information). Therefore, these materials have been approved by EPA for inclusion in the State implementation plan, have been incorporated by reference by EPA into that plan, are fully federally enforceable under sections 110 and 113 of the CAA as of the effective date of the final rulemaking of EPA's approval, and will be incorporated by reference in the next update to the SIP compilation.9

IV. Final Action

EPA is taking final action to approve North Carolina's July 25, 2018, SIP revision. Specifically, EPA is approving the formatting and clarifying changes to Subchapter 2D, Sections .1001, .1003 and .1005. EPA is also finalizing approval of changes to Section .1002 relating to the vehicle model year coverage for the 22 counties in North Carolina's expanded I/M program (Alamance, Buncombe, Cabarrus, Cumberland, Davidson, Durham, Forsyth, Franklin, Gaston, Guilford, Iredell, Johnston, Lee, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, New Hanover, Onslow, Randolph, Rockingham, Rowan, Union and Wake). Additionally, EPA finds that the changes to the vehicle model year coverage for the 22 counties in North Carolina's expanded I/M program will not interfere with the State's obligations under the NOx SIP Call to meet its Statewide NOx emissions budget and will not interfere with continued attainment or maintenance of any applicable NAAQS or with any other applicable requirement of the CAA, and that North Carolina has satisfied the requirements of section 110(l) of the CAA. Finally, EPA is approving the updated emissions for the 2008 8-hour ozone maintenance plan, including the updated MVEBs, for the Charlotte Area.

V. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. *See* 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, if they meet the criteria of the CAA. These actions merely approve state law as meeting Federal requirements and do

⁷ See 60 FR 28720 (June 2, 1995).

⁸ The Charlotte Area was redesignated to attainment for the 1-hour ozone standard on July 5, 1995 (60 FR 34859); redesignated to attainment for the 1997 8-hour ozone standard on December 2, 2013 (78 FR 72036); and was designated to

attainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone standard on July 28, 2015 (80 FR 44873). In addition, on December 26, 2007, EPA approved the Redesignation to attainment of the Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill Area (comprised of a portion of Chatham County, and the entire counties of Durham, Franklin, Granville, Johnston, Orange, Person, and Wake) for the 1997 8-hour ozone standard. See 72 FR 72948. This approval included approval of a 10-year maintenance plan which demonstrated that the Area would maintain the standard through the year 2017. The Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill Årea has continued to maintain the 1997 8-hour ozone standard and subsequently was designated as unclassifiable/ attainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone standard on May 21, 2012 (77 FR 30088. Further, counties in the Raleigh Area and Greensboro Area were redesignated to attainment for the 1-hour ozone standard on April 18, 1994 (59 FR 18300) and on September 9, 1993 (58 FR 47391), respectively With regard to the 1997 8-hour ozone standard, the Great Smoky National Park Area was redesignated to attainment on December 7, 2009 (74 FR 63995), and the Rocky Mount Area was redesignated to attainment on November 6, 2006 (71 FR 64891). Recently, on November 6, 2017 (82 FR 54232), EPA designated the entire state of North Carolina attainment/unclassifiable for the 2015 8-hour ozone NAAOS.

⁹ See 62 FR 27968 (May 22, 1997).

not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, these actions:

• Are not significant regulatory actions subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);

• Are not Executive Order 13771 (82 FR 9339, February 2, 2017) regulatory actions because SIP approvals are exempted under Executive Order 12866;

• Do not impose information collection burdens under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);

• Are certified as not having significant economic impacts on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);

• Do not contain any unfunded mandates or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);

• Do not have federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);

• Are not economically significant regulatory actions based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);

• Are not significant regulatory actions subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);

• Are not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and

• Do not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

The SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, these rules do not have tribal implications as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000), nor will they impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law.

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small **Business Regulatory Enforcement** Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing these actions and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal **Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the Federal Register. These actions are not "major rules" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of these actions must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by November 12, 2019. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of these final rules does not affect the finality of these actions for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. These actions may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce their requirements. *See* section 307(b)(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur dioxide, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: August 28, 2019.

Mary S. Walker,

Regional Administrator, Region 4.

40 CFR part 52 is amended as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42.U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

Subpart II—North Carolina

■ 2. Section 52.1770 is amended:

■ a. In paragraph (c), in Table (1), under "Subchapter 2D Air Pollution Control" by revising the heading for "Section .1000" and the entries for "Section .1001", "Section 1002", "Section .1003", and "Section .1005"; and

■ b. In paragraph (e), by adding an entry for "2008 8-hour Ozone Maintenance Plan for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area" at the end of the table.

The revisions read as follows:

§52.1770 Identification of plan.

(C) * * * * *

(1) EPA APPROVED NORTH CAROLINA REGULATIONS

State citation	Title/subject	State effective date	EPA appro	oval date	Explanation
	Subchapter 2	Air Pollution Control	Requirements		
*	* *	*	*	*	*
	Section .1000 Mc	tor Vehicle Emission (Control Standard		
Section .1001	Purpose	7/1/2018	9/11/2019, [Insert lication].	citation of pub-	
Section .1002	Applicability	7/1/2018	9/11/2019, [Insert lication].	citation of pub-	
Section .1003	Definitions	7/1/2018	9/11/2019, [Insert lication].	citation of pub-	
Section .1005	On-Board Diagnostic Standards	7/1/2018	9/11/2019, [Insert lication].	citation of pub-	
*	* *	*	*	*	*
* * * *	* (e) * *	*			
	EPA-APPROVED NORTH	I CAROLINA NON-RE	GULATORY PROV	ISIONS	
Provision	State effective da	te EPA approval da	te Federal Re	egister citation	Explanation
*	* *	*	*	*	*
2008 8-hour ozone Ma	intenance Plan 7/25/2018	9/11/2019	[Insert citation	n of publication].	

for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area.

[FR Doc. 2019–19574 Filed 9–10–19; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R08-OAR-2019-0180; FRL-9999-15-Region 8]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; Utah; Interstate Transport Requirements for Nitrogen Dioxide, Sulfur Dioxide, and Fine Particulate Matter

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is approving five State Implementation Plan (SIP) submissions from the State of Utah regarding certain interstate transport requirements of the Clean Air Act (CAA or "Act"). These submissions respond to the EPA's promulgation of the 2010 nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS), the 2010 sulfur dioxide (SO₂) NAAQS, and the 2012 fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) NAAQS. The submissions address the requirement that each SIP contain adequate provisions prohibiting air emissions that will significantly contribute to nonattainment or interfere with maintenance of these NAAQS in any other state. The EPA is taking this action pursuant to section 110 of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

DATES: This rule is effective on October 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-R08-OAR-2019-0180. All documents in the docket are listed on the http://www.regulations.gov website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available through http:// www.regulations.gov, or please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER **INFORMATION CONTACT** section for additional availability information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Adam Clark, Air and Radiation Division, EPA, Region 8, Mailcode 8ARD–IO, 1595 Wynkoop Street, Denver, Colorado, 80202–1129, (303) 312–7104, clark.adam@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document "we," "us," and "our" means the EPA.

I. Background

The background for this action is discussed in detail in our June 20, 2019 proposed rulemaking (84 FR 28776). In that document we proposed to approve the CAA section 110(a)(2)(D)(i)(I) portion of Utah's January 31, 2013, June 2, 2013, December 22, 2015 and two May 8, 2018 infrastructure submissions based on our determination that emissions from Utah will not significantly contribute to nonattainment, or interfere with maintenance, of the 2010 NO₂, 2010 SO₂, and 2012 PM_{2.5} NAAQS in any other state.

We received one anonymous comment letter on our proposal. Our responses to this comment letter are provided below.

II. Response to Comments

Comment: The commenter stated that the EPA should review all sources of SO_2 in Utah located within 50 km of another state's border, rather than focus our analysis on sources in this area emitting greater than 100 tons per year (tpy) of SO_2 . The commenter stated that "the EPA does not appear to support the Government-Furnished Headstones, Markers, and Medallions; Unmarked Graves to fix technical errors and dropped amendments, published on August 6, 2021, in the **Federal Register** at 86 FR 43091.

In FR Rule Doc. No. 2021–16660, beginning on page 43091 in the August 6, 2021 issue, make the following corrections.

Corrections

■ 1. On page 43092 in the regulatory framework chart, in the column titled "Location of applicable provisions in the final regulation," line 3, remove "§ 38.600(a)(1)–(a)(9)" and add "38.600(a)" in its place.

§38.600 [Corrected]

2. On page 43098, column 1, line 10, in § 38.600(b), remove "paragraphs (a)(1) through (9)" and add "paragraph (a)" in its place.

§38.630 [Corrected]

■ 3. On page 43100, column 1, line 16, in § 38.630(c)(1)(ii), remove ''§ 38.600(a)(8)" and add § 38.600(a)" in its place.

Dated: August 20, 2021

Jeffrey M. Martin,

Assistant Director, Office of Regulation Policy & Management, Office of the Secretary, Department of Veterans Affairs. [FR Doc. 2021–18285 Filed 8–24–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8320-01-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R04-OAR-2020-0515; FRL-8852-02-R4]

Air Plan Approval; North Carolina; Revision to Approved Motor Vehicle Emissions Budgets

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is approving a revision to the North Carolina State Implementation Plan (SIP), submitted on July 16, 2020, by the State of North Carolina, through the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Air Quality (NCDAQ) for the purpose of allocating a portion of the available 2026 safety margin in the 2008 8-hour Ozone Maintenance Plan to the 2026 nitrogen oxides (NO_X) and volatile organic compounds (VOC) motor vehicle emissions budgets ("MVEBs" or

"budgets") for the North Carolina portion of the Charlotte-Rock Hill, NC-SC bi-state Area (hereinafter referred to as the "North Carolina portion of the Charlotte Maintenance Area'') to account for uncertainty associated with the mobile emissions model and unanticipated growth in vehicle miles traveled for the North Carolina portion of the Charlotte Maintenance Area. The revision also updates the 2026 MVEBs which are used for transportation conformity. NCDAQ's July 16, 2020, submission supplements the revised 2008 8-hour Ozone Maintenance Plan submitted by NCDAQ on July 25, 2018, and approved by EPA on September 11, 2019. EPA is approving North Carolina's July 16, 2020, supplemental SIP revision pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act) and deeming the MVEBs adequate for transportation conformity purposes because the SIP meets all the statutory and regulatory requirements.

DATES: This rule is effective September 24, 2021.

ADDRESSES: EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket Identification No. EPA-R04-OAR-2020-0515. All documents in the docket are listed on the www.regulations.gov website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, *i.e.*, Confidential Business Information or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically through www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the Air Regulatory Management Section, Air Planning and Implementation Branch, Air and Radiation Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8960. EPA requests that if at all possible, you contact the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION **CONTACT** section to schedule your inspection. The Regional Office's official hours of business are Monday through Friday 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., excluding Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dianna Myers, Air Regulatory Management Section, Air Planning and Implementation Branch, Air and Radiation Division, Region 4, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 61 Forsyth Street SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303–8960. The telephone number is (404) 562–9207. Ms. Dianna Myers can also be reached via electronic mail at *Myers.Dianna@epa.gov.* SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. This Action

EPA is approving NCDAQ's July 16, 2020, SIP revision allocating a portion of the available safety margin to revise the 2026 NO_X and VOC budgets for the North Carolina portion of Charlotte 2008 8-hour Ozone Maintenance Area for transportation conformity purposes. NCDAQ requested approval of the July 16, 2020, SIP revision in order to account for unanticipated changes in the travel demand model, such as unanticipated growth in vehicle miles traveled, changes and uncertainty in vehicle mix assumptions, and uncertainty associated with mobile emissions modeling.

Upon approval, the revised 2026 budgets from NCDAQ's July 16, 2020, SIP revision will replace the existing budgets in the State's 2008 8-hour Ozone Maintenance Plan revision approved on September 11, 2019. See 84 FR 47889. These newly revised NO_X and VOC 2026 budgets must be used in future transportation conformity analyses for the Area according to the transportation conformity rule. See 40 CFR 93.118. Also, all emissions inventories (on-road, point, area, and nonroad) from NCDAQ's September 11, 2019, SIP revision remain the same. This action only approves the allocation of a portion of the available safety margin to the 2026 NO_X and VOC MVEBs. EPA is approving North Carolina's July 16, 2020, SIP revision because it continues to demonstrate maintenance for the Charlotte Maintenance Area.

II. Background

Effective July 20, 2012, EPA designated the Charlotte-Rock Hill, NC-SC Area as Marginal nonattainment for the 2008 8-hour ozone national ambient air quality standard (hereinafter referred to as NAAOS or standard). The North Carolina portion of the Charlotte 2008 Maintenance Area includes Mecklenburg in its entirety and portions of Cabarrus, Gaston, Iredell, Lincoln, Rowan, and Union counties. The Charlotte Maintenance Area also includes a portion of York County located in Rock Hill, South Carolina. See 77 FR 30088. The North Carolina portion of the Charlotte Maintenance Area is comprised of three metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs): The Charlotte Regional Transportation Planning Organization (CRTPO) which covers Iredell, Mecklenburg, and Union counties; the Cabarrus-Rowan Metropolitan Planning Organization (CRMPO) which covers Cabarrus and Rowan counties; and the Gaston-Cleveland-Lincoln Metropolitan

Planning Organization (GCLMPO) which covers Gaston, Cleveland, and Lincoln counties. Although Cleveland County is included in the GCLMPO planning boundary, it was not included in the North Carolina portion of the Charlotte Maintenance Area. Each MPO has its own budget referred to as a "subarea budget or sub-area MVEBs." The York County, South Carolina portion of this maintenance area has a separate MPO and budgets. The South Carolina portion of the maintenance area implements transportation conformity independent of the North Carolina portion.

EPA originally approved NCDAQ's 2008 8-hour ozone redesignation request and maintenance SIP for the North Carolina portion of the Charlotte Maintenance Area on July 28, 2015 (80 FR 44873), with base year NO_X and VOC actual emissions inventories for 2014; projected, future, interim year inventories for 2015, 2018, and 2022; and projected final year emission

inventory for 2026. On August 17, 2015 (80 FR 49164), EPA approved North Carolina's section 110(l) noninterference demonstration requesting relaxation of the Federal Reid Vapor Pressure from 7.8 pounds per square inch (psi) to 9.0 psi and a revision to the 2026 NO_X and VOC sub-area MVEBs for Mecklenburg and Gaston Counties only. *See* 80 FR 44868.

On September 11, 2019 (84 FR 47889), EPA approved NCDAQ's July 25, 2018, SIP revision related to North Carolina's I/M Program. The September 11, 2019, SIP approval updated the on-road mobile source inventory and revised the 2026 sub-area VOC and NO_X budgets; these remain the current SIP-approved MVEBs and inventories. The revised 2026 MVEBs became effective on October 11, 2019.

EPA's analysis of North Carolina's July 16, 2020, SIP submittal indicates that maintenance will continue to be demonstrated for the Charlotte Maintenance Area after allocation of a portion of the safety margin to the 2026 MVEBs because the total level of emissions from all source categories remains equal to or less than the attainment level of emissions.

In a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM), published in the **Federal Register** on June 23, 2021 (86 FR 32850), EPA proposed to approve the July 16, 2020, SIP revision. The details of North Carolina's submittal and the rationale for EPA's action are further explained in the NPRM. Comments on the June 23, 2021, NPRM were due on or before July 23, 2021. EPA did not receive any comments.

Tables 1 through 3, below, provide the newly revised 2026 NO_X and VOC sub-area MVEBs with the new safety margin ¹ allocations in kilograms per day (kg/day) for transportation conformity purposes (2014 is only shown for illustration because no changes are being made to the MVEBs for that year).

TABLE 1—CABARRUS ROWAN METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION (CRMPO) MVEBS IN 2014 AND 2026

[[]kg/day]*

	2014 NO _X	2014 VOC	2026 NO _X	2026 VOC
Base On-road Emissions Safety margin allocated to MVEB	11,814	7,173	3,381 1,522	3,371 1.517
Conformity MVEB	11,814		4,903	4,888

* Includes the portion of Cabarrus and Rowan Counties in the maintenance area.

TABLE 2—GASTON-CLEVELAND-LINCOLN METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION (GCLMPO) MVEBS IN 2014 AND 2026

[kg/day]*

	2014 NO _X	2014 VOC	2026 NO _X	2026 VOC
Base On-road Emissions Safety margin allocated to MVEB	10,079	5,916	2,681 1,087	2,468 1,004
Conformity MVEB	10,079	5,916	3,768	3,472

* Includes the portion of Gaston and Lincoln counties in the maintenance area. Although Cleveland County is included in the MPO, it is not included in the Charlotte ozone maintenance area.

TABLE 3—CHARLOTTE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ORGANIZATION (CRTPO)—ROCKY RIVER RURAL PLANNING ORGANIZATION (RRRPO) MVEBs in 2014 and 2026

[kg/day]*

	2014 NO _X	2014 VOC	2026 NO _X	2026 VOC
Base On-road Emissions Safety margin allocated to MVEB	32,679	18,038	8,870 3,371	8,655 3,288
Conformity MVEB	32,679	18,038	12,241	11,943

* Includes all of Mecklenburg County and a portion of Iredell and Union Counties in the maintenance area.

The remaining safety margin after the allocation to the 2026 MVEBs is 63.31 tons per day (tons/day) and 13.73 tons/

day for NO_X and VOC, respectively is provided below in Table 4.

¹A safety margin is the difference between the attainment level of emissions from all source

categories (i.e., point, area, on-road, and nonroad)

TABLE 4—NEW SAFETY MARGINS FOR	R THE NORTH CAROLINA PORTION OF	THE CHARLOTTE MAINTENANCE AREA
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Year	NO _X (tons/day)	VOC (tons/day)
2014 2015	N/A - 5.99	N/A - 2.03
2018 2022 2026	-45.49 -63.74	- 13.30 - 15.84 - 10.73
2026	-63.31	- 10.73

III. Final Action

EPA has evaluated North Carolina's submittal and has determined that it meets the applicable requirements of the CAA and EPA regulations, and is consistent with EPA policy.

Therefore, EPA is approving NCDAQ's July 16, 2020 SIP revision requesting to revise the Charlotte 2008 8-hr Ozone Maintenance Plan in order to allocate a portion of the available safety margin to the 2026 NO_X and VOC MVEBs. The revised MVEBs ensure continued attainment of the 2008 8-hour ozone NAAQS through the maintenance year 2026. In addition, EPA is deeming the MVEBs adequate for transportation conformity purposes because the budgets meet the adequacy criteria in the conformity rule at 40 CFR 93.118(e)(4). Within 24 months from the effective date of this approval, the transportation partners are required to demonstrate conformity to the revised NO_X and VOC MVEBs pursuant to 40 CFR 93.104(e).

IV. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. *See* 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided they meet the criteria of the CAA. This action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

• Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);

• Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);

• Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);

• Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);

• Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);

• Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);

• Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);

• Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and

• Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994). The SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000), nor will it impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law.

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small **Business Regulatory Enforcement** Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it

is published in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by October 25, 2021. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. See section 307(b)(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: August 18, 2021.

John Blevins,

Acting Regional Administrator, Region 4.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, EPA amends 40 CFR part 52 as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

Subpart II—North Carolina

■ 2. In section 52.1770 in paragraph (e) amend the table by adding a new entry for "MVEB Revision to the 2008 8-hour ozone Maintenance Plan for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area" at the end of the table to read as follows:

§ 52.1770 Identification of plan.

(e) * * *

EPA-APPROVED NORTH CAROLINA NON-REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Provision			State effective date	EPA approval date	Federal Register citation	Explanation
*	*	*	*	*	*	*
MVEB Revision to the 2008 8-hour ozone Maintenance Plan for the North Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area.			7/16/2020	8/25/2021	[Insert citation of publication]	

[FR Doc. 2021–18247 Filed 8–24–21; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R05-OAR-2020-0602; FRL-8833-02-R5]

Air Plan Approval; Ohio; Ohio Permit Fee Rule Removal

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is approving under the Clean Air Act (CAA), a revision to Ohio's State Implementation Plan (SIP), submitted by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) on November 12, 2020, and supplemented on February 11, 2021. OEPA requested to remove the Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Permit Fees rule provisions from the Ohio SIP because they no longer exist at the state level and have been superseded by the fee system in Ohio's Title V permitting program and the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). OEPA rescinded the permit fee rules at the state level in 2003. EPA proposed to approve this action on April 13, 2021, and received no comments.

DATES: This final rule is effective on September 24, 2021.

ADDRESSES: EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-R05-OAR-2020-0602. All documents in the docket are listed on the *www.regulations.gov* website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, i.e., Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either through www.regulations.gov or at the Environmental Protection Agency,

Region 5, Air and Radiation Division, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604. This facility is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Federal holidays and facility closures due to COVID–19. We recommend that you telephone Richard Angelbeck, Environmental Scientist, at (312) 886–9698 before visiting the Region 5 office.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Richard Angelbeck, Environmental Scientist, Air Permits Section, Air Programs Branch (AR–18J), Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604, (312) 886–9698, angelbeck.richard@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document whenever "we," "us," or "our" is used, we mean EPA.

I. Background Information

On April 13, 2021, EPA proposed to approve the removal of all OAC Chapter 3745–45 provisions from the Ohio SIP (86 FR 19174). An explanation of the CAA requirements, a detailed analysis of the revisions, and EPA's reasons for proposing approval were provided in the notice of proposed rulemaking, and will not be restated here. The public comment period for this proposed rule ended on May 13, 2021. EPA received no comments on the proposal. Therefore, we are finalizing our action as proposed.

II. Final Action

EPA is approving the removal of Ohio's OAC Chapter 3745–45 Permit Fee rule from the Ohio SIP. Removing OAC Chapter 3745–45 from the Ohio SIP is consistent with Federal regulations governing state permitting programs and would not interfere with reasonable further progress or attainment of any national ambient air quality standards.

III. Incorporation by Reference

In this rule, EPA is amending regulatory text that includes incorporation by reference. As described in the amendments to 40 CFR part 52 set forth below, EPA is removing provisions of the EPA-Approved Ohio Regulations from the Ohio SIP, which is incorporated by reference in accordance with the requirements of 1 CFR part 51. EPA has made, and will continue to make the SIP generally available through *www.regulations.gov* and at the EPA Region 5 Office (please contact the person identified in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this preamble for more information).

IV. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews.

Under the CAA the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the CAA and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

• Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);

• Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);

• Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);

• Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);

• Does not have federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);

• Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);